

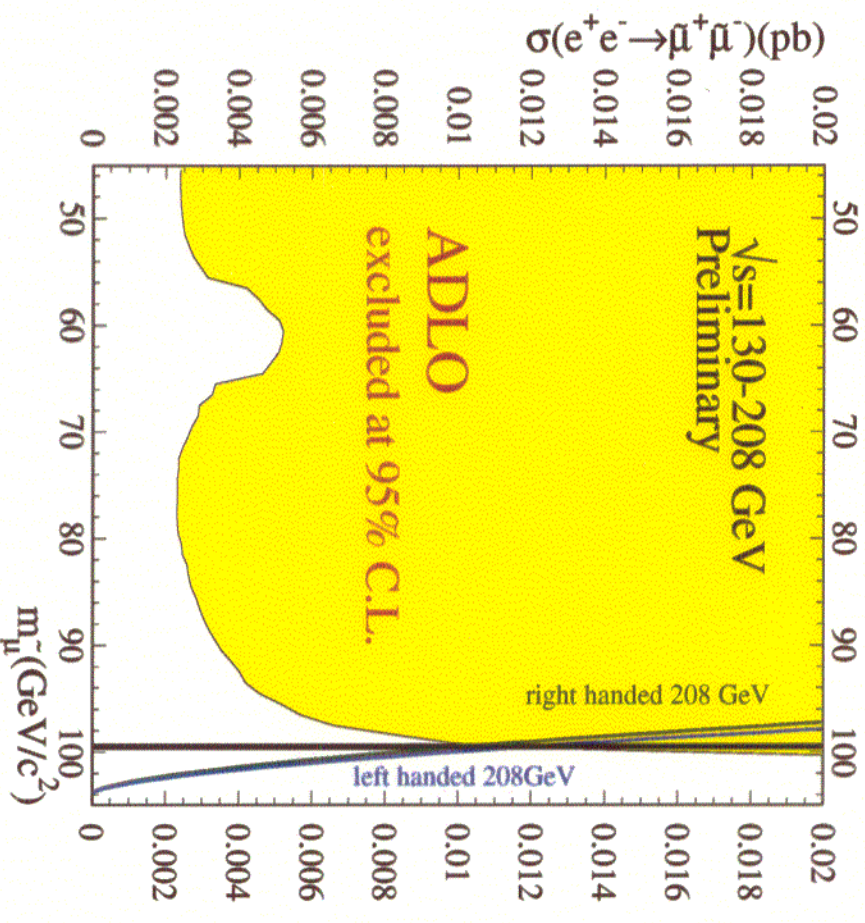
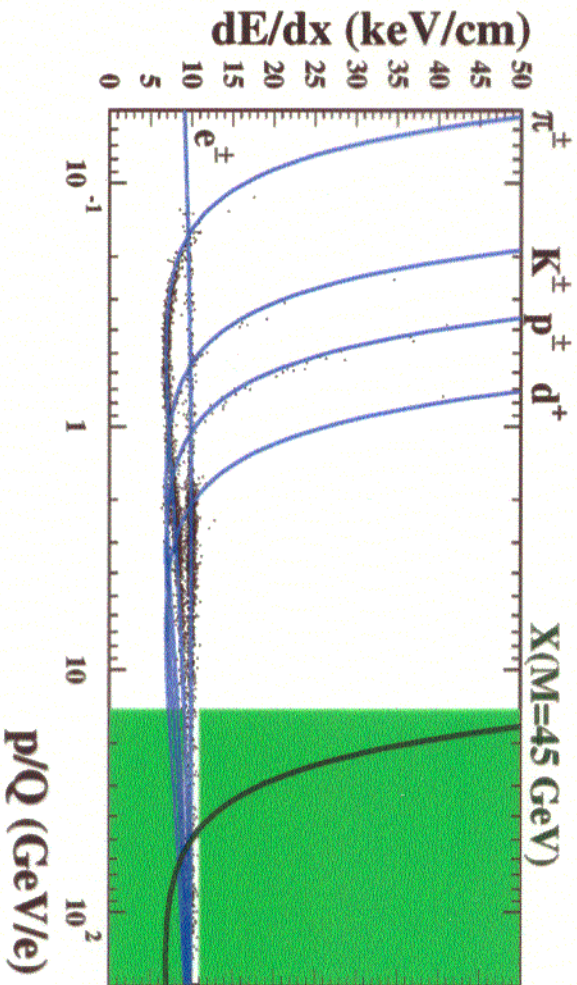
Exotic SUSY Signatures at LEP

Christoph Rembser (CERN, Switzerland)

- Searches for signatures of models with different **lightest SUSY particle (LSP)**
 - ◇ Models with Gauge-mediated Supersymmetry breaking (GMSB):
 - gravitino LSP
 - gluino LSP
 - ◇ Models with Anomaly-mediated Supersymmetry breaking (AMSB):
 - neutralino LSP
 - sneutrino LSP
 - stau LSP
 - ◇ String motivated models:
 - gluino LSP
- ⇒ Many topologies and search methods depending on the nature of the LSP and the **next-to-lightest SUSY particle (NLSP)**.

Search for Heavy Stable Charged Particles

- Search for pair produced heavy stable charged particles:
- ◇ candidate for LSP in AMSB ($\tilde{\tau}$)
- ◇ candidate for stable NLSP in AMSB ($\tilde{\chi}^{\pm}$)
- ◇ candidate for stable NLSP in GMSB ($\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu}, \tilde{\tau}$)
- Main tool: search for particles with anomalously high or low ionisation energy loss (dE/dx) in the tracking chambers:



⇒ right (left) handed $\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\mu}$:

$$m_{\tilde{\tau}, \tilde{\mu}} > 99.4 \text{ (99.6) GeV}/c^2$$

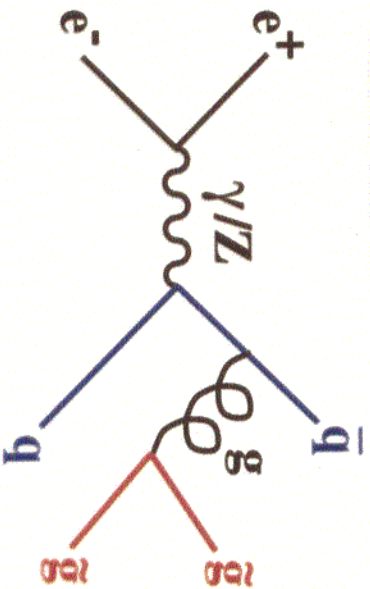
⇒ stable charginos

$$\text{with } m_{\tilde{\tau}} > 41. \text{ (500.) GeV}/c^2:$$

$$m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^{\pm}} > 101.5 \text{ (102.5) GeV}/c^2$$

Alternative Signatures \Rightarrow Search for Stable Gluinos

Gluino production at LEP 1:



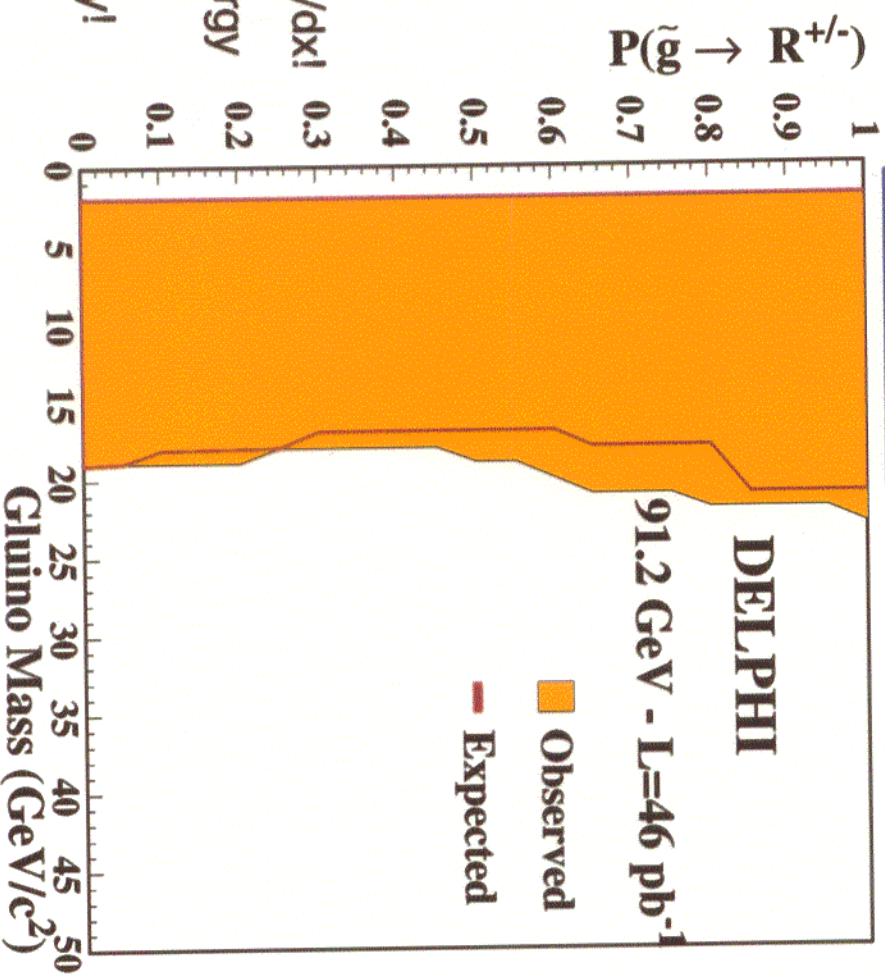
- Gluino forms R-hadron.

Charged R-hadron, R^{\pm} : look for anomalous dE/dx !

Neutral R-hadron, R^0 : can deposit enough energy to escape "missing energy" signature \Rightarrow analysis using relaxed cuts on missing energy!

- Search for $q\bar{q}R^{\pm}R^{\mp}$, $q\bar{q}R^{\pm}R^0$, $q\bar{q}R^0R^0 \Rightarrow$

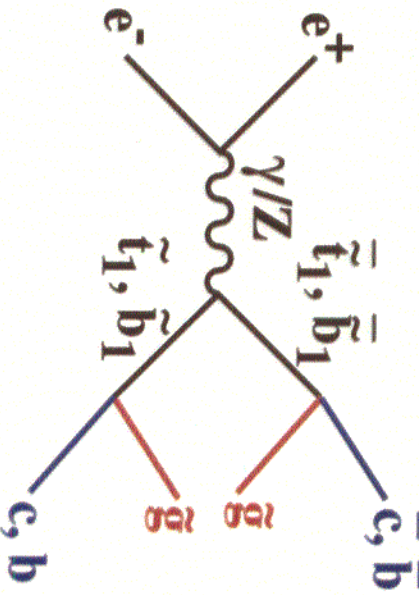
LEP 1 data: no excess \Rightarrow



2 GeV $<$ $M_{\tilde{g}}$ $<$ 18 GeV

Search for Gluinos at LEP 2

Gluino production at LEP 2:



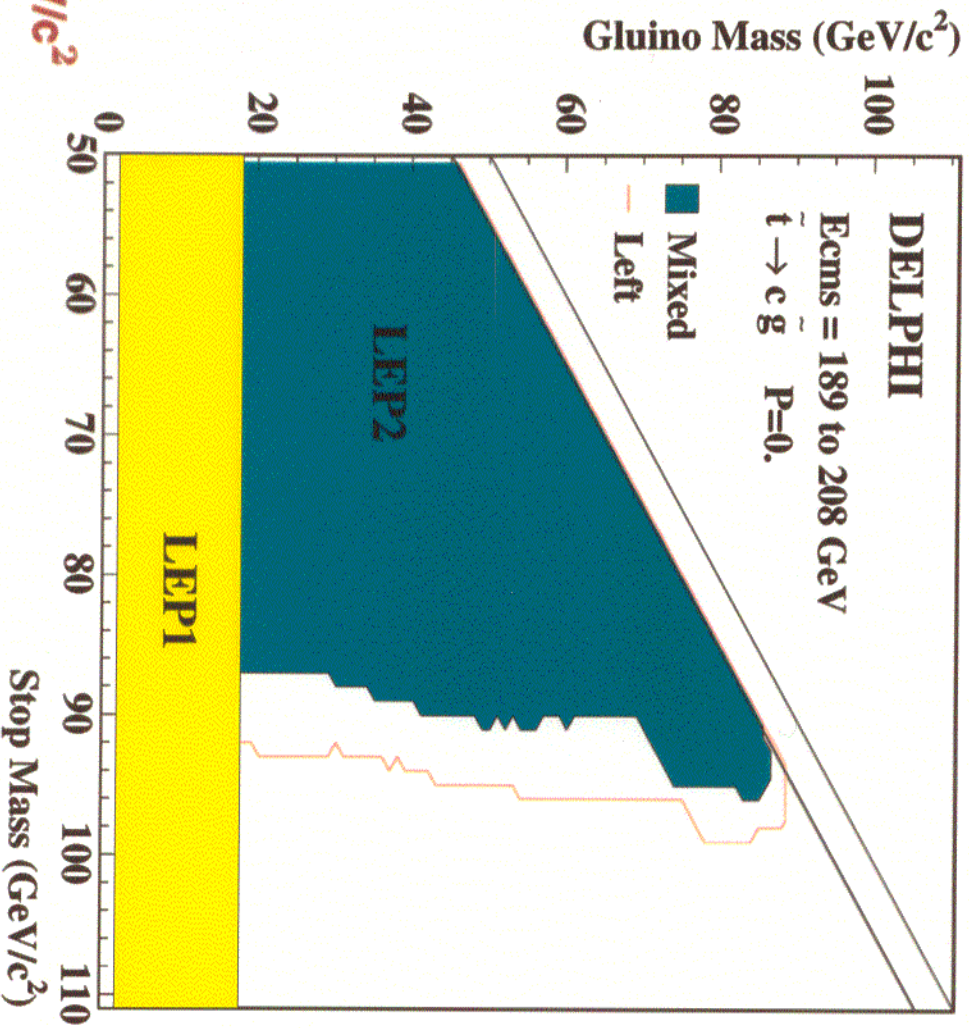
- Topology: two jets, two R-hadrons

LEP 2 data: no excess \Rightarrow

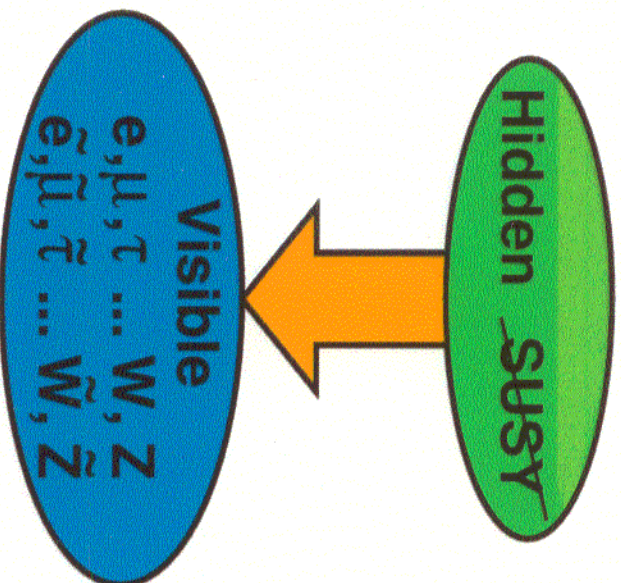
$$M_{\tilde{t}} > 87 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

for $M_{\tilde{g}} < 2 \text{ GeV}$ and $\Delta M = M_{\tilde{t}} - M_{\tilde{g}} \geq 10 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

(similar analysis for $\tilde{b} \rightarrow b\tilde{g}$: $M_{\tilde{b}} > 82 \text{ GeV}/c^2$)



AMSB Phenomenology



Anomaly mediated:

SUSY breaking communicated to

visible sector via superconformal anomaly

- LSP: $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (\tilde{W}), $\tilde{\nu}$ or $\tilde{\tau}$
- $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 / \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ are mass degenerate

parameters to define minimal AMSB models:

- ◇ $m_{3/2}$: gravitino mass
- ◇ m_0 : common scalar mass parameter
- ◇ $\tan(\beta)$: ratio of Higgs vacuum expectation values
- ◇ $\text{sign}(\mu)$: sign of Higgs sector mixing parameter

Constraints on AMSB Particle Mass Spectrum (1)

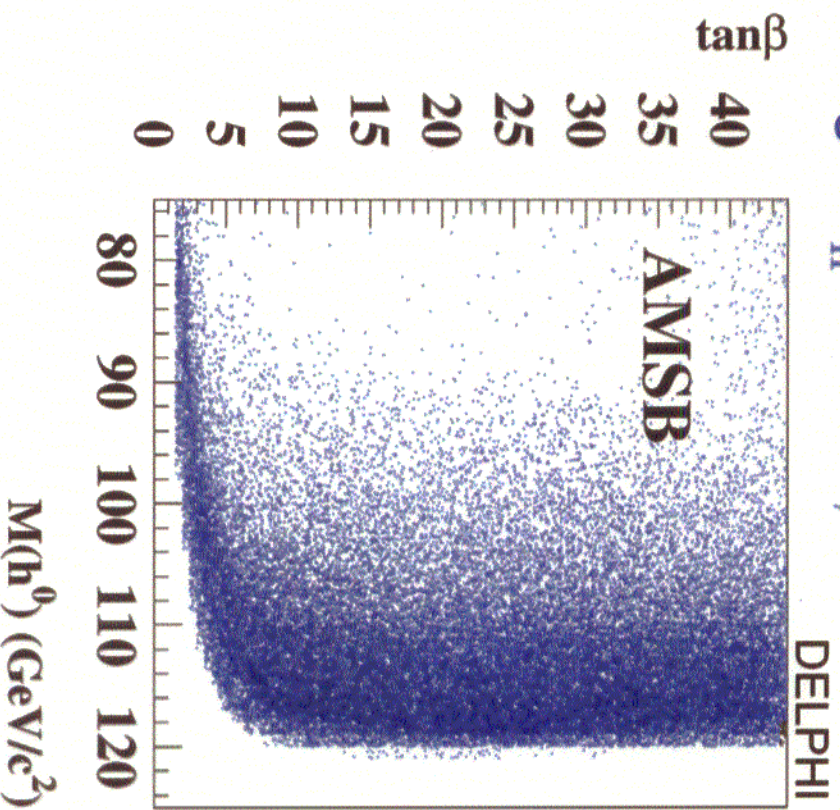
Scan over AMSB parameters (ISAJET)

$(1 < m_{3/2} < 50 \text{ TeV}/c^2, 0 < m_0 < 1000 \text{ GeV}/c^2,$

$1.5 < \tan \beta < 45, \text{ pos./neg. } \mu)$

\Rightarrow SUSY particle mass spectra.

e.g. M_{h^0} vs $\tan \beta$:

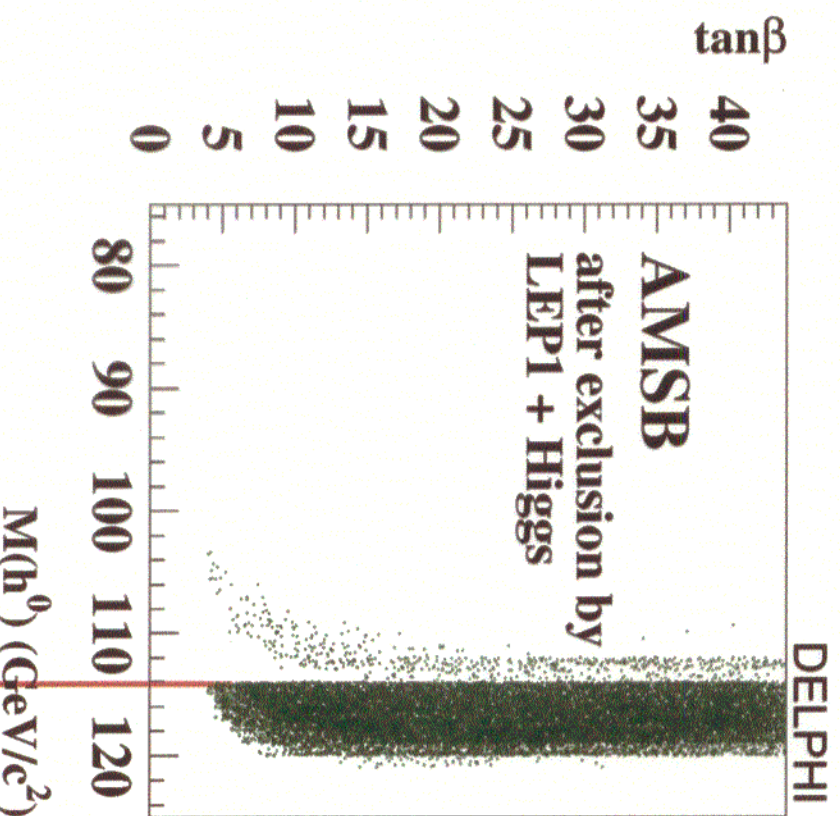


Including results of Higgs/LEP1 searches

- SM Higgs + invisible Higgs decays

$(h^0 \rightarrow \tilde{\chi}_1^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \tilde{\chi}_1^-, \tilde{\nu} \tilde{\nu})$

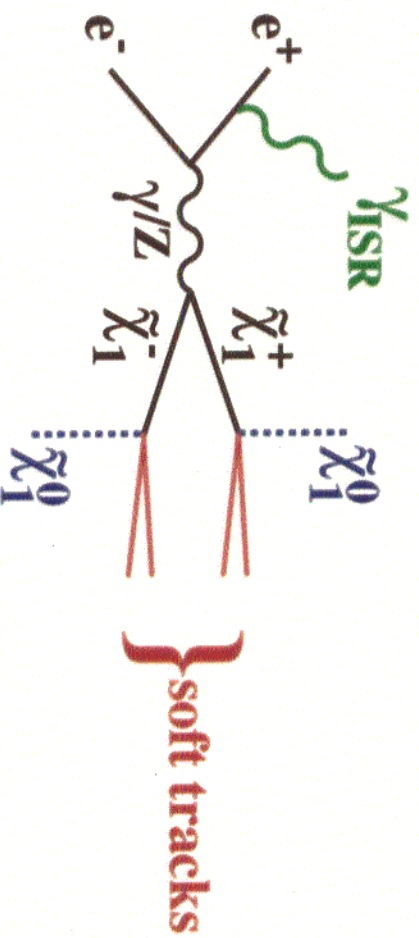
- LEP1: $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm / \tilde{\nu}$ exclusions



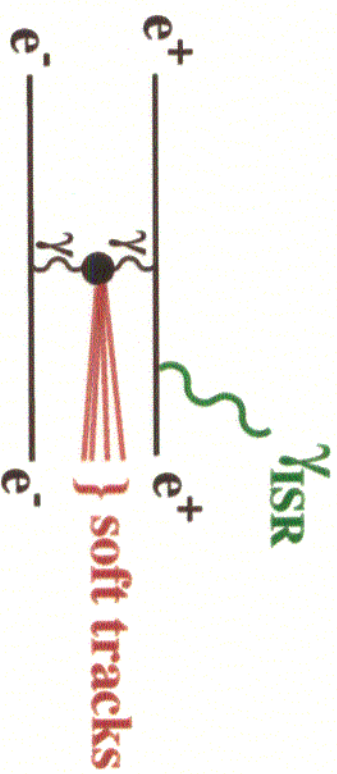
Searches for Mass Degenerate $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm / \tilde{\chi}_1^0$

$$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm: M_\pi < \Delta M < 5 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow \text{ISR}$$

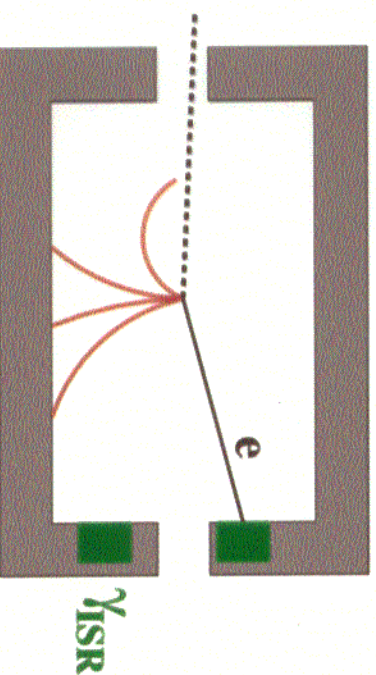
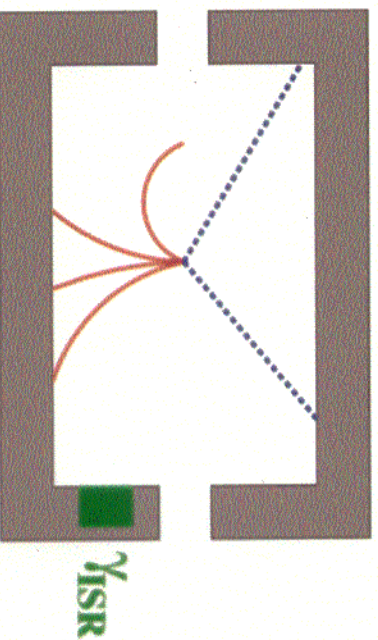
- Signal: big cross-section



- Background: enormous cross-section



Analysis: tag γ with soft tracks, veto e

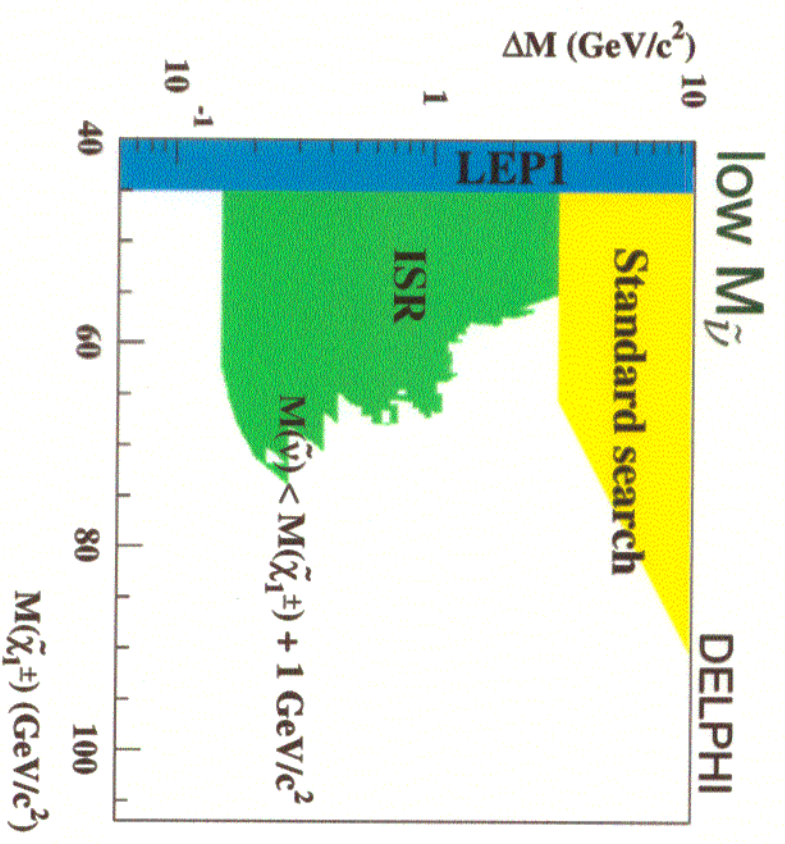
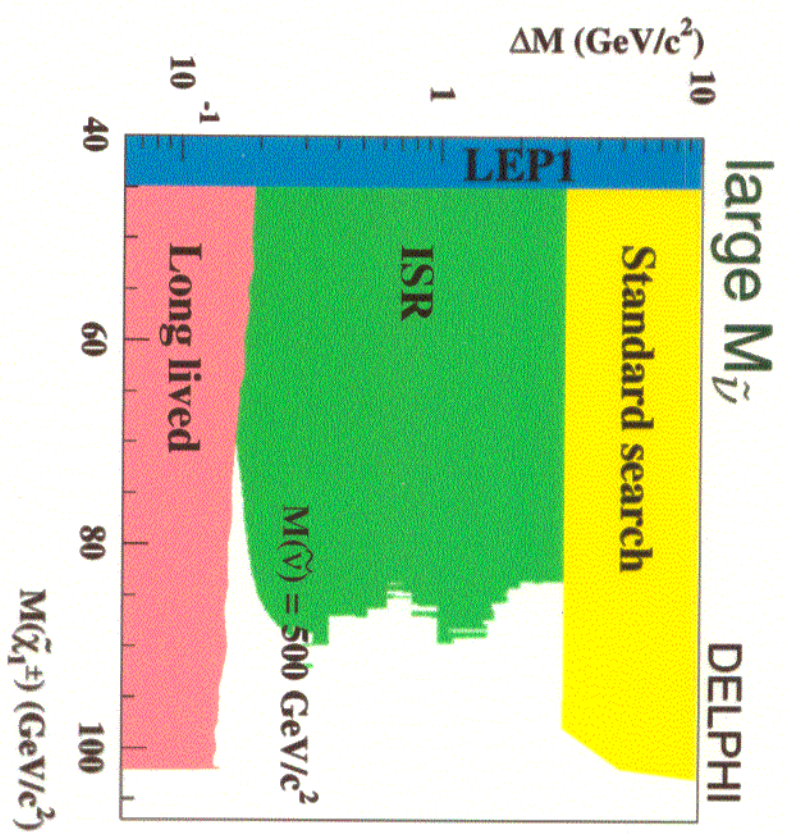


Results of Small ΔM Searches

Combined with

- MSSM ("standard") $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ search
- search for heavy stable charged particles \Rightarrow

Results depend on $M_{\tilde{D}}$, for light $M_{\tilde{D}}$: $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow \tilde{\nu} \ell^\pm$ possible



AMSB: Exclusions on LSP Masses

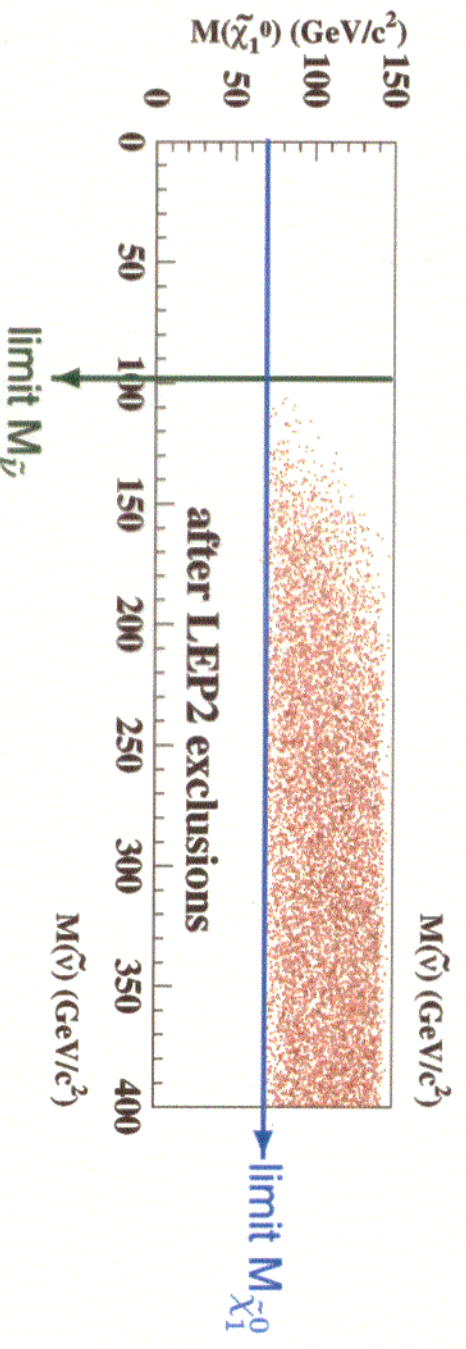
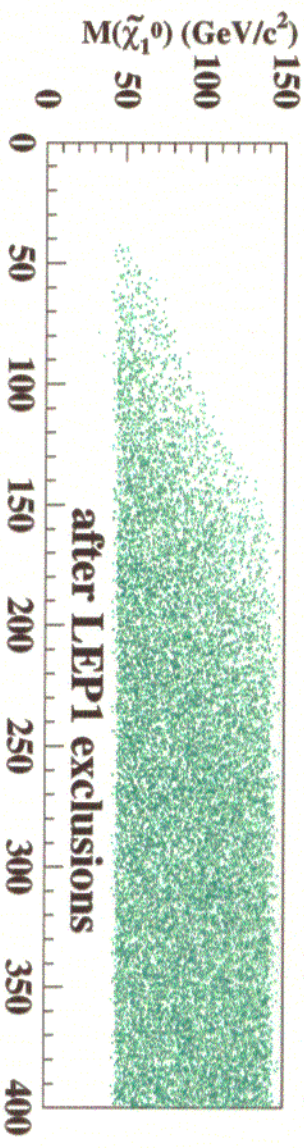
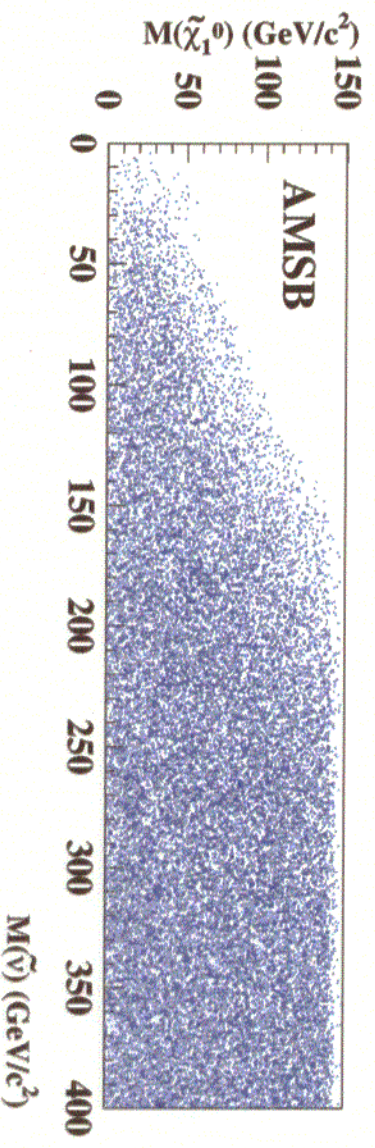
DELPHI

Limits on $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 / \tilde{\nu}$ LSP

- LEP1: $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm / \tilde{\nu}$ exclusions
- Higgs searches
- searches for $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm / \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ (low ΔM)
- searches for leptonic $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ decays

$$M_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 68 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

$$M_{\tilde{\nu}} > 98 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$



SUSY Breaking (Mediation)

Gravity

$$\sqrt{F} \sim 10^{11} \text{ GeV}$$

$$M \sim M_P \sim 10^{18} \text{ GeV}$$

- FCNC problems
- Heavy \tilde{G}
- $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NLSP, CDM candidate

Hidden SUSY



Visible
 $e, \mu, \tau \dots W, Z$
 $\tilde{e}, \tilde{\mu}, \tilde{\tau} \dots \tilde{W}, \tilde{Z}$

Gauge

$$10^3 < \sqrt{F} < 10^{10} \text{ GeV}$$

$$10^3 < M < 10^{15} \text{ GeV}$$

- no severe FCNC
- Light \tilde{G}
- \tilde{G} NLSP, lose CDM candidate

parameters to define minimal GMSB models:

- ◇ Λ : scale of SUSY breaking
- ◇ M : messenger mass scale
- ◇ N : number of messenger fields
- ◇ $\tan(\beta)$: ratio of Higgs vacuum expectation values
- ◇ $\text{sign}(\mu)$: sign of Higgs sector mixing parameter

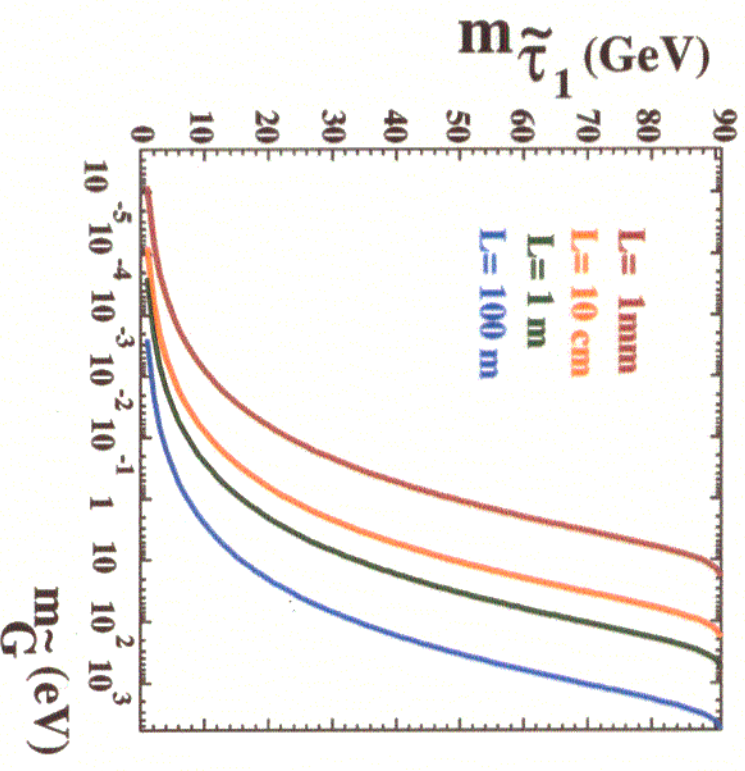
GMSB Phenomenology

- \tilde{G} is the lightest SUSY particle (LSP),
 $m_{\tilde{G}} \lesssim \mathcal{O}(\text{keV})$ in minimal model.
- $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ or $\tilde{\tau}_1$ (\tilde{l}) are the next-to-lightest SUSY particle, the NLSP (co-NLSP).
- Lifetime τ_{life} of the NLSP depends on SUSY breaking scale \sqrt{F} ($\propto M_{\tilde{G}}$) and NLSP mass:

$$c\tau_{\text{life}} \simeq \frac{0.01}{\kappa_\gamma} \left(\frac{100 \text{ GeV}}{m_{\text{NLSP}}} \right)^5 \left(\frac{\sqrt{F}}{100 \text{ TeV}} \right)^4 \text{ cm}$$

($\kappa_\gamma =$ Photino component of the $\tilde{\chi}_1^0 = 1$ for \tilde{l})

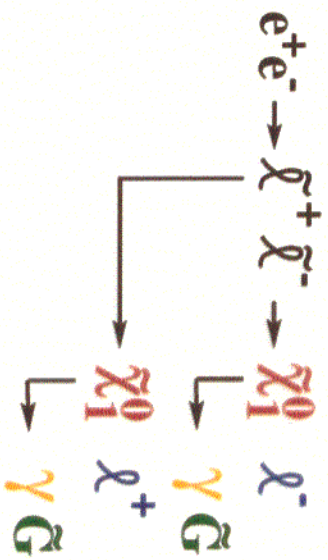
Example: $m_{\tilde{\tau}_1}$ versus $m_{\tilde{G}}$ for various decay lengths ($L = \beta \gamma c\tau_{\text{life}}$):



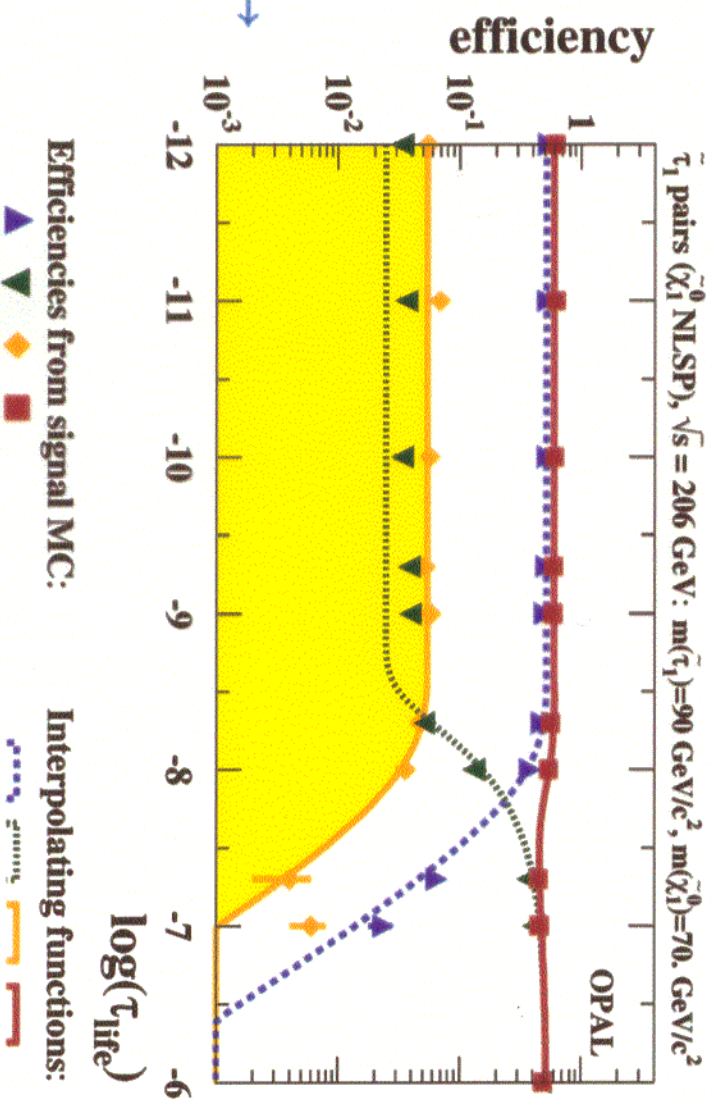
Wide range of NLSP lifetimes means we must explore many different topologies!

GMSB: Searches for Sleptons ($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NLSP)

Signatures:

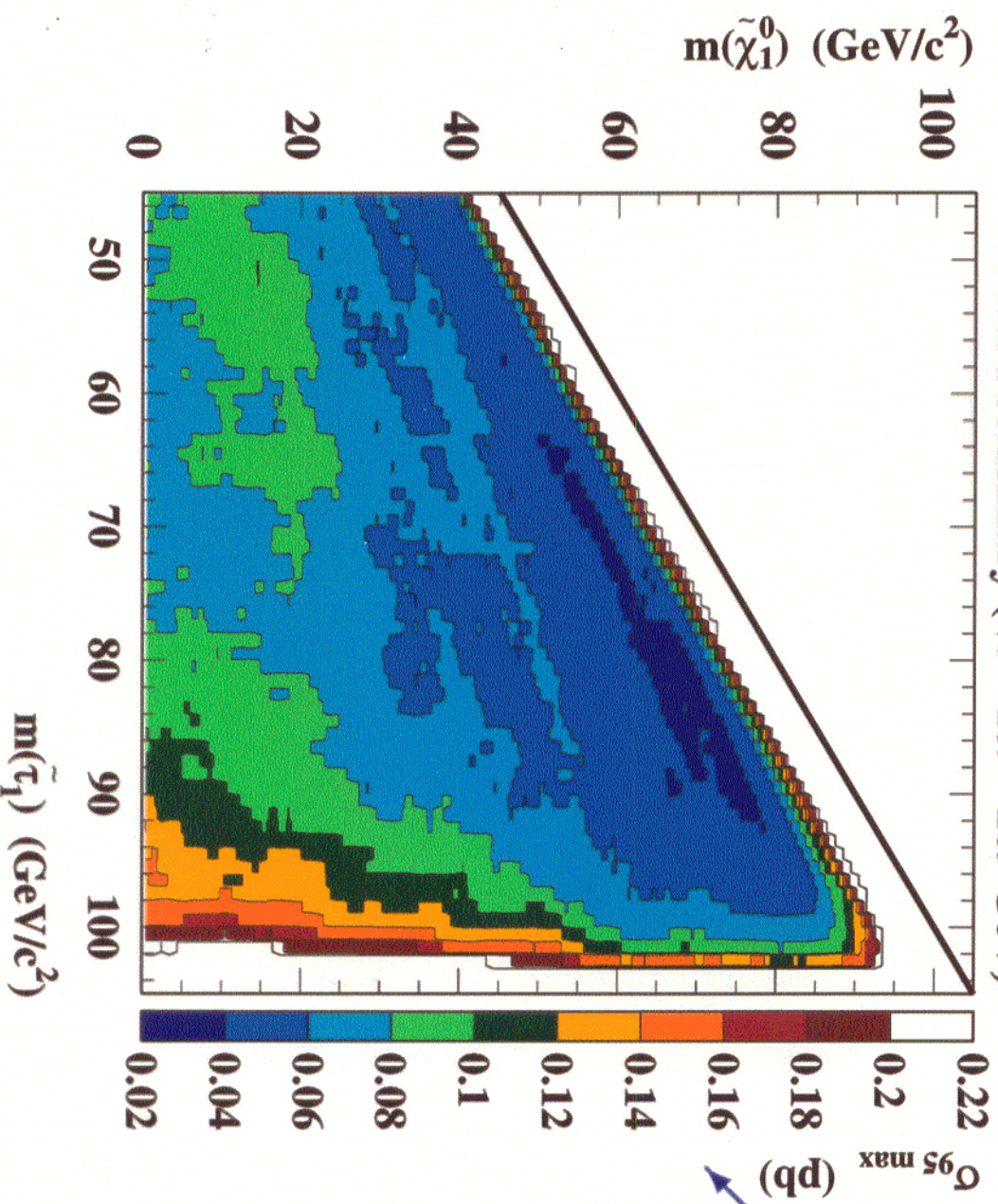


- Combination of analyses sensitive to different lifetime regimes of the NLSP.
- Efficiency depends on $m_{\tilde{\ell}}, \tau_{\text{life}(\tilde{\ell})}, m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0}$ and \sqrt{s} .
- **Example:** efficiencies for $\tilde{\tau}_1$ pair production



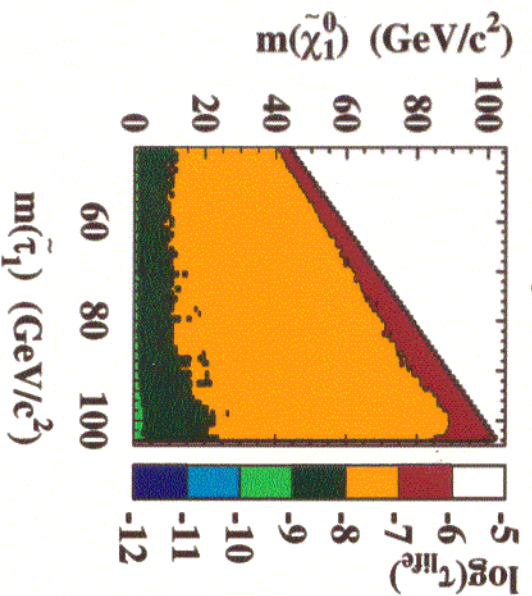
Limits on $\tilde{\tau}_1$ Pair Production ($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NLSP)

OPAL Preliminary ($\sqrt{s} = 189 - 209$ GeV)



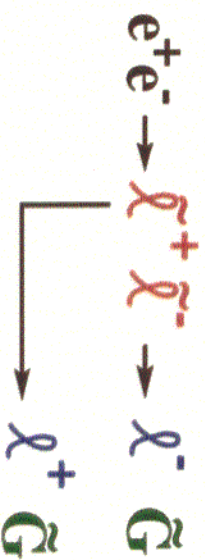
Excluded cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 208$ GeV for $\tilde{\tau}_1$ pairs ($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NLSP), valid for any $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ lifetime (σ excluded $\sim 0.04 - 0.15$ pb).

$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ lifetime at the highest excluded cross-section.

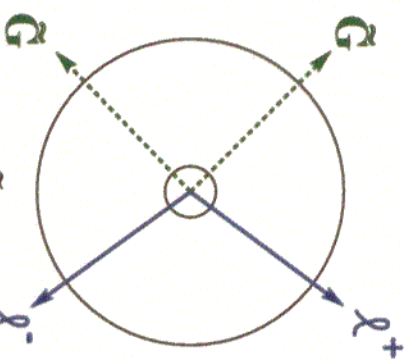


GMSB: Slepton Searches ($\tilde{\tau}$ NLSP/ $\tilde{\ell}$ co-NLSP)

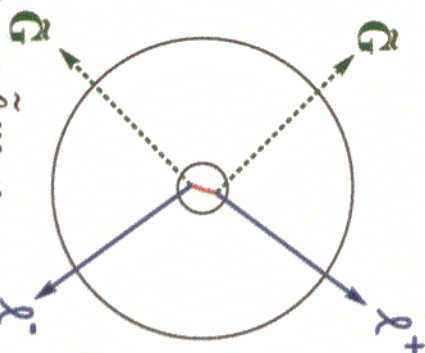
Signatures:



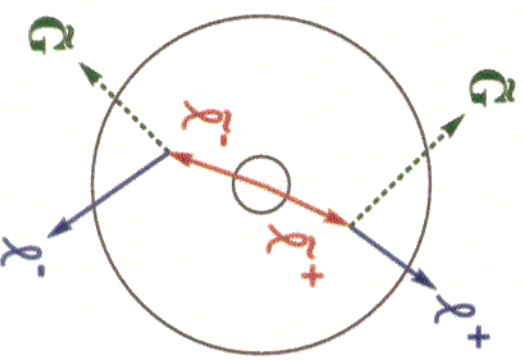
- Combination of analyses sensitive to different lifetime regimes of the NLSP.
- Efficiency depends on $m_{\tilde{\ell}}$, $\tau_{\text{life}(\tilde{\ell})}$ and \sqrt{s} .



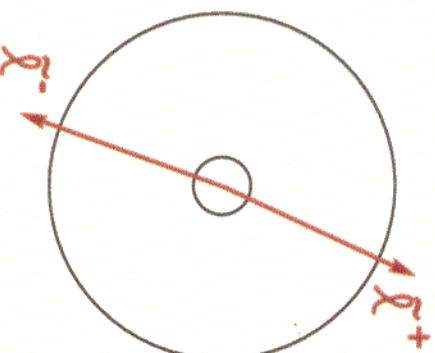
negligible $\tilde{\ell}$ lifetime:
acoplanar lepton search



short $\tilde{\ell}$ lifetime:
search for tracks with large impact parameter



medium $\tilde{\ell}$ lifetime:
search for kinked tracks

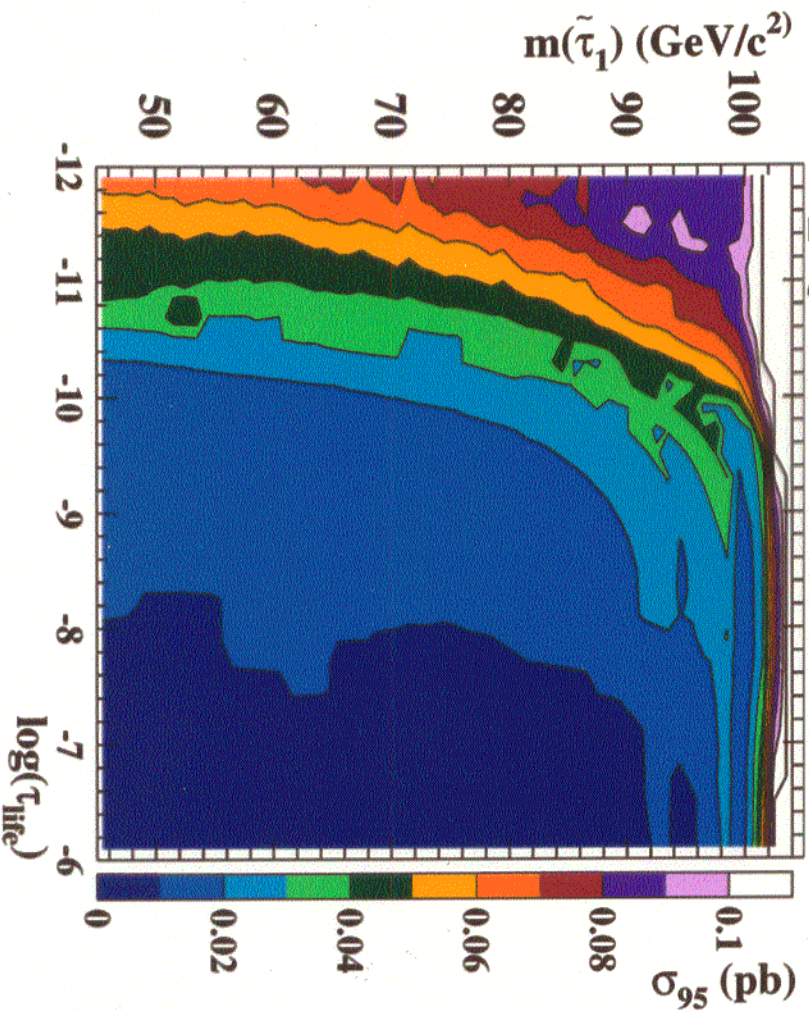


long $\tilde{\ell}$ lifetime:
search for heavy stable charged particles

GMSB: Limits on Pair Produced Staus ($\tilde{\tau}_1$ NLSP)

$\tilde{\tau}_1$ ($\tilde{\tau}_1$ NLSP) $\sqrt{s} = 189\text{-}209$ GeV

ADLLO Preliminary

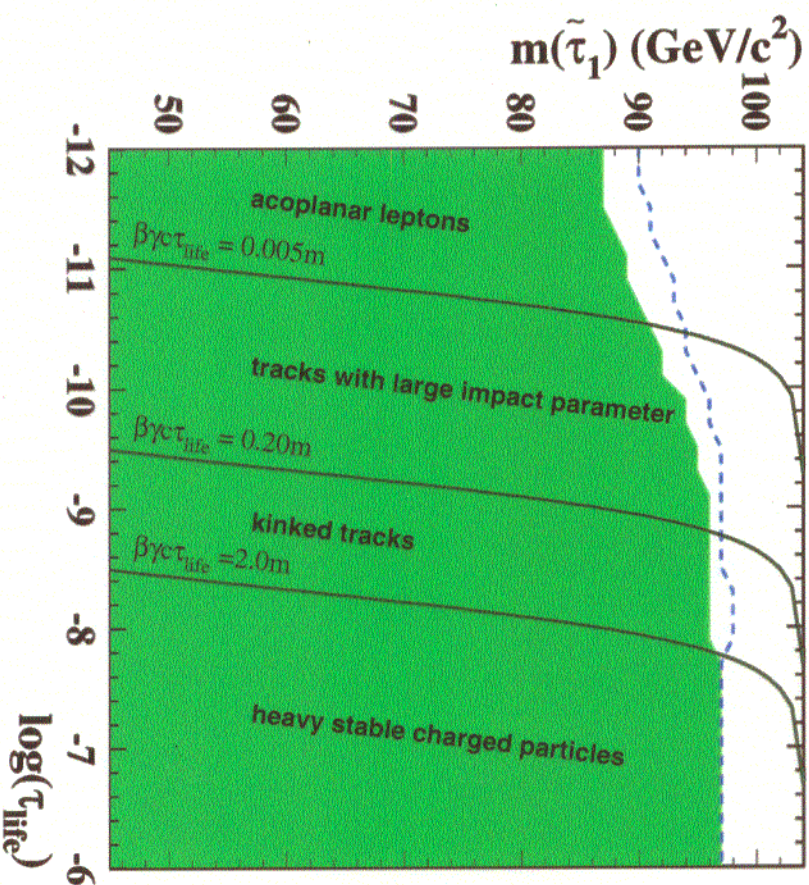


Excluded cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 208$ GeV for $\tilde{\tau}_1$ pairs ($\tilde{\tau}_1$ NLSP) as a function of $\tilde{\tau}_1$ lifetime ($\sigma_{\text{excluded}} \sim 0.01 - 0.1$ pb).

$\Rightarrow m_{\tilde{\tau}_1} > 87 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for all $\tilde{\tau}_1$ lifetimes

$\tilde{\tau}_1$ ($\tilde{\tau}_1$ NLSP) $\sqrt{s} = 189\text{-}209$ GeV

ADLLO Preliminary

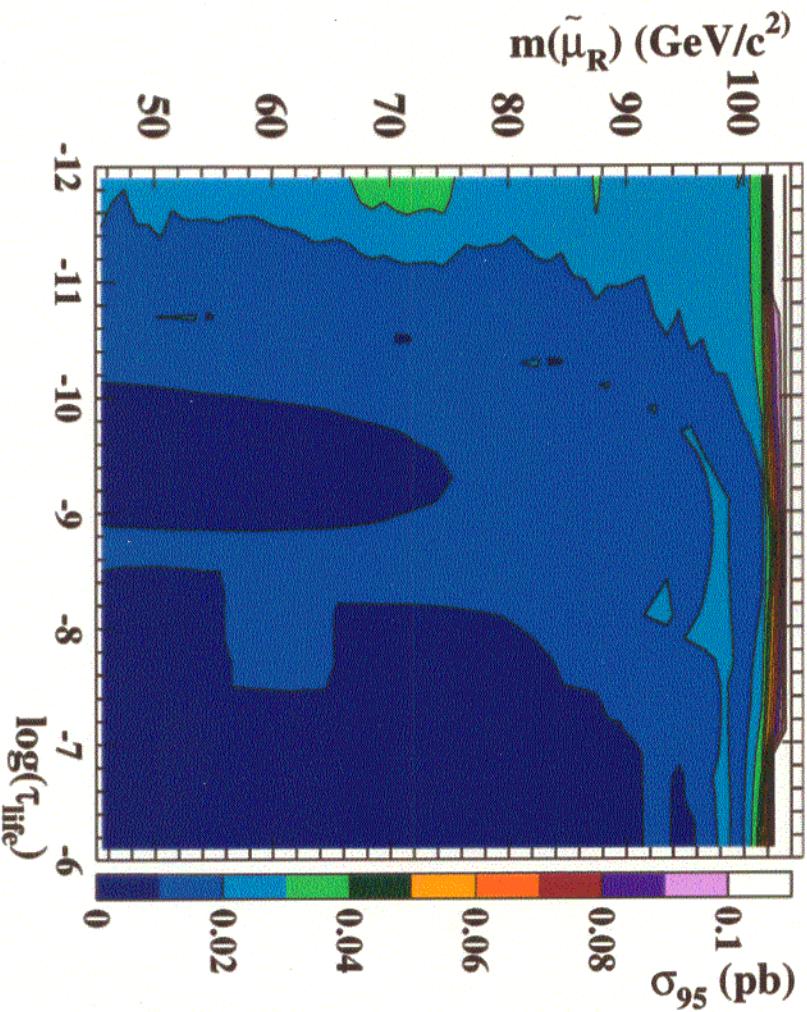


Excluded $\tilde{\tau}_1$ masses ($\tilde{\tau}_1$ NLSP) as a function of $\tilde{\tau}_1$ lifetime (87 – 97 GeV/c^2). Dashed line: expected limit (90 – 97 GeV/c^2).

GMSB: Limits on Pair Produced Smuons ($\tilde{\ell}$ co-NLSP)

$\tilde{\mu}_R$ (co-NLSP) $\sqrt{s} = 189\text{-}209$ GeV

ADO Preliminary

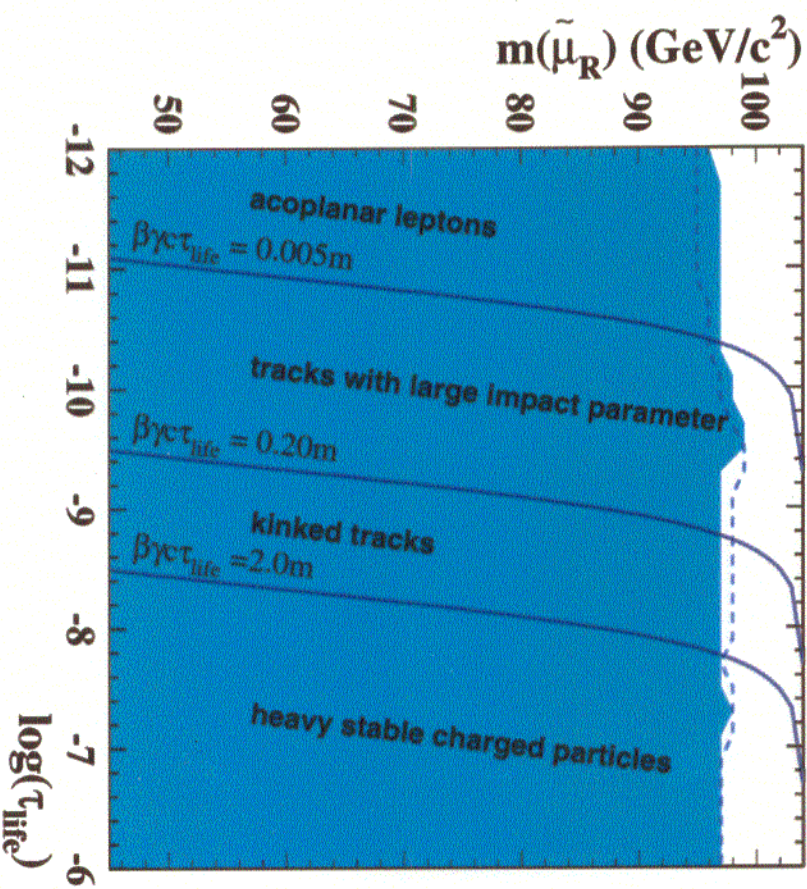


Excluded cross-section at $\sqrt{s} = 208$ GeV for $\tilde{\mu}_R$ pairs ($\tilde{\ell}$ co-NLSP) as a function of $\tilde{\mu}_R$ lifetime ($\sigma_{\text{excluded}} \sim 0.01 - 0.04$ pb).

$\Rightarrow m_{\tilde{\mu}_R} > 96 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ for all $\tilde{\mu}_R$ lifetimes

$\tilde{\mu}_R$ (co-NLSP) $\sqrt{s} = 189\text{-}209$ GeV

ADO Preliminary



Excluded $\tilde{\mu}_R$ masses ($\tilde{\ell}$ co-NLSP) as a function of $\tilde{\mu}_R$ lifetime (96 – 99 GeV/ c^2).
Dashed line: expected limit (95 – 99 GeV/ c^2).

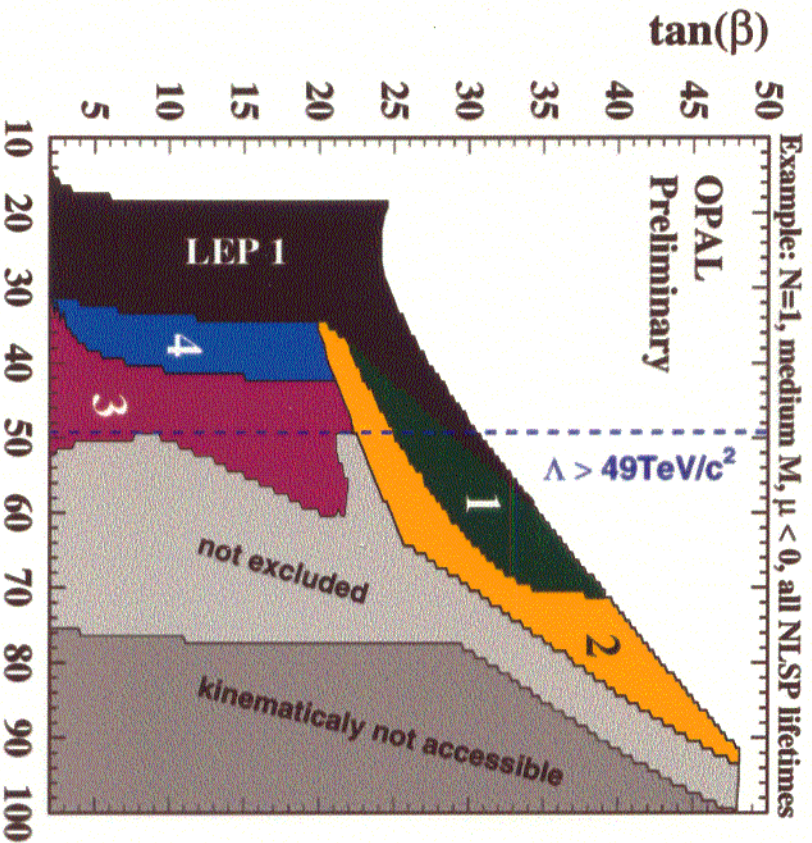
Scan of the GMSB Parameters (all NLSP Lifetimes)

Combination with other GMSB searches

Scanning minimal GMSB model ($N, M, \Lambda, \tan \beta, \text{sign}(\mu)$):

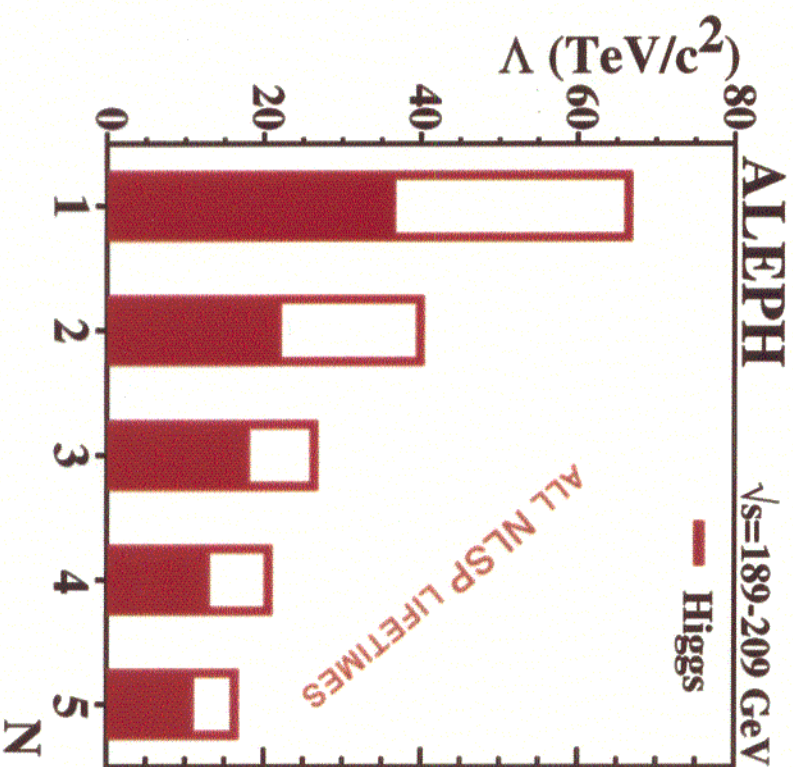
⇒ search for pair production of:

$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ ($\tilde{\tau}$ NLSP / $\tilde{\ell}$ co-NLSP), $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ ($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NLSP).



- 1: neutralinos ($\tilde{\tau}/\tilde{I}$ NLSP) Λ (TeV/c^2) Scan following Dimopoulos, Thomas, Wells
- 2: sleptons ($\tilde{\tau}/\tilde{I}$ NLSP)
- 3: sleptons ($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NLSP)
- 4: charginos ($\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NLSP) (Nucl.Phys.B488(1997)39)

Limit on SUSY particle mass scale Λ



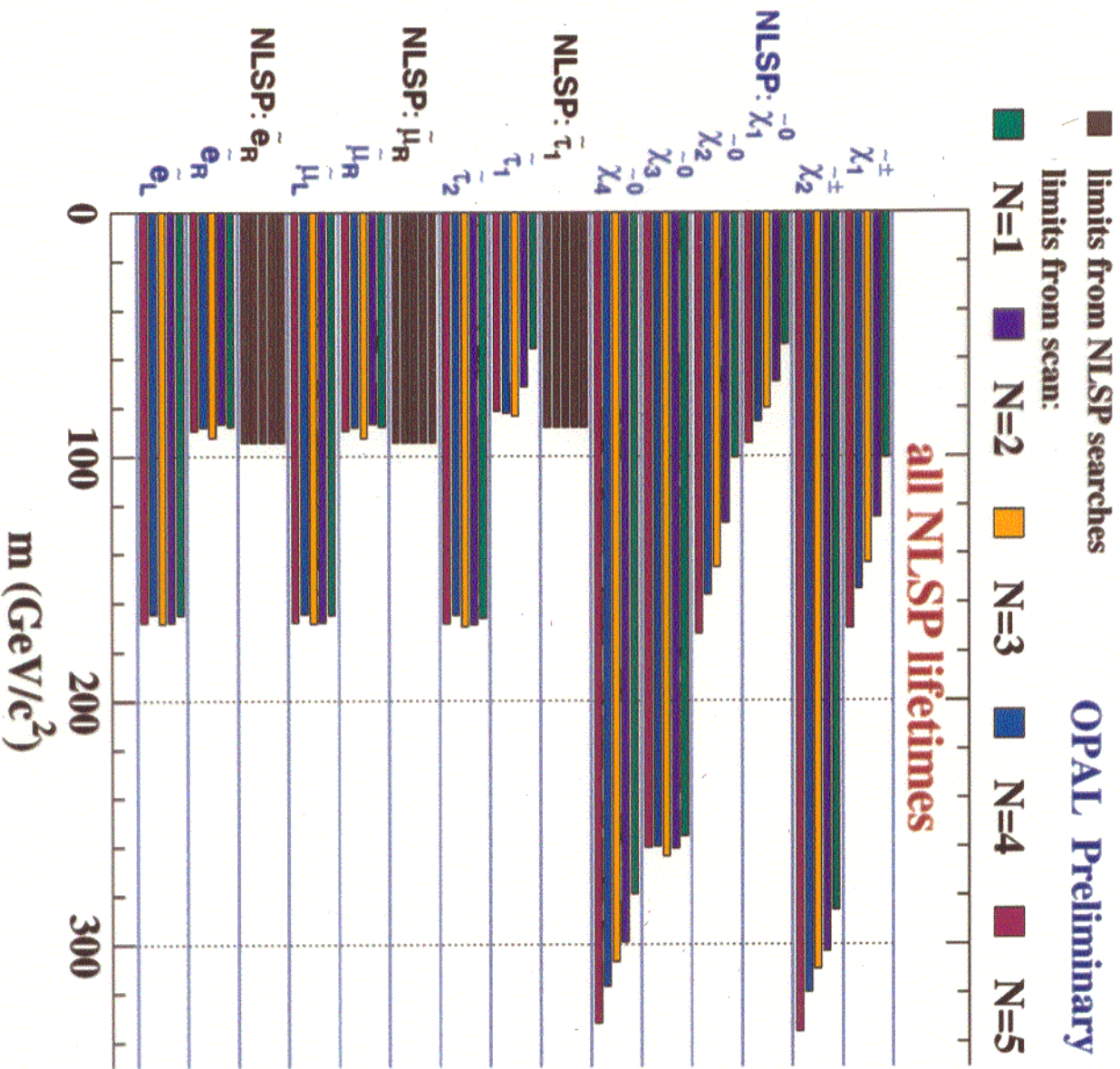
ALEPH: $\Lambda > 10 \text{ TeV}/c^2$ for $N \leq 5$

($\Lambda > 16 \text{ TeV}/c^2$ incl. Higgs constraints)

⇒ $m_{\tilde{G}} > 0.024$ (0.061) eV/c^2

OPAL: $\Lambda > 15 \text{ TeV}/c^2$ for $N \leq 5$

GMSB: Constraints on Masses of SUSY Particles



**NLSP mass limit
(all NLSP lifetimes):**

$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$ NLSP:

ALEPH: $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 54 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

$> 77 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ incl. Higgs

OPAL: $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} > 54 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

$\tilde{\tau}_1$ NLSP:

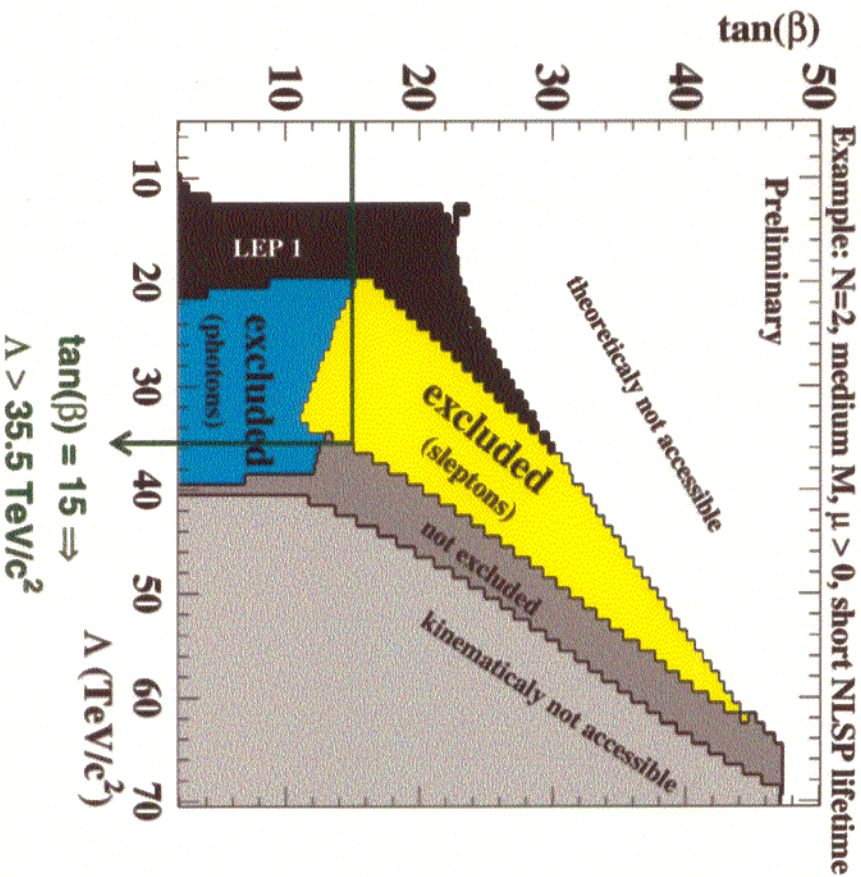
ADLO: $m_{\tilde{\tau}_1} > 87 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

$\tilde{\ell}$ co-NLSP:

ADLO: $m_{\tilde{\ell}} > 94 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

ADLO, short NLSP lifetime

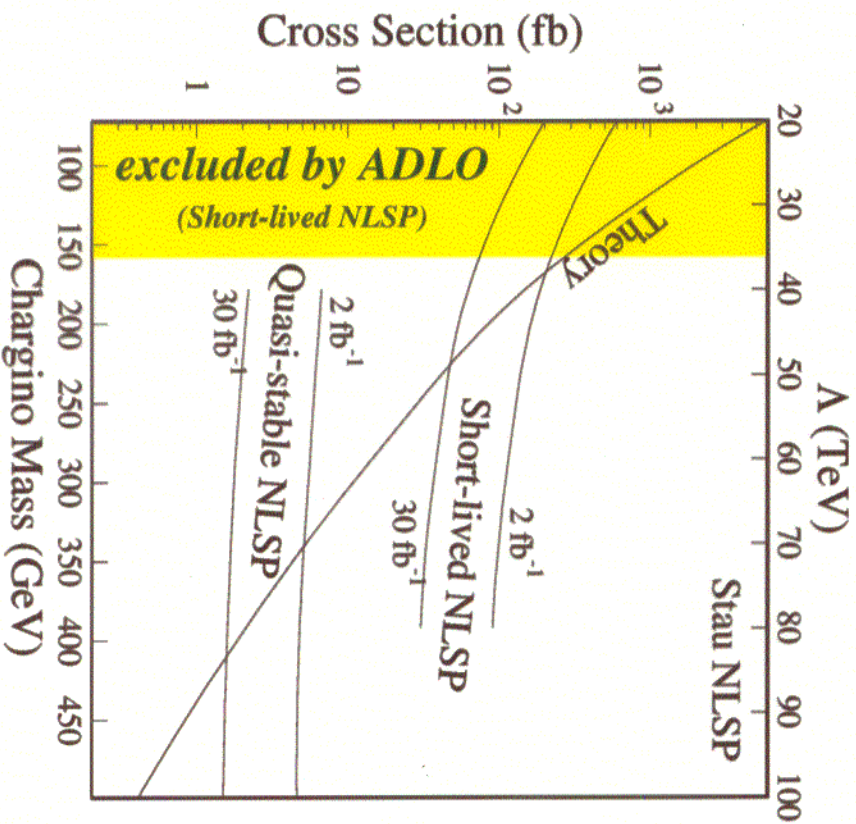
(no Higgs results included)



TEVATRON, prospects

J. Quian, hep-ph/9903548 v2:

$N = 2, \frac{M}{\Lambda} = 3, \tan\beta = 15, \mu > 0$



Conclusions

- A broad spectrum of searches for SUSY particles has been covered by the four LEP experiments.
 - ◇ Standard modes \Rightarrow Null results \Rightarrow New models \Rightarrow New searches
 - ◇ e^+e^- environment allowed searches for many “exotic SUSY” modes with many LSP / NLSP types.
 - ◇ No hints of a signal.
 - ◇ Constraints on M_{LSP} and M_{NLSP} .
 - ◇ Combination of all LEP SUSY results with LEP Higgs results \Rightarrow stronger constraints (t.b.d.)
- Must look for LSP / NLSP beyond our kinematic limit.