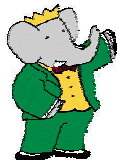


B_d Mixing Measurements with the BaBar Detector

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BABAR TM & L de Brnohoff

BABAR™

ICHEP2002



La Sapienza

Università degli Studi di Roma

B⁰ \bar{B}^0 Mixing

-Proceeds through box diagram

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} H_{11} & H_{12} \\ H_{21} & H_{11} \end{pmatrix} \quad \frac{q}{p} = \left(\frac{H_{21}}{H_{12}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

if $|q/p| \neq 1 \Rightarrow$ CP violation
in mixing (assuming CPT invariance)

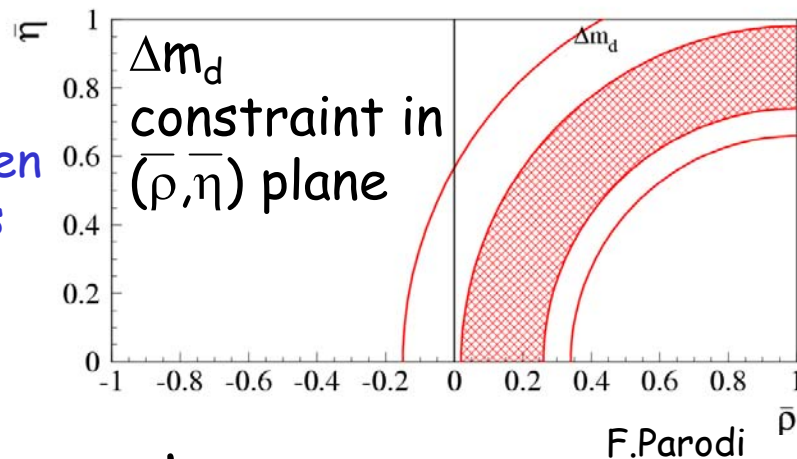
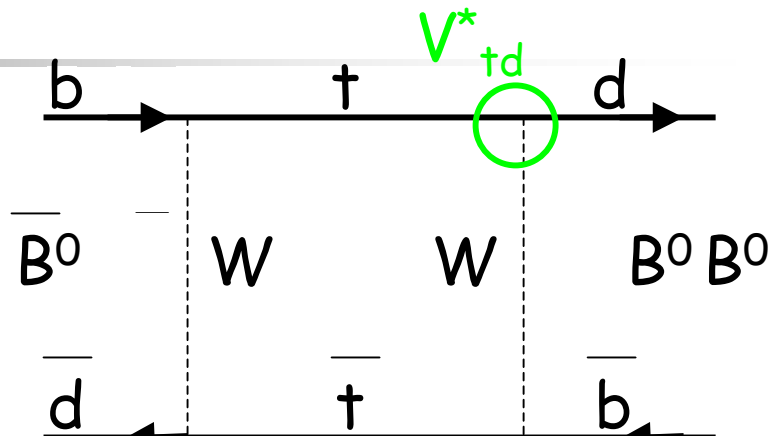
$\Delta m_d = -2 \text{Re}(H_{12}H_{21})^{\frac{1}{2}}$ Mass difference between
Hamiltonian eigenstates

$$\Delta m_d = \frac{G_F^2}{6\pi^2} m_w^2 e_B S_0 (m_t^2 / m_W^2) m_{B_d} |V_{td}|^2 B_{B_d} f_{B_d}^2$$

- Δm_d sensitive to V_{td} CKM matrix element

- Extraction of V_{td} limited by

theoretical hadronic uncertainties $\rightarrow \sqrt{B_{B_d} f_{B_d}^2} = 235 \pm 33^{+00}_{-23} \text{ MeV}$



(D. Becirevic and L. Lellouch, at this conference)

$B^0\bar{B}^0$ Mixing at Asymmetric B Factories

Before B factories:

$$\Delta m_d = 0.472 \pm 0.017 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

At BaBar, asymmetric B factory,
we measure:

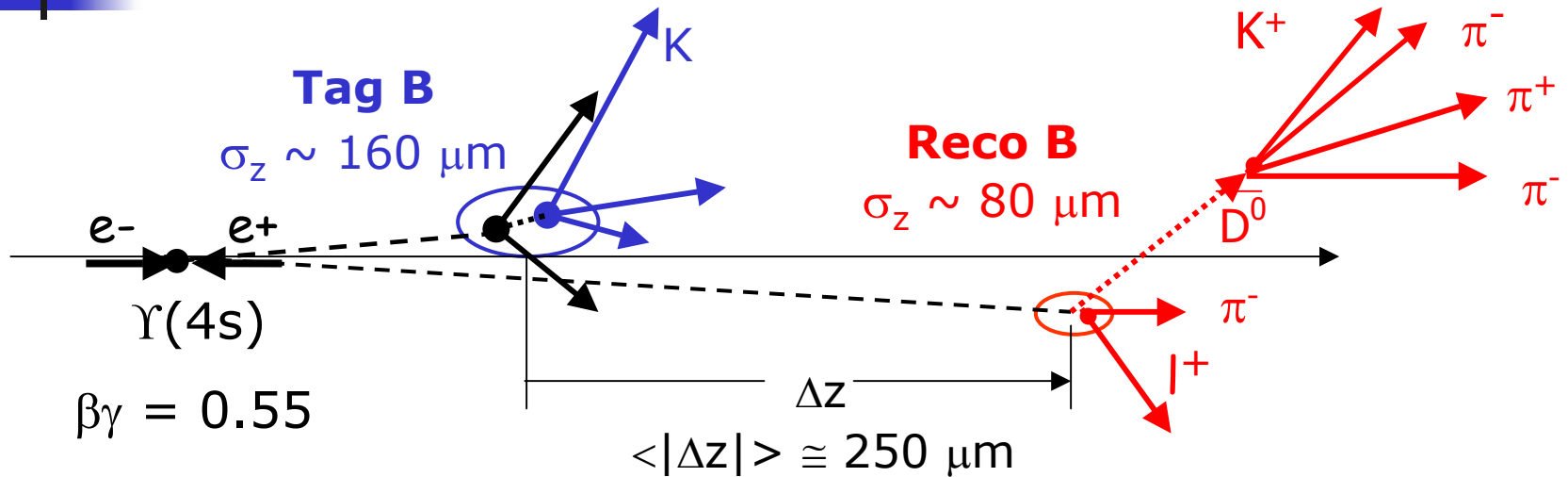
-can perform time
dependent measurements
-high statistics sample of
fully reconstructed B_d , no B_s

new result

- Mixing and lifetime with $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} l^+ \nu_l$ decays
- Mixing with hadronic decays (PRL 88:221802[2002])
- Mixing with dilepton events (PRL 88:221803[2002])

$23 \times 10^6 \overline{BB}$ ($B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} l^+ \nu$ and dilepton)
 $32 \times 10^6 \underline{BB}$ (hadronic)

$B^0\bar{B}^0$ Mixing with Fully Reconstructed B^0



3. Reconstruct inclusively the vertex of the "other" B meson (B_{TAG})
4. Determine the flavor of B_{TAG}

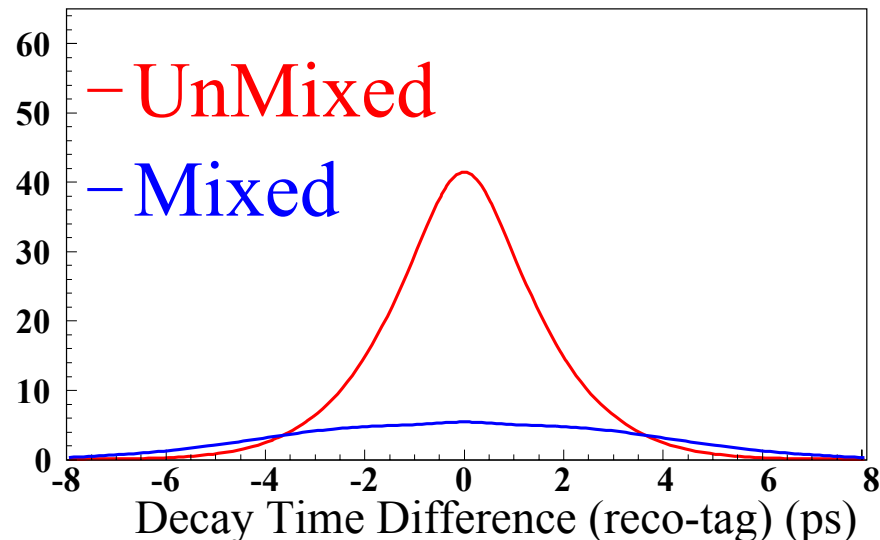
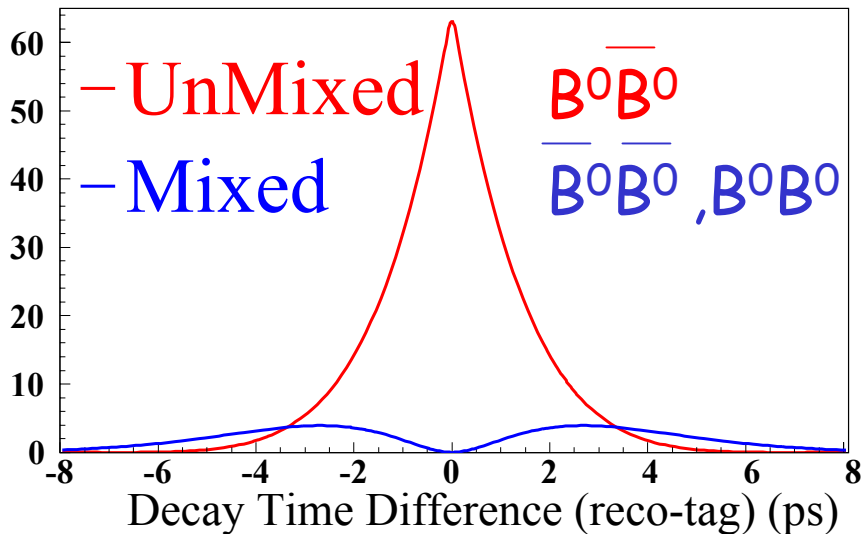
1. Reconstruct one B meson in the flavor eigenstates $D^*l^+\nu_l$ or hadronic (e.g. $D^*\pi^+$)
2. Reconstruct the vertex position

5. Compute the proper time difference $\Delta t \cong \Delta z / \gamma\beta c$
6. Fit the Δt spectra of mixed ($B^0\bar{B}^0$ or B^0B^0) and unmixed ($B^0\bar{B}^0$) events

Δt Distribution of Mixed and Unmixed Events

perfect
flavor tagging & time resolution

realistic
mis-tagging & finite time resolution



Decay time distribution for signal events

$$f_{\text{Unmix}}^{\text{Mix}}(\Delta t) = \left\{ \frac{e^{-|\Delta t|/\tau_{B_d}}}{4\tau_{B_d}} \times \left(1 \pm (1-2w) \cos(\Delta m_d \Delta t) \right) \right\} \otimes \text{Resolution Function}$$

B^0 lifetime \uparrow Mistag probability \uparrow oscillation frequency

$B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} l^+ \nu$ Selection

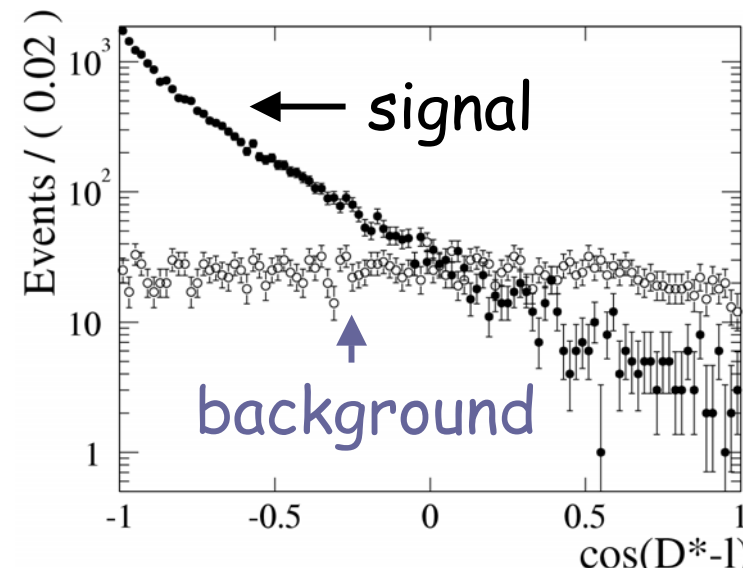
- Reconstruct candidate D^* using full decay tree

$$D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+, D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+, K^- \pi^+ \pi^0, K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+, K_s^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$$

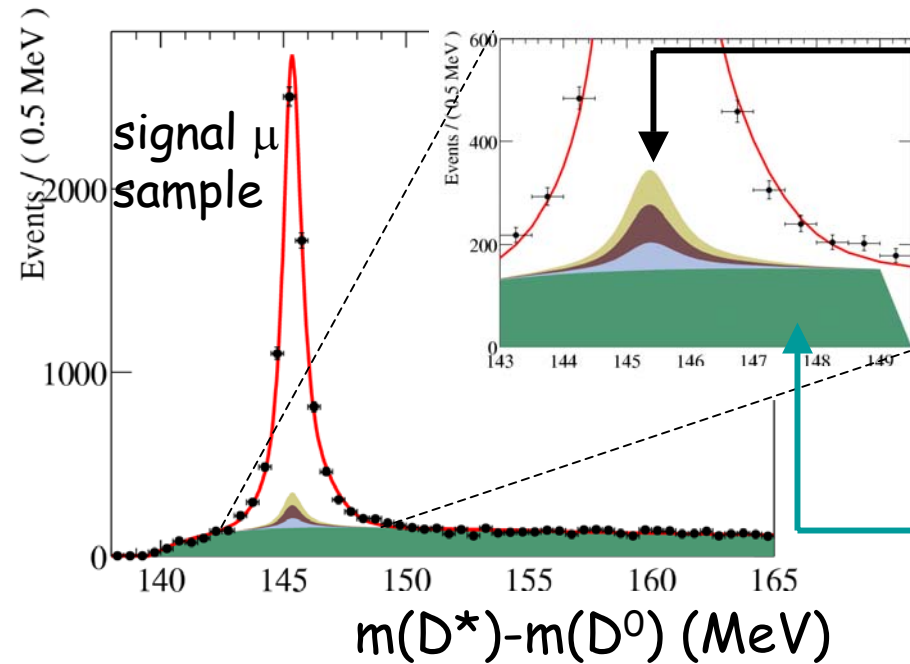
- Combine with lepton candidate ($p^* > 1.2 \text{ GeV}$)

- Require consistency with D^*-l kinematics (angles, missing ν)

- Cannot reconstruct B^0 mass and energy because of the missing ν
 \Rightarrow use $m(D^*)-m(D^0)$ distribution



Sample Composition



Peaking background:
real D^{*non} from semileptonic
decays

- uncorrelated lepton
from other B
- fake lepton
- continuum events

Combinatoric:
fake D^*

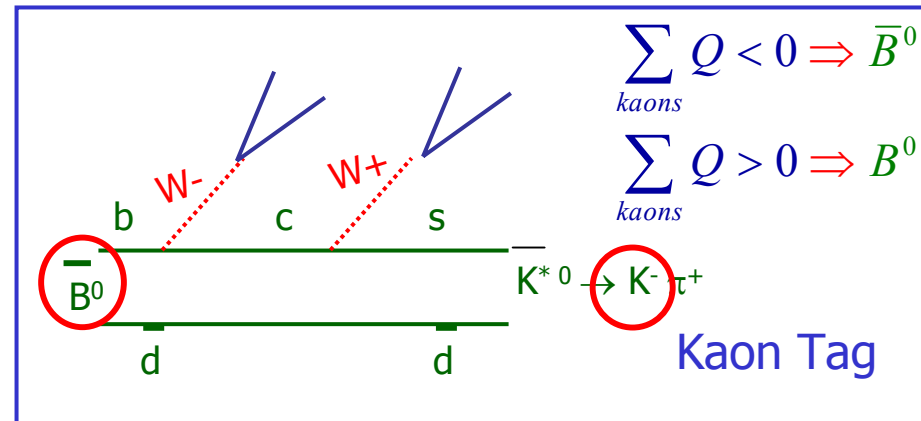
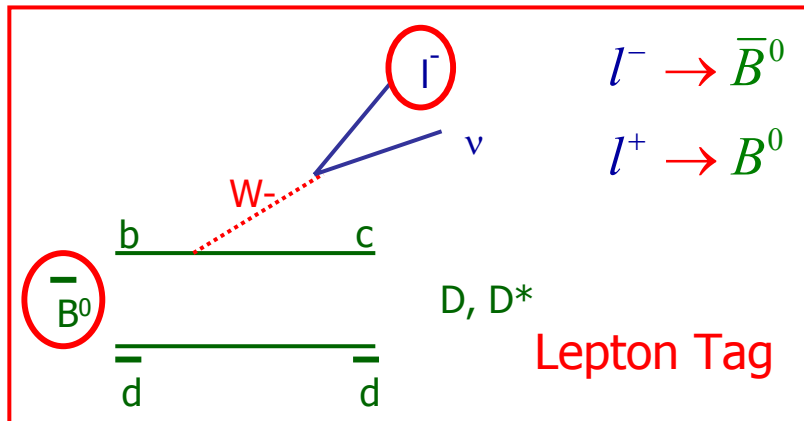
Category	Peak Yield	$f_{cont.}$	f_{fake}	$f_{otherB.}$	$f_{comb.}$
sig. sample e	7008 \pm 91	1.5%	0.17%	3.1%	17.9%
sig. sample μ	6569 \pm 88	2.3%	2.7%	2.9%	18.4%

- Select several control samples to characterize (fraction, Δt shape),
the main sources of backgrounds

Flavor Tagging

Hierarchical, Mutually Exclusive, Tagging Categories

For **electrons, muons** and Kaons use the charge correlation



Neural network exploits information carried by non-identified leptons and kaons, soft pions from D^* decays

Tagging Category	Efficiency ε (%)	Mistag Fraction w (%)	$Q = \varepsilon(1-2w)^2$ (%)
Lepton	11.1	8.6	7.6
Kaon	34.7	18.1	14.1
Neural Net	54.2	37.7	3.3



Mixing Likelihood Fit Results

- Simultaneous fit to all signal and background samples

float Δm , τ_{B0} , mistag probabilities, signal and background Δt resolution parameters, fraction of charged B

Preliminary

$$\Delta m_d = 0.492 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.013 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

$$\tau_{B0} = 1.523^{+0.024}_{-0.023} \pm 0.022 \text{ ps}$$

correlation coefficient $\rho(\Delta m, \tau_{B0}) = -0.22$

$$A_{mix}(\Delta t) = \frac{N_{unmixed}(\Delta t) - N_{mixed}(\Delta t)}{N_{unmixed}(\Delta t) + N_{mixed}(\Delta t)}$$

$$\approx (1 - 2\langle w \rangle) \cos(\Delta m \Delta t)$$



Floating parameters:

Innermost

Δm , τ_{B0}

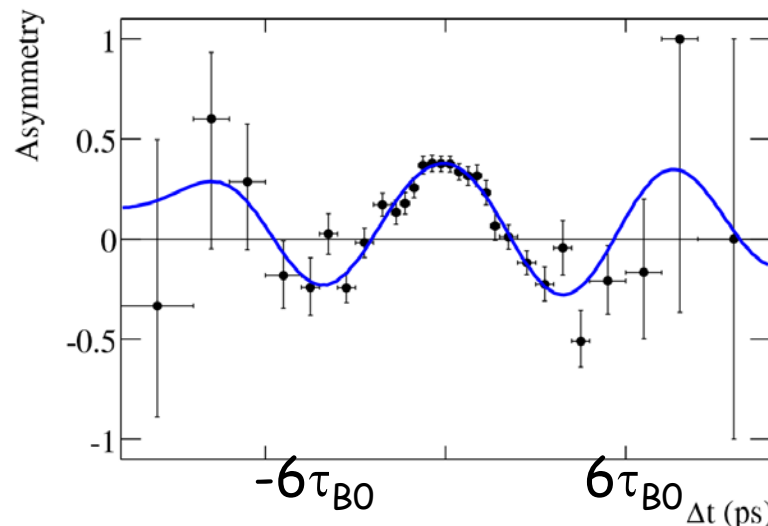
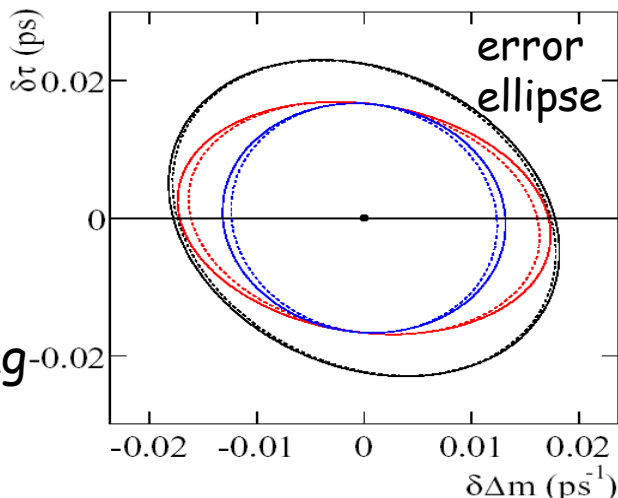
Δm , τ_{B0} , mistag

Δm , τ_{B0} , f_{B+}

Δm , τ_{B0} , f_{B+} , mistag

All signal Δt par

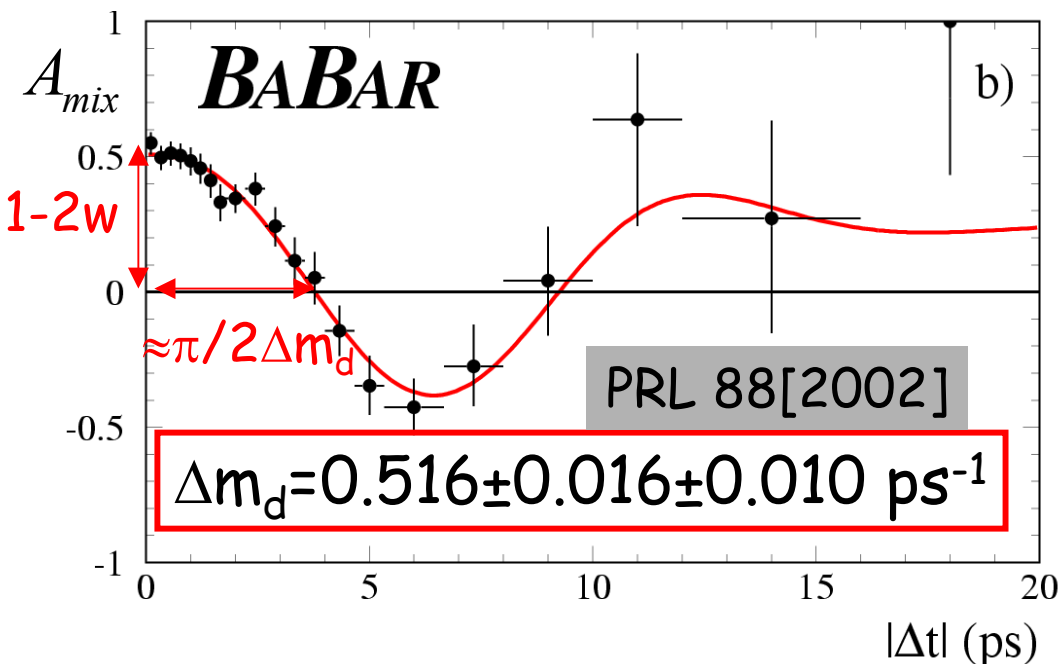
Default fit



Mixing with Hadronic Events

- Fully reconstructed $B^0 \rightarrow D^{(*)-} \pi^+ / \rho^+ / a_1^+, J/\psi K^{*0}$
- All Δt and mistag parameters simultaneously extracted from data
 - used for $\sin 2\beta$ measurement
- Largest syst. is B^0 lifetime

6347 B^0
(purity $\sim 86\%$)



- lifetime measurements with hadronic events



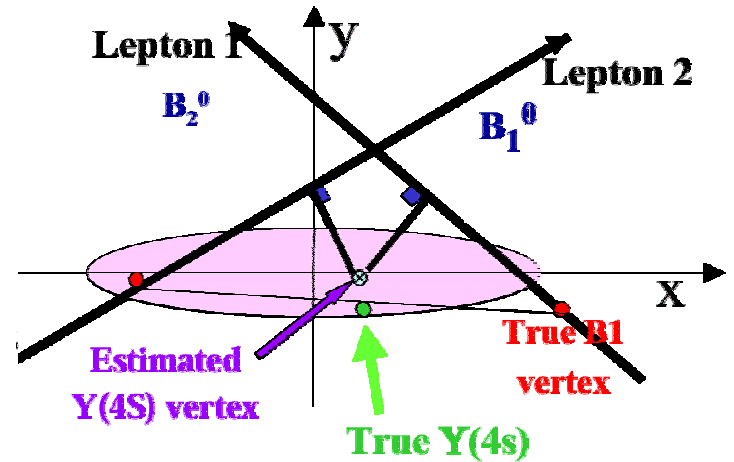
PRL 87 [2001]

$$\begin{aligned} \tau_0 &= 1.546 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.022 \text{ ps} \\ \tau_{\pm} &= 1.673 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.023 \text{ ps} \\ \tau_{\pm} / \tau_0 &= 1.082 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.012 \end{aligned}$$

Mixing with Inclusive Dilepton Events

Very precise mixing measurement

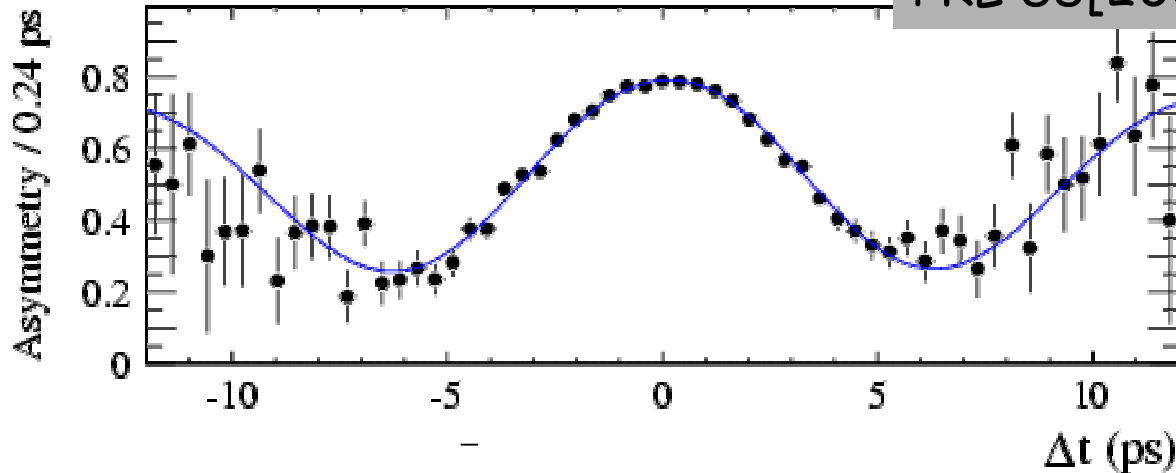
- Select events with 2 high momentum leptons (sample contains ~50% B^+)
- Largest syst. is B^0 lifetime and resolution function parameterization



$$\Delta m_d = 0.493 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.009 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

PRL 88[2002]

99010 dileptons
($B^0\bar{B}^0$ purity ~40%)

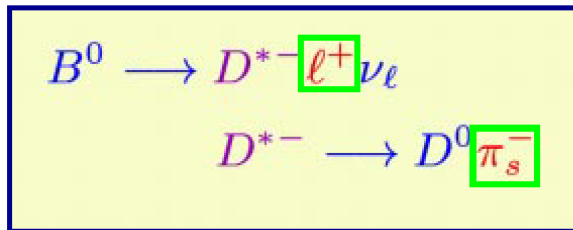


with the same sample:
T and CP violation in mixing

$$|q/p| = 0.998 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.007$$

PRL 88[2002]

B^0 Lifetime with Partially Reconstructed $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} \ell^+ \nu$



reconstruct lepton and π only

Kinematic constraints at the $\Upsilon(4S)$:

$$-\mathbf{p}_{D^*} = \alpha \mathbf{p}_\pi + \beta \mathbf{p}_\ell$$

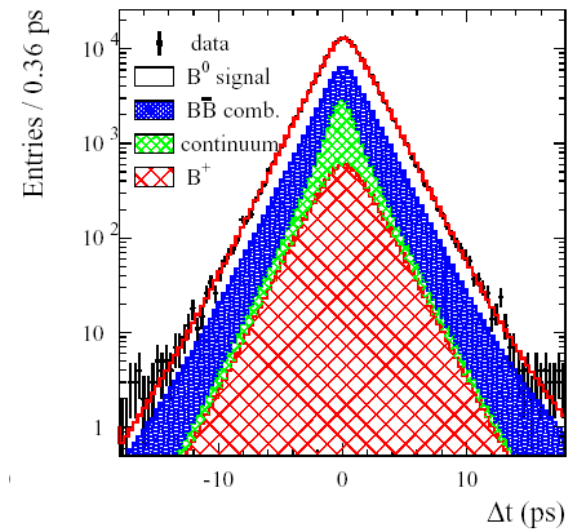
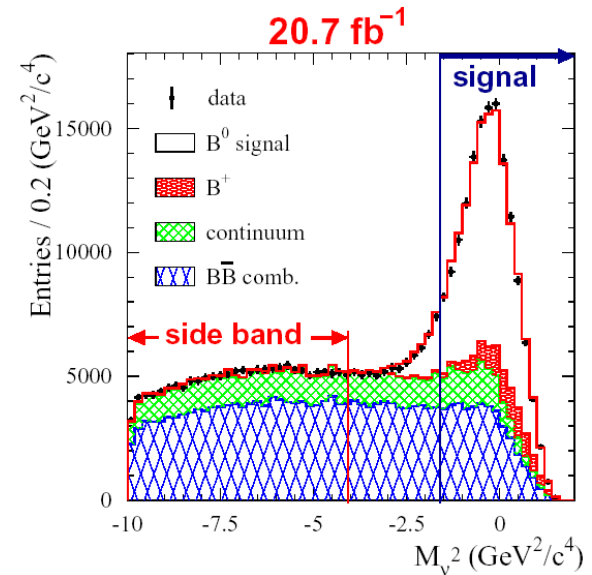
π in a small cone around D^* direction, α and β from simulation

$$-M_{\nu}^2 = (\mathbf{p}_{B^0} - \mathbf{p}_{D^*} - \mathbf{p}_\ell)^2 \approx 0$$

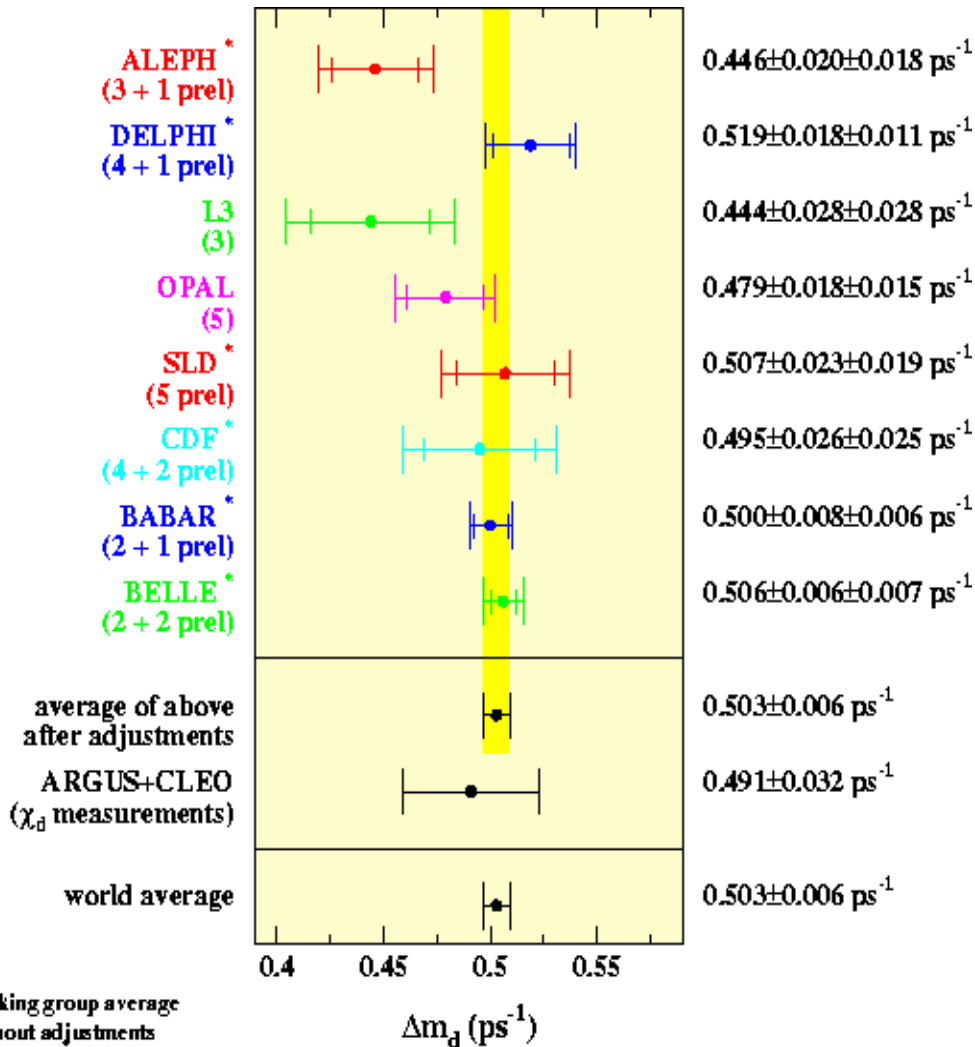
missing neutrino

$$\tau_{B^0} = 1.529 \pm 0.012 \pm 0.029 \text{ ps}$$

PRL 89[2002]



Summary



- New simultaneous measurement of Δm_d and τ_{B^0} with the exclusive $B^0 \rightarrow D^{*-} l^+ \nu_l$ sample

Preliminary

$$\Delta m_d = 0.492 \pm 0.018 \pm 0.013 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$

$$\tau_{B^0} = 1.523^{+0.024}_{-0.023} \pm 0.022 \text{ ps}$$

- Combined BaBar result for B_d mixing frequency:

$$\Delta m_d = 0.500 \pm 0.008 \pm 0.006 \text{ ps}^{-1}$$



2% error

* working group average without adjustments

Backup slide

- Signal Model (including a B^\pm component):

Signal Δt Model

$$\mathcal{G}_{\text{sig}}^\pm = [(1 - f_{B^+}) \cdot \mathcal{G}_{B^0}^\pm + f_{B^+} \cdot \mathcal{G}_{B^+}^\pm] \otimes \mathcal{R} ,$$

- neutral and charged B physics models:

$$\mathcal{G}_{B^0}^\pm(\Delta t; \tau_{B^0}, \Delta m_{B^0}, \omega_{B^0}) = \frac{1}{4\tau_{B^0}} e^{-|\Delta t|/\tau_{B^0}} \left[1 \pm (1 - 2\omega_{B^0}) \cos(\Delta m_{B^0} \Delta t) \right]$$

$$\mathcal{G}_{B^+}^\pm(\Delta t; \tau_{B^0}, \Delta m_{B^0}, \omega_{B^0}) = \frac{1}{4\tau_{B^+}} e^{-|\Delta t|/\tau_{B^+}} \left[1 \pm (1 - 2\omega_{B^+}) \right] ,$$

The ratios τ_{B^+}/τ_{B^0} and $\omega_{B^+}/\omega_{B^0}$ are kept constant.

- Resolution function

$$\mathcal{R}(\delta\Delta t, \sigma_{\Delta t}; \vec{p}) = f \cdot G + (1 - f - f_{\text{out}}) \cdot G \otimes E + f_{\text{out}} \cdot G_{\text{out}} .$$

G = Gaussian, $E = e^{(x/a)}$ for $x < 0$.

Width of G and decay constant of E scale with $\sigma_{\Delta t}$. Width and bias of G_{out} do not scale with $\sigma_{\Delta t}$. Outlier shape is fixed.



Backup slide

Background Δt Model

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{G}_{\text{BG}} &= f_{\text{osc}} \cdot \mathcal{G}_{\text{osc}} + (1 - f_{\text{osc}}) \cdot \mathcal{G}_{\text{pmt}} , \\ \mathcal{G}_{\text{pmt}}^{\pm}(\Delta t) &= (1/2) \cdot \delta(\Delta t) \cdot (1 \pm \cdot (1 - \omega_{\text{pmt}})) , \\ \mathcal{G}_{\text{osc}}^{\pm}(\Delta t) &= (1/4) \cdot \exp(-|\Delta t|/\tau_{\text{bg}}) \cdot (1 \pm \cdot (1 - \omega_{\text{osc}}) \cos \Delta m_{\text{bg}} \Delta t) .\end{aligned}$$

- continuum — all prompt ($f_{\text{osc}} = 0$).
- uncorrelated — no oscillating behavior ($\Delta m_{\text{bg}} = 0$).
- Each Δt model convoluted with a double-gaussian resolution function. Widths scaled with $\sigma_{\Delta t}$. Wide gaussian scale factors and biases are shared among four background models.

Backup slide

Systematic error

Source	$\delta\Delta m_{B^0}$ [10^{-3}ps^{-1}]	$\delta\tau_{B^0}$ [fs]	Note
Selection and fit bias	± 12.3	± 17.8	Stat error on generic MC fit
z scale	± 2.0	± 6.0	0.4% recipe
PEP-II boost	± 0.5	± 1.5	0.1% recipe
SVT alignment	± 3.0	± 5.6	diffDL, diffEL recipes with sig MC
Beamspace position	± 1.0	± 5.0	Move/smear BS in sig MC
Bkg / signal prob.	± 2.9	± 3.2	Vary $m(D^*) - m(D^0)$ fits
Fixed B^+/B^0 lifetime ratio	∓ 0.3	± 1.9	Vary lifetime ratio by $\pm 1\sigma$ (PDG2002)
Fixed B^+/B^0 mistag ratio	∓ 0.1	∓ 0.3	Vary mistag ratios by $\pm 1\sigma$ (BAD119)
<i>more...</i>			



Backup slide

Systematic error

Source	$\delta\Delta m_{B^0}$ [10^{-3}ps^{-1}]	$\delta\tau_{B^0}$ [fs]	Note
Signal resolution model	± 0.9	± 3.4	G+G+G vs GExp+G
Fixed signal outlier shape	± 1.0	± 5.4	Vary outlier width & bias
Bkg Δt models	± 1.2	± 6.3	Vary comb. bkg model
Total syst. error	13	22	

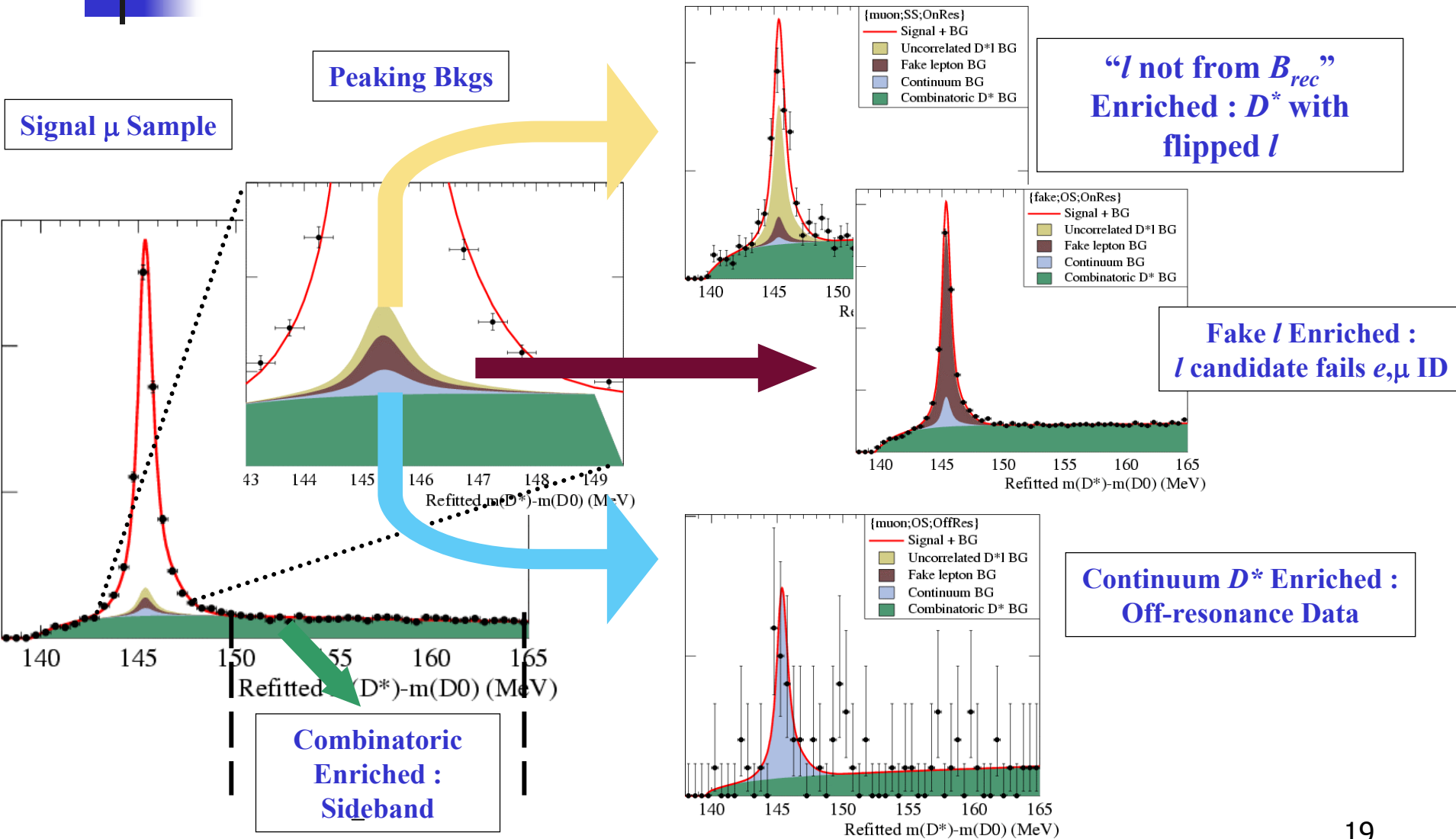


Backup slide

Mistag fraction determined from simultaneous fit to B_{flav} sample

Tagging Category	Efficiency $\varepsilon(\%)$	Mistag Fraction $w(\%)$	B^0/\bar{B}^0 diff. $\Delta w(\%)$	$Q=\varepsilon(1-2w)^2$ (%)
Lepton	11.1 ± 0.2	8.6 ± 0.9	0.6 ± 1.5	7.6 ± 0.4
Kaon	34.7 ± 0.4	18.1 ± 0.7	-0.9 ± 1.1	14.1 ± 0.6
NT1	7.7 ± 0.2	22.0 ± 1.5	1.4 ± 2.3	2.4 ± 0.3
NT2	14.0 ± 0.3	37.3 ± 1.3	-4.7 ± 1.9	0.9 ± 0.2
All	67.5 ± 0.5			25.1 ± 0.8

Backup slide



Backup slide

