

First  Heavy Flavor  
Results Using the Silicon  
Vertex Trigger

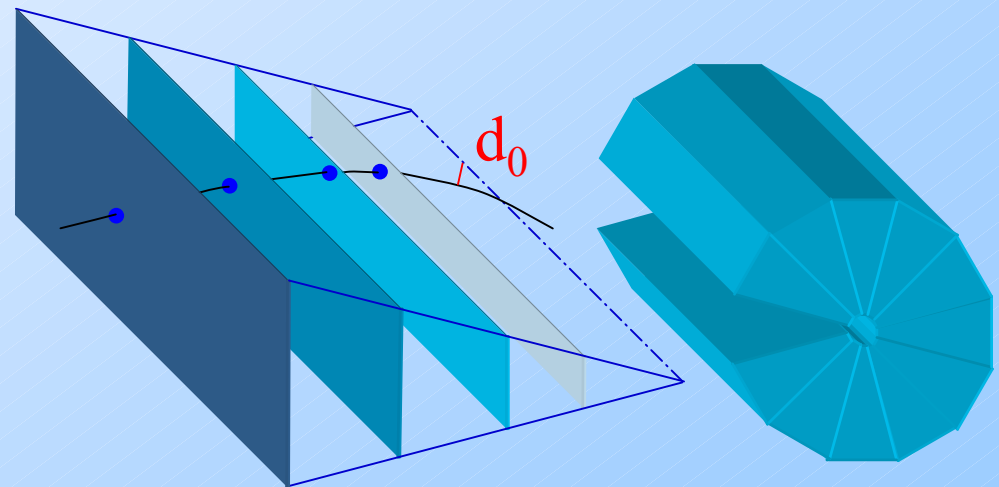
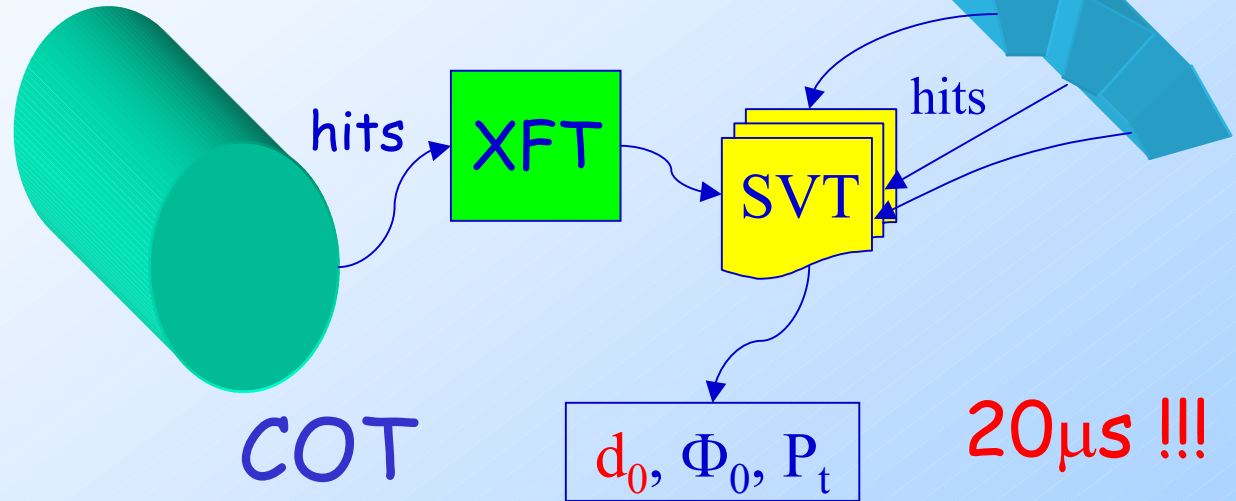
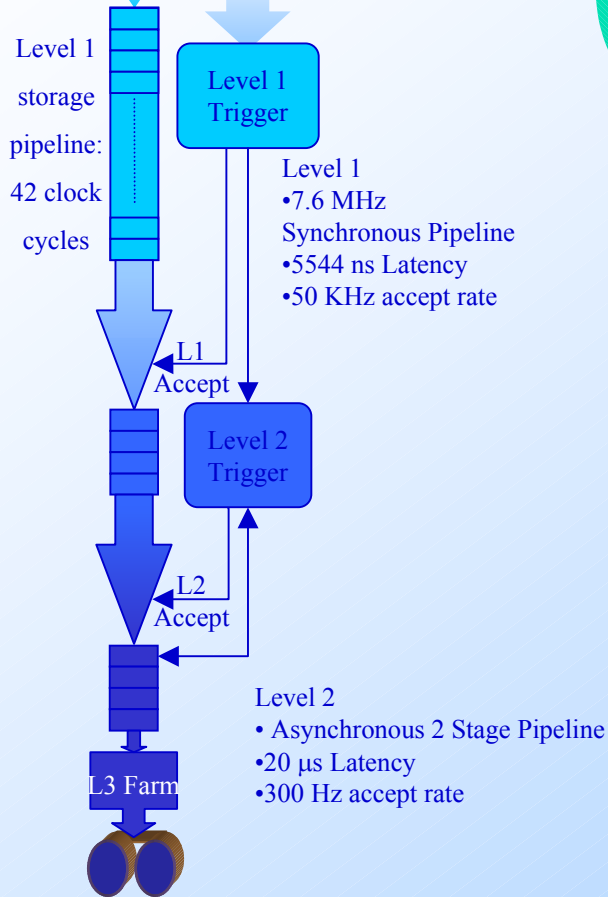
A. Cerri



# The Silicon Vertex Trigger



7.6 MHz Crossing rate  
132 ns clock

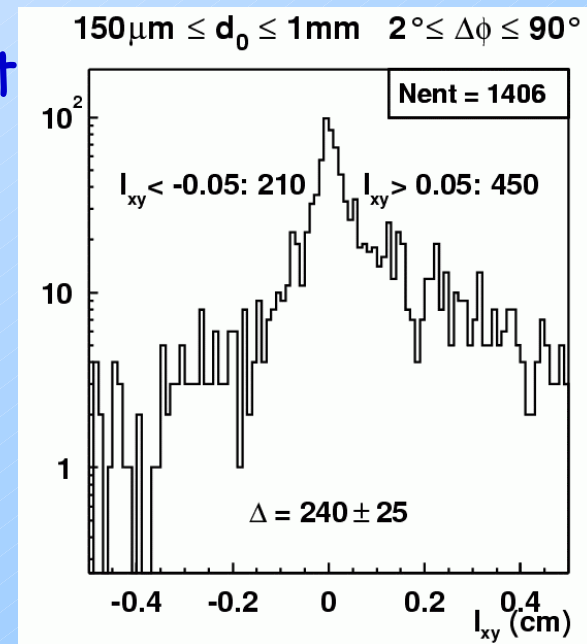


# The T<sub>wo</sub> T<sub>rack</sub> T<sub>rigger</sub>

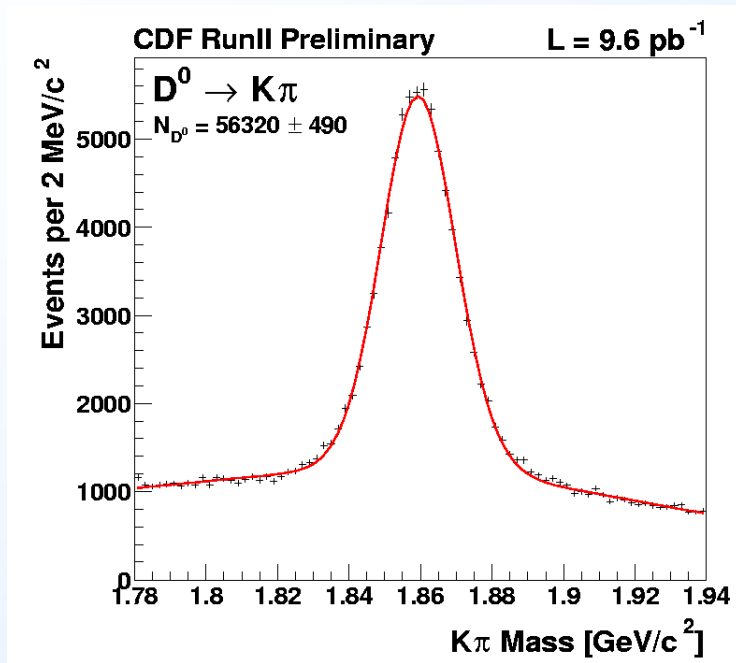
is just a selection based on the SiliconVertexTrigger...

- Why so much emphasis on tracking at trigger level?
  - B physics at hadron colliders has two main features:
    - ① Large cross section  $O(0.1 \text{ mb} !!!)$
    - ② Huge background  $O(0.05 \text{ b} !!!)$
  - So far CDF has only one cure: require leptons
  - There comes the challenge: tracking at trigger level with sufficient resolution!

The TTT is the first case in which CDF investigates low Pt B physics without explicitly requiring leptons

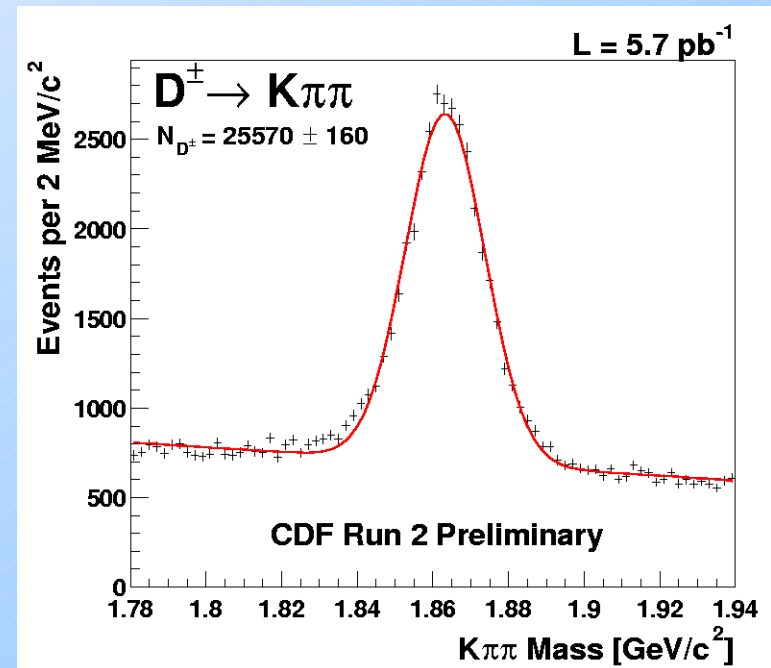


# First HF signals...



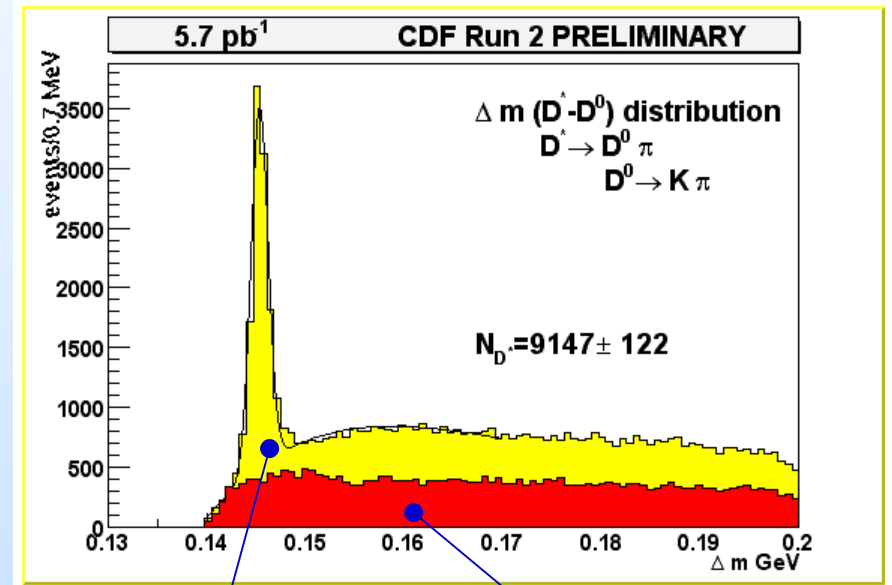
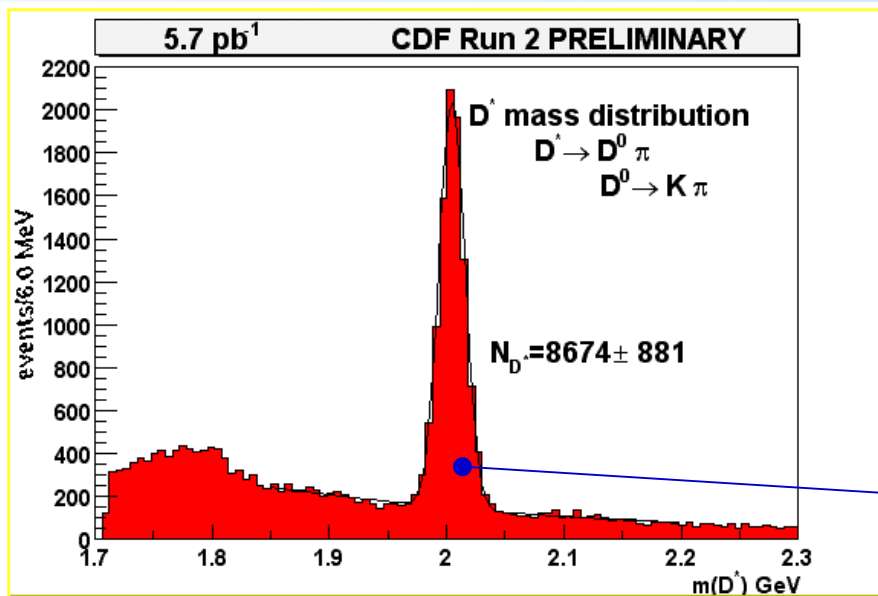
- Offline confirmation of TTT cuts
- $\Delta z(K-\pi) < 5\text{cm}$
- $L_{xy}(D) > 500\ \mu\text{m}$
- $d_0(K) \cdot d_0(\pi) \leq 0$
- $P_T(D) > 5.5\ \text{GeV}/c$

- Offline confirmation of TTT cuts
- $\Delta z(K-\pi_1, K-\pi_2, \pi_1-\pi_2) < 5\text{cm}$
- $L_{xy}(D^+) > 800\ \mu\text{m}$
- $\chi^2_{xy} < 30$
- $P_T(D^+) > 6\ \text{GeV}/c$



# ...something even cleaner

- Offline confirmation of TTT cuts
- $\Delta z(K-\pi, K-\pi_s, \pi-\pi_s) < 4\text{cm}$
- $m(D^0) \in [1.56, 2.16] \text{ MeV}$
- $Q(K)*Q(\pi) < 0$        $Q(K)*Q(\pi_s) < 0$
- $\Delta R(D^0-\pi_s) < 0.2$



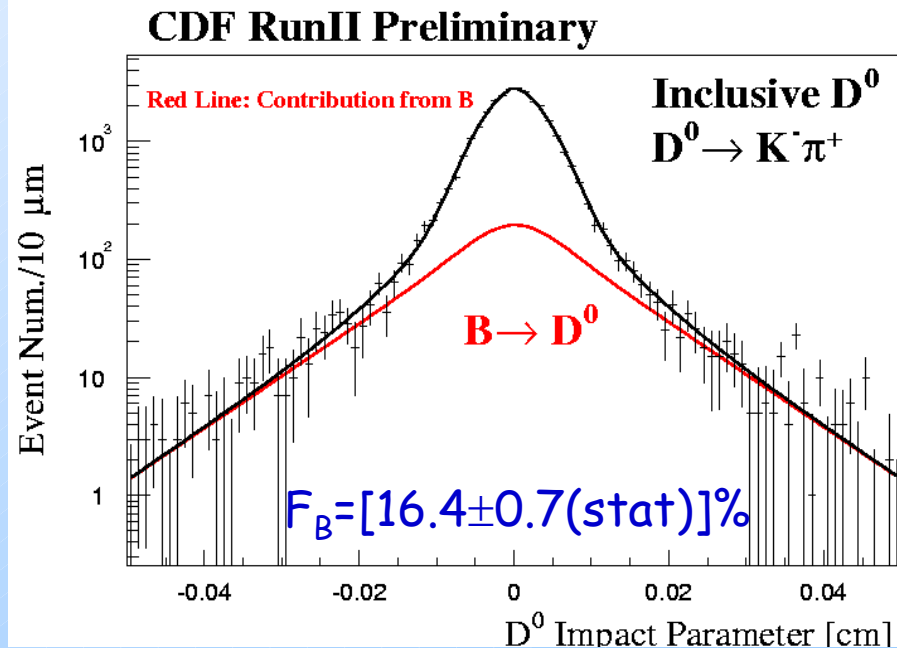
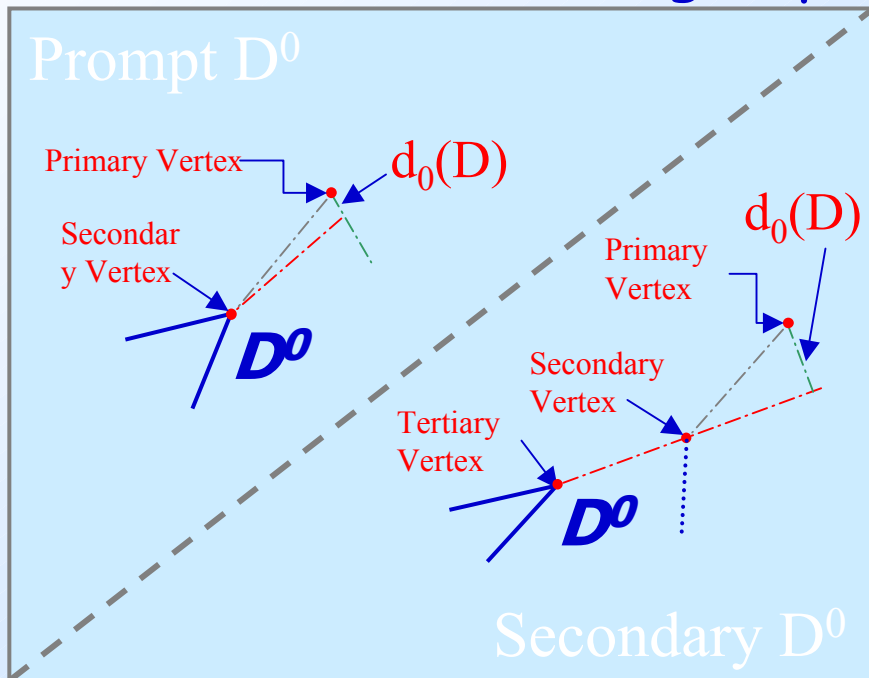
$$|m(D^0) - m(D^0 \text{ PDG})| \in [0.25, 0.3] \text{ GeV}$$

$$|m(D^0) - m(D^0 \text{ PDG})| < 0.1$$

$$|m(D^*) - m(D^0) - 0.1455| < 3 \text{ MeV}$$

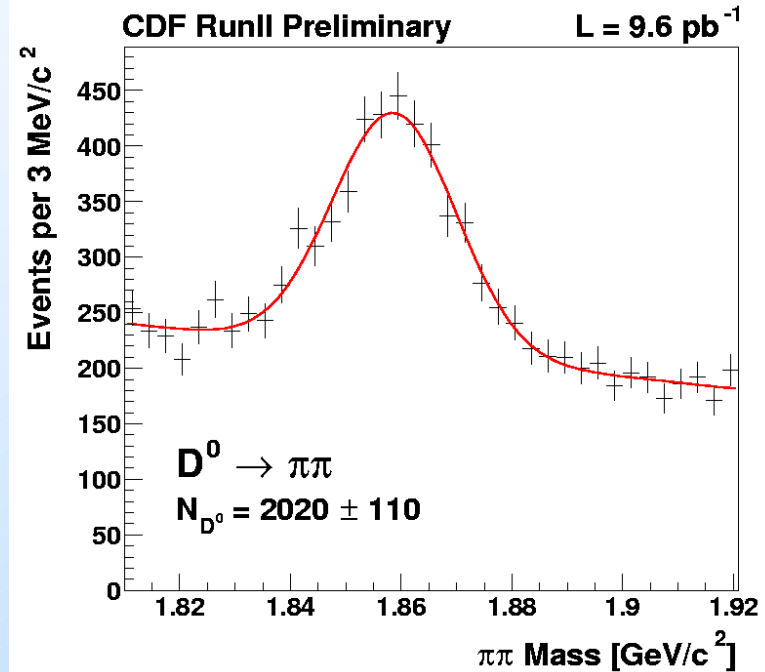
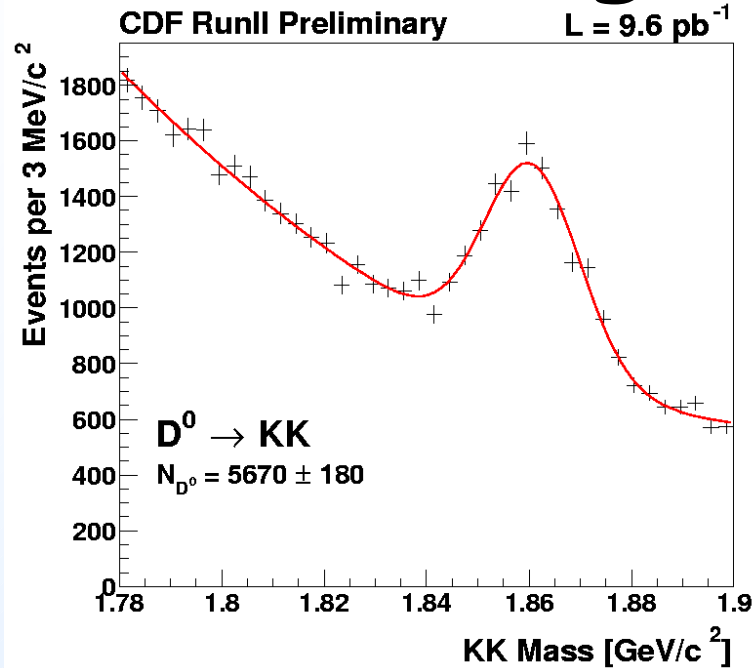
# Is the Tevatron/CDF a charm factory?!??

- Get a clean charm sample
- $d_0(D)$  distributed differently for prompt/non prompt
- Careful modeling exploiting  $K^0$  and analytic models



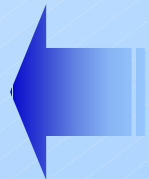
There's Plenty of Prompt Charm!

# CP eigenstates...



With a selection very close to the  $K\pi$  signal we see  $D^0$  decays to CP eigenstates, with incredible yields!

$$\frac{\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi)}{\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow K\pi)}$$
$$\frac{\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow KK)}{\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow K\pi)}$$



are already accessible  
with good statistical  
accuracy and  
reasonable  
systematics!!!

# KK/ $\pi\pi$ / $K\pi$ relative BR

- Is a good benchmark
- PDG measurements have errors close compared to our **current** statistics
- Systematics is reasonable because  $K\pi/\pi\pi/KK$  share:
  - Selection
  - $\approx$  Kinematics
  - Mass

$$\frac{\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow K^+K^-)}{\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow K\pi)} = [11.18 \pm 0.48(stat) \pm 0.98(syst)]\%$$

$$PDG = [10.83 \pm 0.26]\%$$

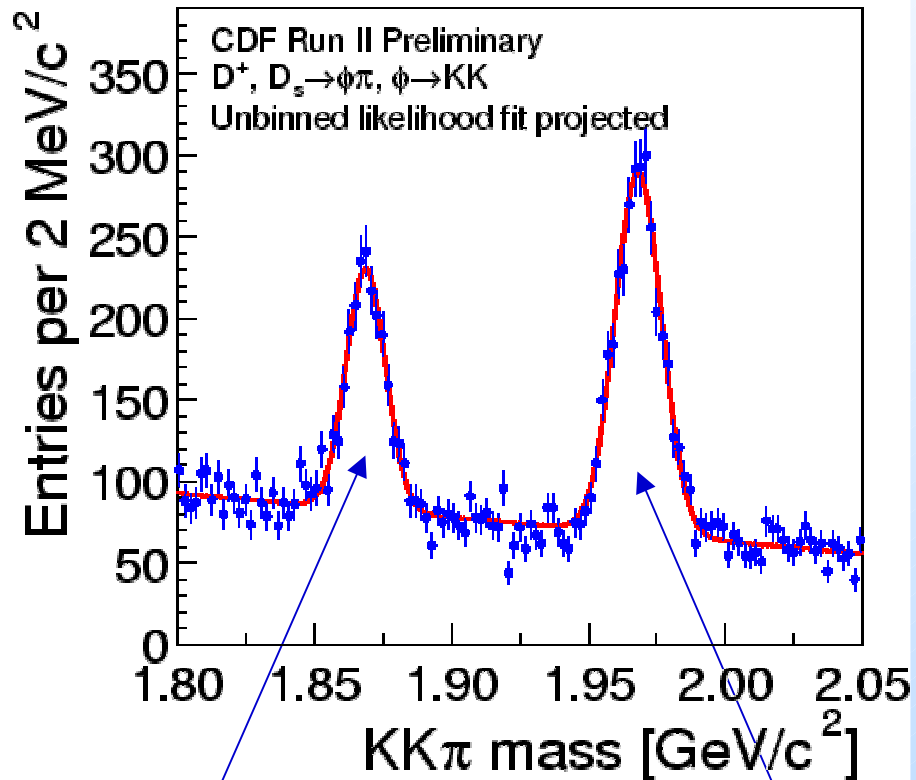
$$\frac{\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)}{\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow K\pi)} = [3.37 \pm 0.20(stat) \pm 0.16(syst)]\%$$

$$PDG = [3.76 \pm 0.17]\%$$

Effect	KK/ $K\pi$ Syst. Error [%]	$\pi\pi$ / $K\pi$ Syst. Error [%]
Background Model (POLY2, POLY3, EXP)	7.9	1.4
Reflected Peak Model ( $\sigma$ ratio $\pm 1\sigma$ , free $\sigma$ )	1.3	1.3
Lifetime Difference (average from PDG)	2.2	2.2
DCS decays (from PDG)	0.4	0.4
Tracking	0.4	1.7
Trigger Simulation (parametr. Vs GEANT)	1.9	2.5
Mean Z ( $\pm 1.5$ cm)	0.7	0.5
Material Description	0.5	0.5
Input Spectra (realistic Vs flat)	1.8	1.8
b/c ratio	1.1	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>4.6</b>



# And something *strange*!



- Offline confirmation of TTT cuts
- $\Delta z(K-K) < 4\text{cm}$
- $m(\phi) \in [1010, 1035] \text{ MeV}$
- $\Delta z(\phi-\pi) < 4\text{cm}$
- $\chi^2(r\phi) < 7$
- $L_{xy}(D) > 500 \text{ um}$
- helicity cut  $|\cos(\theta_{\text{helicity}}^\phi)| > 0.4$
- keep candidate with largest helicity
- Fit gaussians+linear background

•  $1350 \pm 60$  events  
 •  $7.1 \pm 0.4 \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
 •  $S/B \approx 0.76$

ICHEP 2002

•  $2360 \pm 70$  events  
 •  $8.4 \pm 0.2 \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
 •  $S/B \approx 1.4$

Yum...

# $\Delta m(D^+ - D_s)$

- Is a good benchmark
- PDG measurements have errors **close** compared to our statistics
- Systematics is reasonable because  $D^+/D_s$  share:
  - Selection
  - Kinematics
  - $\approx$  Mass

$$\Delta m = 99.28 \pm 0.43(\text{stat}) \pm 0.27(\text{syst}) \text{ MeV} / c^2$$

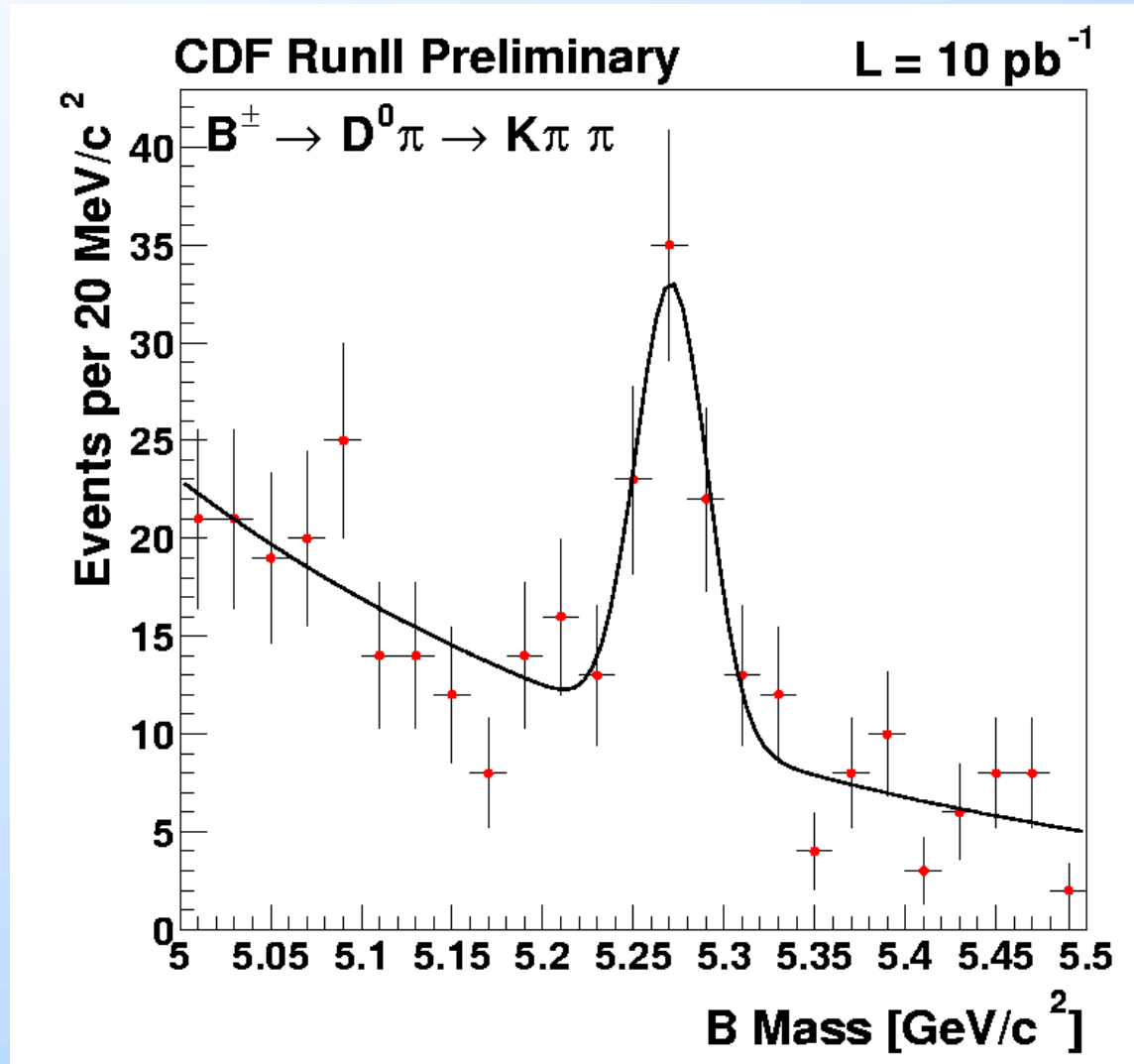
Previous PDG average:  $99.2 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV} / c^2$

## Systematics

Effect	Syst. Error [MeV/c <sup>2</sup> ]
$\chi^2$ cut ( $\pm 1$ )	0.06
$L_{xy}$ cut ( $\pm 100 \mu\text{m}$ )	0.09
$\text{Cos}(\theta_{\text{hel}})$ cut ( $\pm 0.05$ )	0.09
Duplicate removal (on/off)	0.04
COT error scale (on/off)	0.03
False curv. (on/off)	0.055
SVX material ( $\pm 1\sigma$ )	0.015
B field ( $\pm 1\sigma$ )	0.025
Background shape (lin/exp)	0.22
Fitting range (2x)	-
Kinematics (reweight in Pt)	0.004
Total	0.273

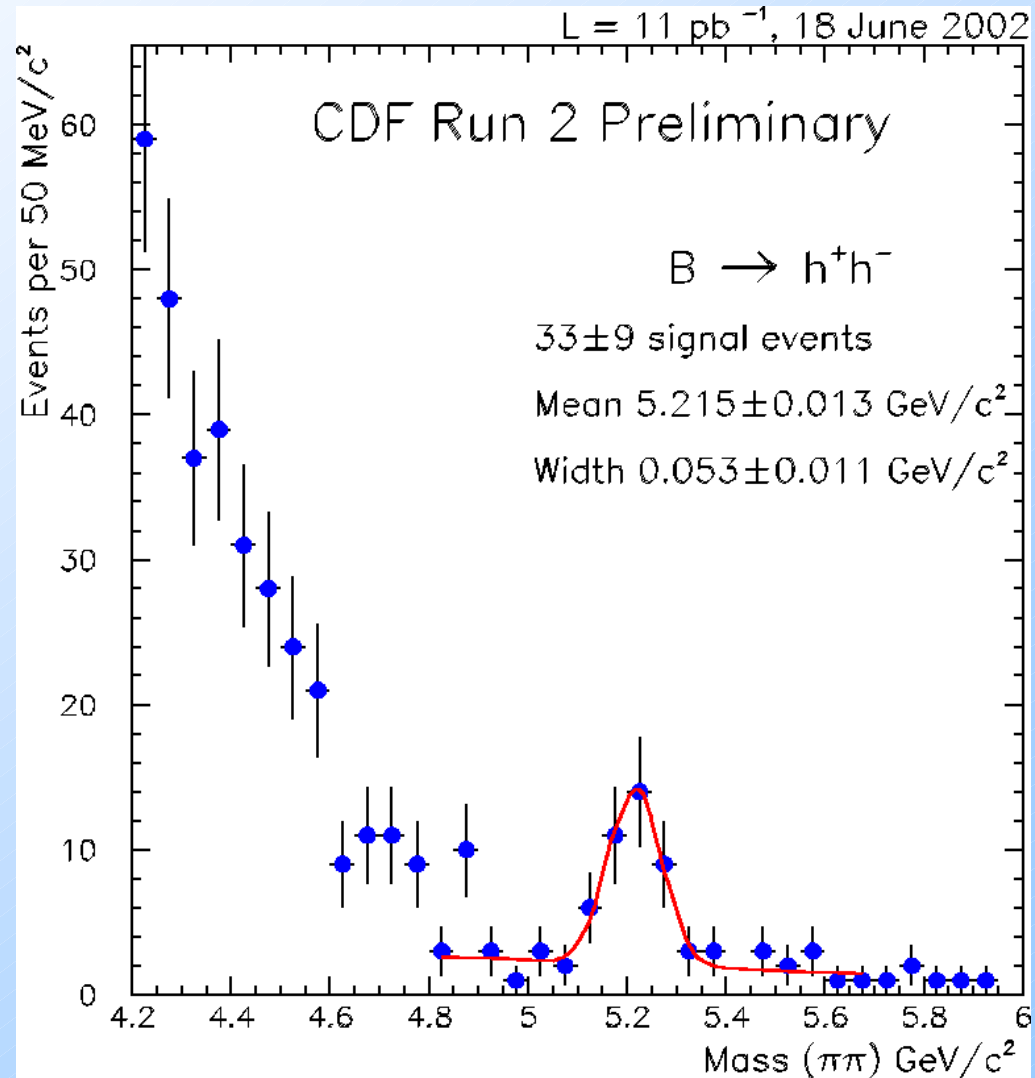
# What about Bees? (I)

- Offline confirmation of TTT cuts
- $M(D^0)$  within  $4\sigma$
- $\Delta z(\text{tracks}) < 5 \text{ cm}$
- $0 < L_{xy}(D) < 4 \text{ mm}$
- $\Delta\phi(D-\pi) < 2 \text{ rad}$
- $d(\pi) * d(D) < 0$
- $|d(B)| < 100 \mu\text{m}$
- $P_+(B) > 5.5 \text{ GeV}$



# What about Bees? (II)

- Offline confirmation of TTT cuts
- $L_{xy} > 0.05$
- $|\eta(B)| < 1$
- $|d(\pi)| > 0.02$
- $|d(B)| < 0.075$
- Isolation:  $\frac{P_t(B)}{\sum_{\Delta R(B-X) < 0.5} P_t(X)} > 0.5$



# Comments on Yields

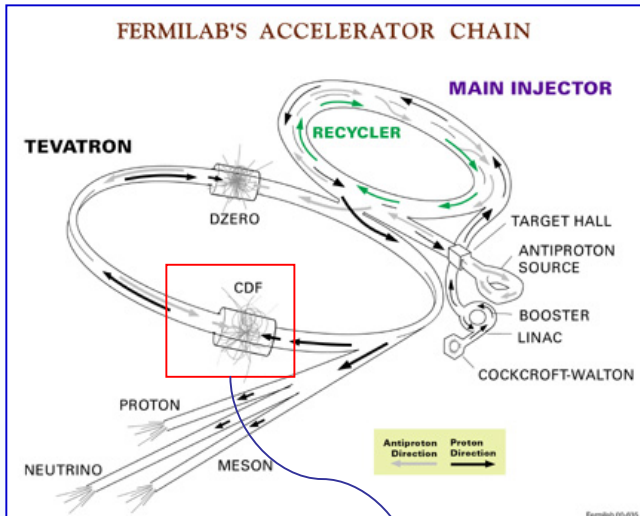
- Signals based on  $\approx 10\text{pb}^{-1}$  out of  $2\text{fb}^{-1}$  to come...
- The data sample comes from commissioning with:
  - partial Si coverage
  - Non optimized trigger
  - Reliably understand these differences in simulation
- Expect  $\geq \times 3$  improvement in TTT B physics yields
- Additional improvements in offline efficiency expected

# Conclusions...

- **Plenty** of Charm!
  - Good benchmark for two body charmless B decays:
    - Energy scale, PID and dE/dx
  - By themselves:
    - Large statistics  $\Rightarrow$  "world class" charm physics:
      - $\Delta m(D_s - D^+)$
      - $\{\Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi), \Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow KK)\} / \Gamma(D^0 \rightarrow K\pi)$
    - These are good physics benchmarks of what we will be able to do with the full statistics!
- Charmed/uncharmed B are showing up!
  - First observation of fully hadronic B (hh,  $D^0\pi$ )
  - Background rates compatible with predictions
  - Yields fully understood
  - Now the fun begins!!!

# Backup Slides

# CDF II



• Renewed detector & Accelerator chain:

→ Higher Luminosity → higher event rate

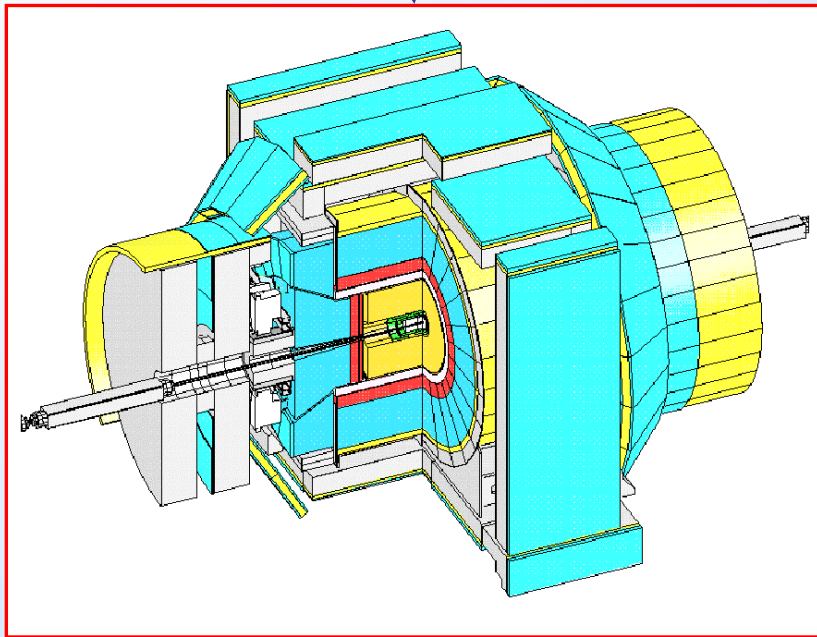
→ Detector changes/improvements:

→ DAQ redesign

→ Improved performance:

➤ Detector Coverage

➤ Tracking Quality





# Two Paths...

## PiPi

• L1:

- Two XFT tracks
- $P_{t1} > 2 \text{ GeV}$   $P_{t1} + P_{t2} > 5.5 \text{ GeV}$
- $\Delta\phi < 135^\circ$

High Mass

• L2:

- $d_0 > 100 \mu\text{m}$  for both tracks
- Validation of L1 cuts and  $\Delta\phi > 20^\circ$
- $P_t \cdot X_v > 0$
- $d_0(B) < 140 \mu\text{m}$

Two Body

## DsPi

• L1:

- Two XFT tracks
- $P_{t1} > 2 \text{ GeV}$   $P_{t1} + P_{t2} > 5.5 \text{ GeV}$
- $\Delta\phi < 135^\circ$

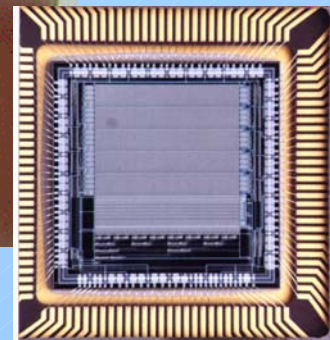
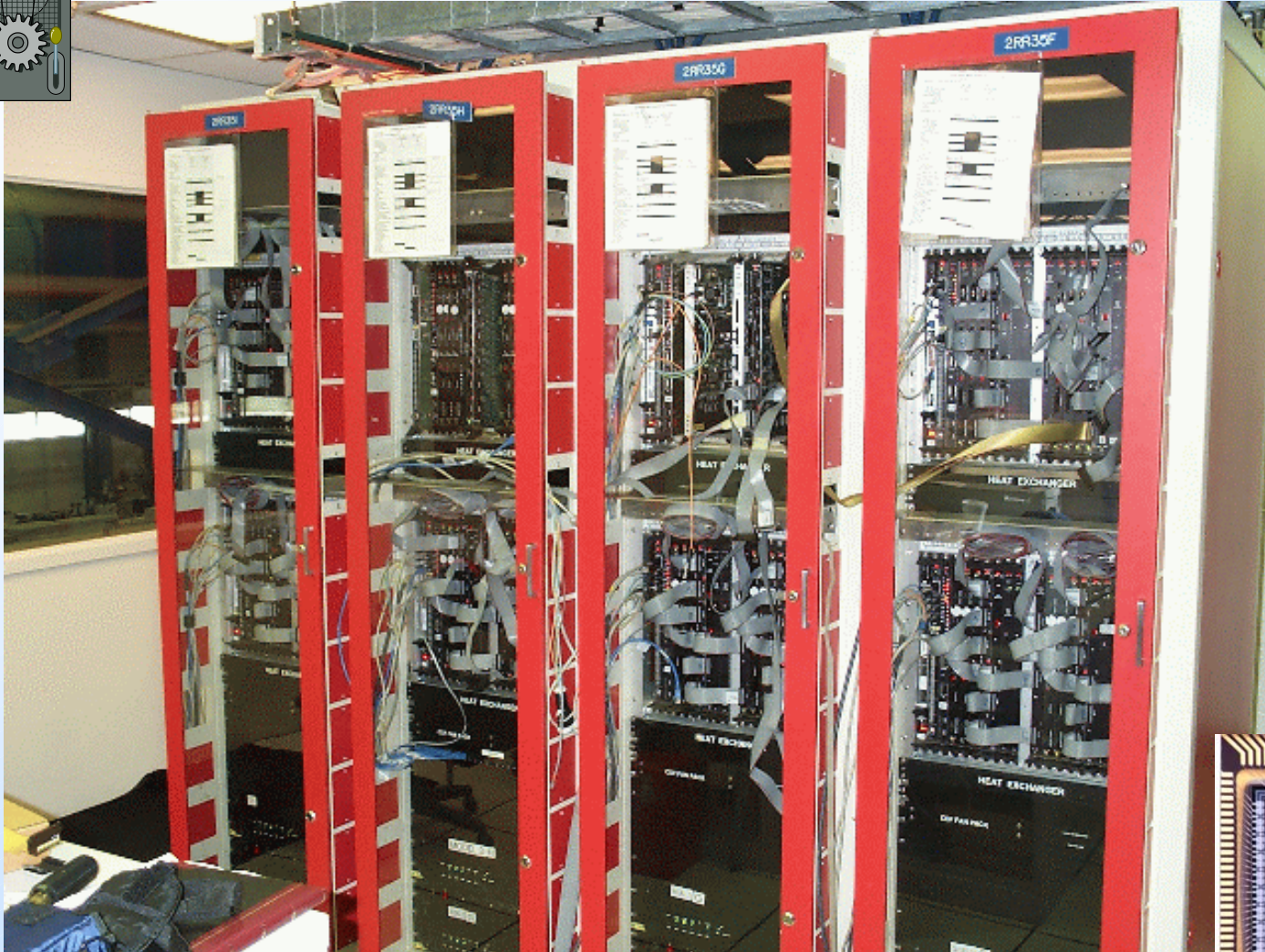
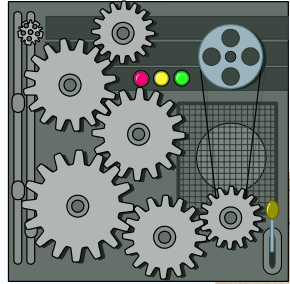
Low Mass

• L2:

- $d_0 > 120 \mu\text{m}$  for both tracks
- Validation of L1 cuts and  $\Delta\phi > 2^\circ$
- $P_t \cdot X_v > 0$
- ~~$d_0(B) < 140 \mu\text{m}$~~

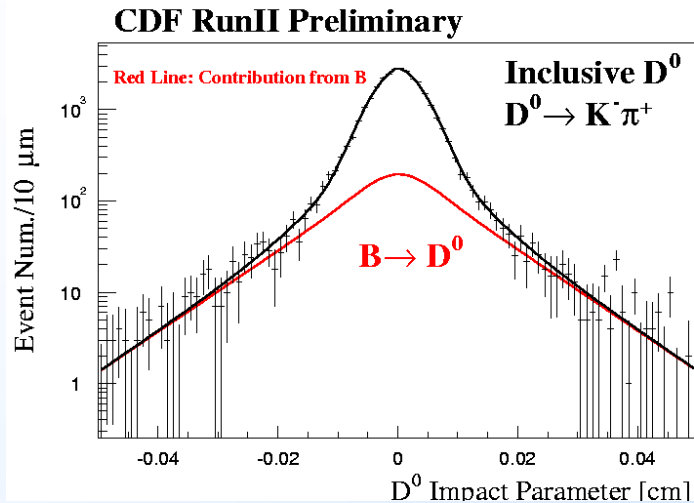
Many Body

# How does it look like?

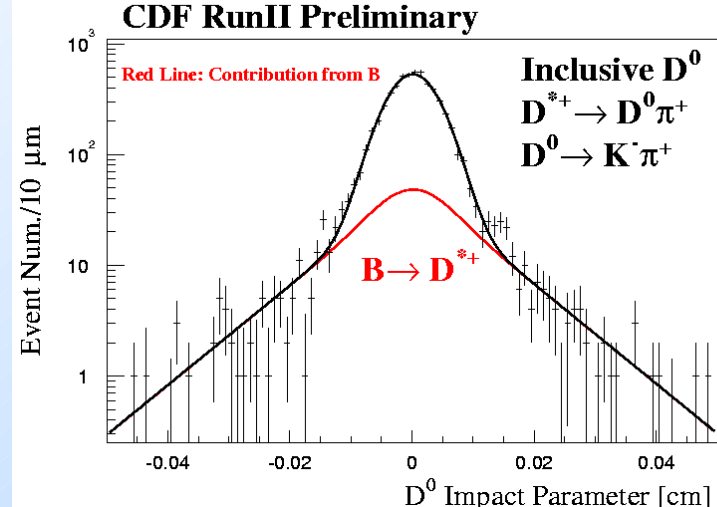


# Prompt fractions...

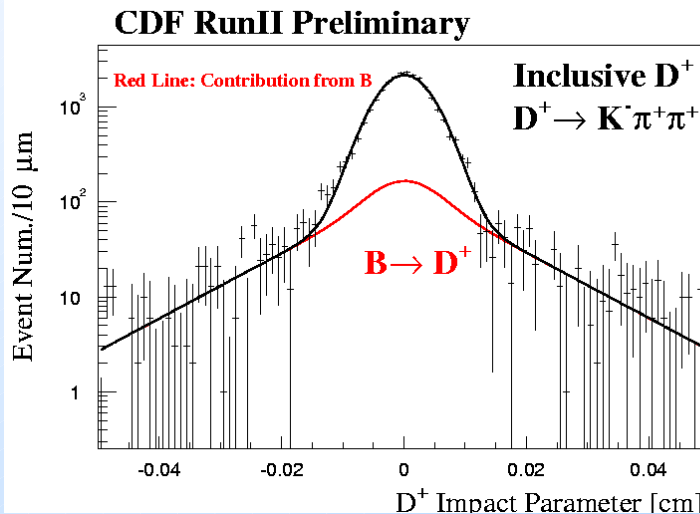
[16.4±0.7(stat)]%



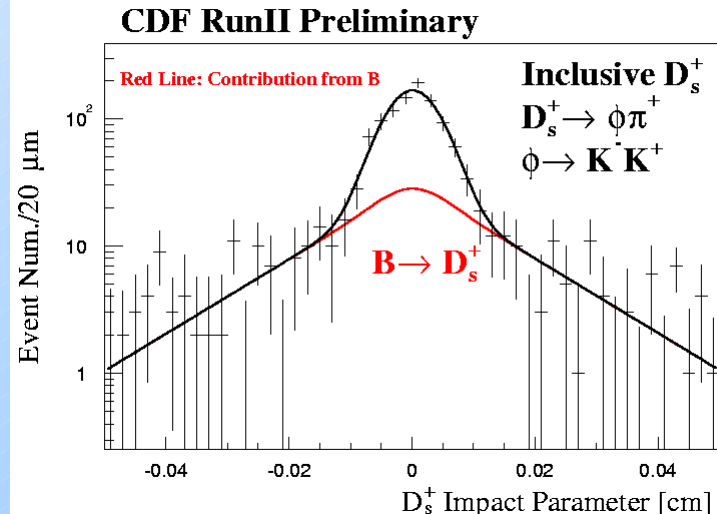
[11.4±1.4(stat)]%



[11.3±0.5(stat)]%

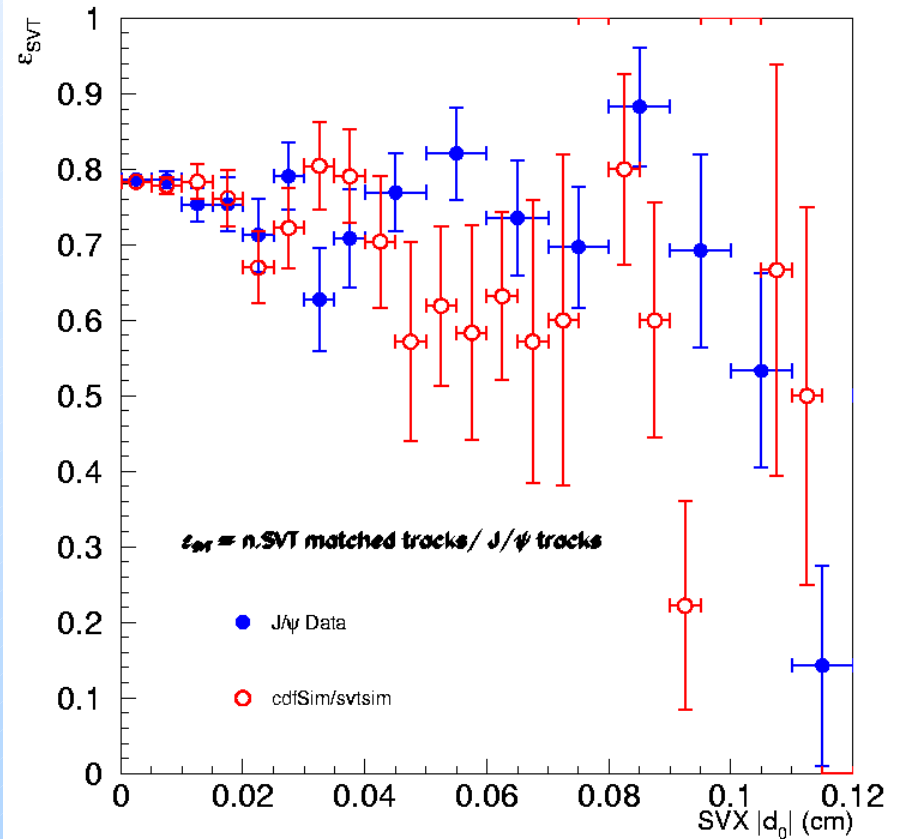
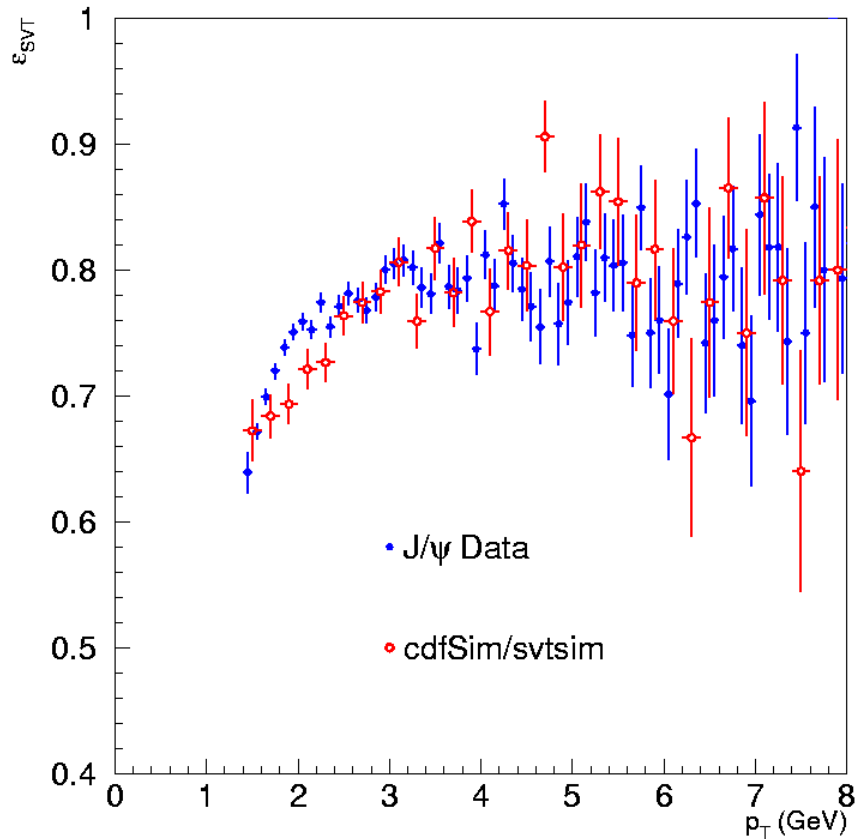


[34.8±2.8(stat)]%



# Backup slide I

How well do we know how to model the trigger selection/detector effects?



# Backup Slide II

$D^+ - D_s$  cuts

