

# Inclusive B Decays - Spectra, Moments and CKM Matrix Elements

Presented by  
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# Outline

- ❖ **Motivation** for measuring moments of various spectra.
- ❖ **Moments Measurements and  $|V_{cb}|$** 
  - $E_\gamma$  spectrum in inclusive decays  $B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$
  - $M_X^2$  spectrum in inclusive decays  $B \rightarrow X_c \ell \nu$
  - $E_\ell$  spectrum in inclusive decays  $B \rightarrow X_c \ell \nu$
- ❖ **Moments Summary**
- ❖ **Extraction of  $|V_{ub}|$** 
  - More from  $E_\gamma$  spectrum and lepton energy endpoint ( $|V_{ub}|$ )
  - $|V_{ub}|$  from  $B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu$
  - Using more than one kinematic variable at a time ( $B \rightarrow X \ell \nu$ ).
- ❖ **Summary**

# Motivation

- **HQET+OPE** allows any inclusive observable to be written as a double expansion in powers of  $\alpha_s$  and  $1/M_B$ :

$$\text{Observable} = A(\alpha_s, \beta_0 \alpha_s^2) + B(\alpha_s) \bar{\Lambda}/M + C\lambda_1/M^2 + D\lambda_2/M^2 + E\bar{\Lambda}^2/M^2 + O(1/M^3)$$

$O(1/M)$ :  $\bar{\Lambda}$  energy of light degrees of freedom

$O(1/M^2)$   $\lambda_1$  - kinetic energy squared of b quark

$\lambda_2$  hyperfine splitting (known from  $B/B^*$  and  $D/D^*$   $\Delta M$ )

$O(1/M^3)$   $\rho_1, \rho_2, \tau_1, \tau_2, \tau_3, \tau_4 \sim (.5 \text{ GeV})^3$  from dimensional considerations

- $\Gamma_{sl} = |\mathbf{V}_{cb}|^2 (A(\alpha_s, \beta_0 \alpha_s^2) + B(\alpha_s) \bar{\Lambda}/M_B + C\lambda_1/M_B^2 + \dots)$

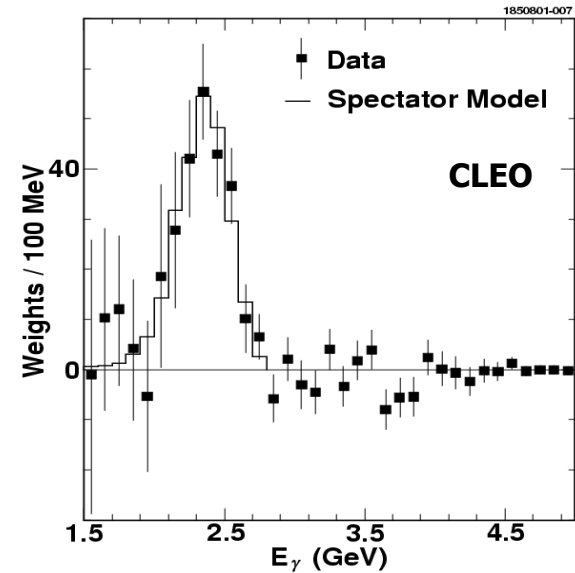
- Measurement of 1 observable gives a band in  $\bar{\Lambda}-\lambda_1$  space.

Measurement of 2 gives an intersection and  $(\bar{\Lambda}, \lambda_1)$

- $\bar{\Lambda}, \lambda_1$  combined with the  $\Gamma_{sl}$  measurements  $\Rightarrow$  better  $|\mathbf{V}_{cb}|^2$

- **ISSUES:** assumption of quark-hadron duality, scheme dependence, size of higher order terms.

# Hadronic Mass and Photon Energy



$$\langle E_\gamma \rangle = 2.346 \pm 0.032 \pm 0.011 \text{ GeV}$$

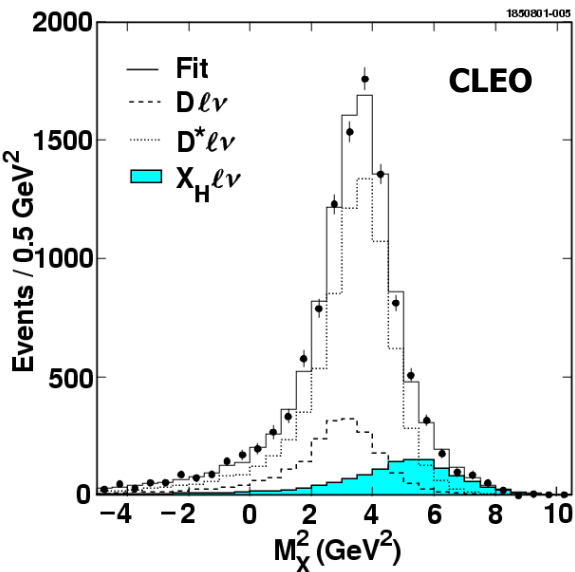
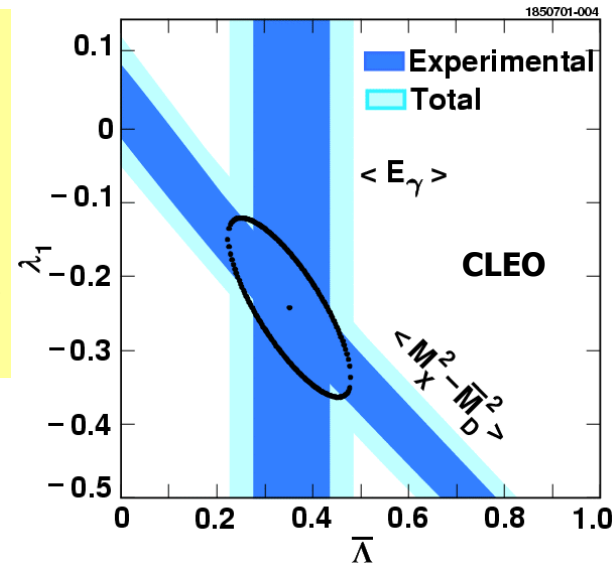
$$\langle E_\gamma^2 \rangle - \langle E_\gamma \rangle^2 = 0.0226 \pm 0.0066 \pm 0.0020 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$\langle (M_x^2 - \bar{M}_D^2) \rangle = 0.251 \pm 0.023 \pm 0.062 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$\langle (M_x^2 - \langle M_x^2 \rangle)^2 \rangle = 0.576 \pm 0.048 \pm 0.163 \text{ GeV}^4$$

**PRL 87 251807 '01**

**PRL 87 251808 '01**



In  $\overline{\text{MS}}$  scheme, at order  $1/M_B^3$   
and  $\alpha_s^2 \beta_0$

$$\bar{\Lambda} = 0.35 \pm 0.07 \pm 0.10 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\lambda_1 = -0.236 \pm 0.071 \pm 0.078 \text{ GeV}^2$$

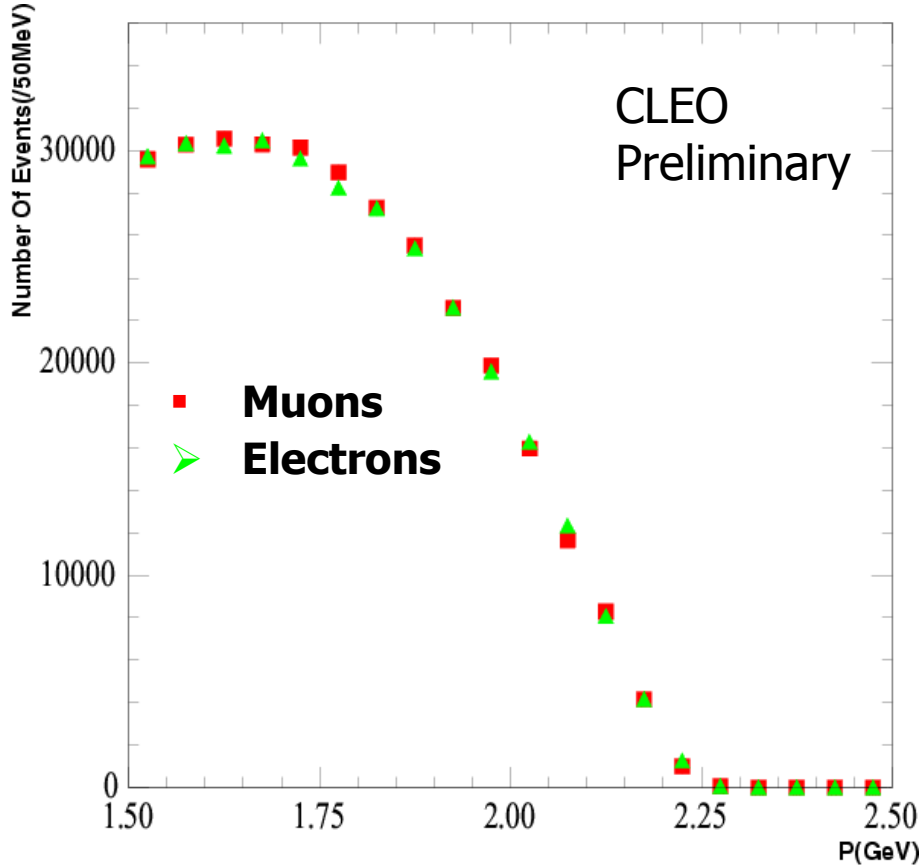
$$|V_{cb}| = (4.04 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.08) 10^{-2}$$

$\Gamma_{sl}$

$\bar{\Lambda}, \lambda_1$

Theory

# Lepton Energy Moments (CLEO Preliminary)



Unfolded Lepton Energy Spectrum  
for leptons from  $B \rightarrow X \ell \nu$

$$R_0 = \frac{\int_{1.7} \frac{d\Gamma_{sl}}{dE_l} dE_l}{\int_{1.5} \frac{d\Gamma_{sl}}{dE_l} dE_l}$$

*M. Gremm, A. Kapustin,  
Z. Ligeti M. Wise,  
I. Stewart*

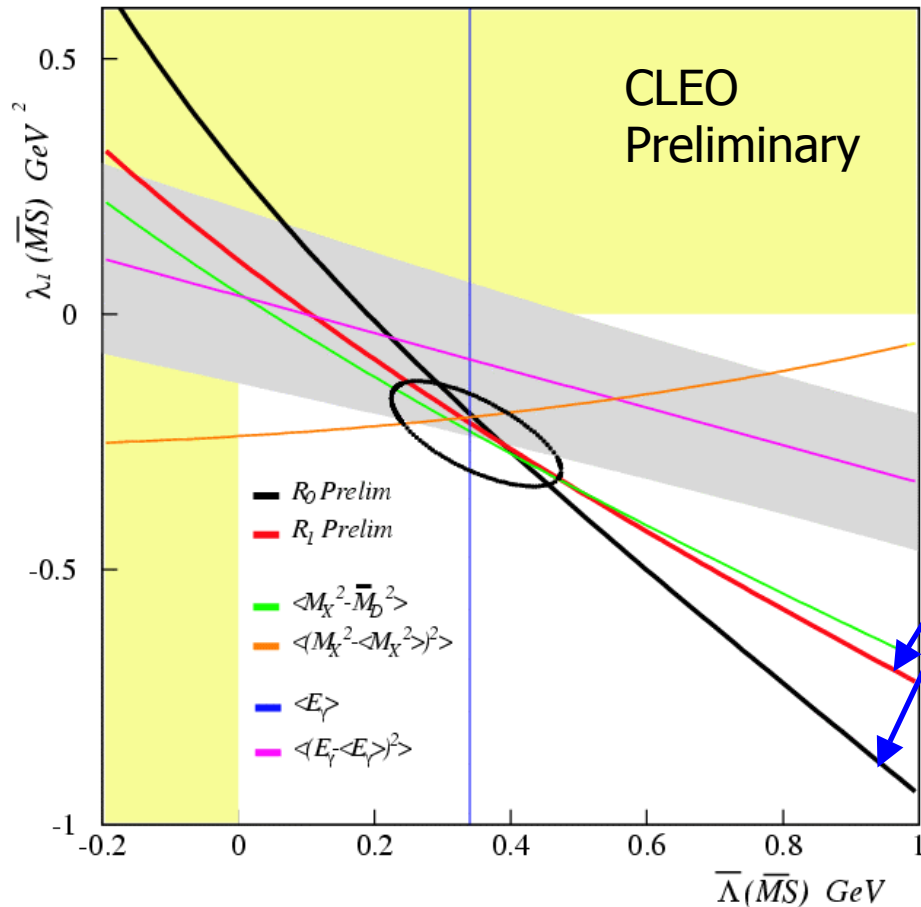
$$R_1 = \frac{\int_{1.5} E_l \frac{d\Gamma_{sl}}{dE_l} dE_l}{\int_{1.5} \frac{d\Gamma_{sl}}{dE_l} dE_l}$$

$$R_0 = 0.6187 \pm 0.0014 \pm 0.0016$$

$$R_1 = 1.7810 \pm 0.0007 \pm 0.0009 \text{ GeV}$$

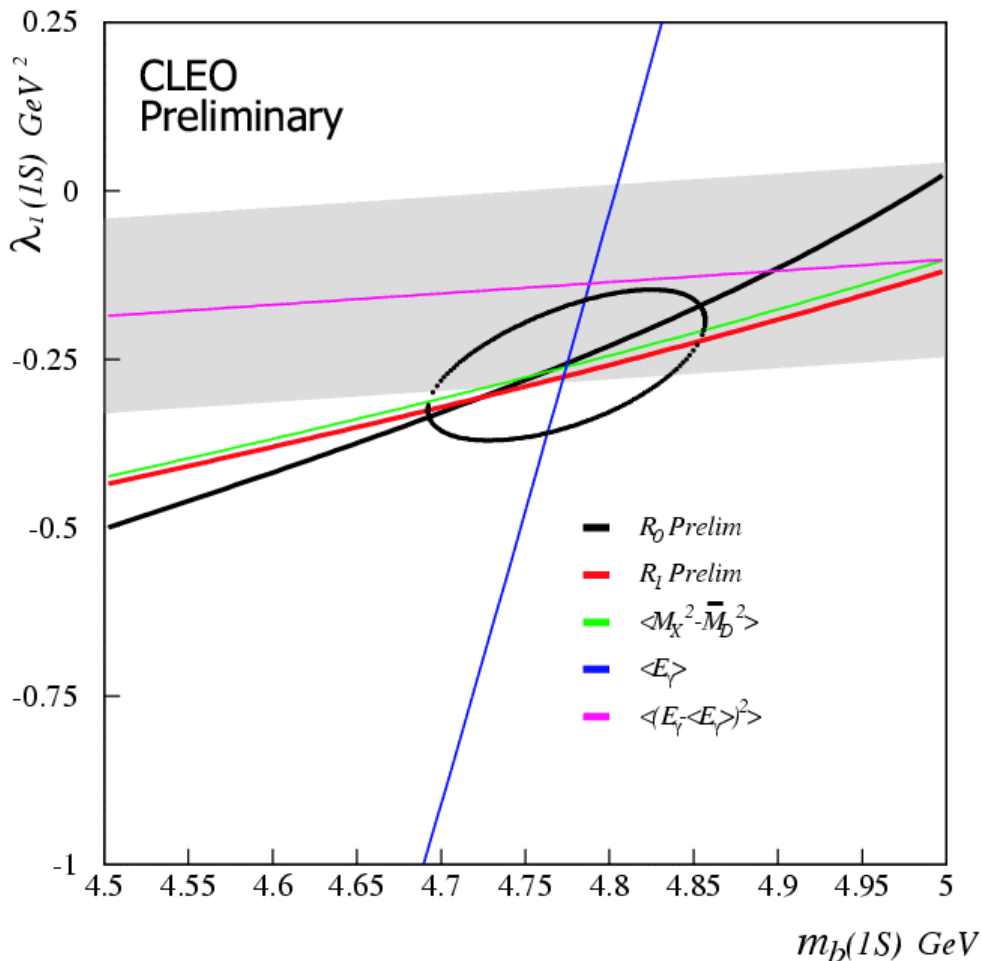
CLEO CONF 02-10  
ICHEP02 ABS932

# Consistency Among Observables



- ❖  $\Lambda$  and  $\lambda_1$  ellipse extracted from 1<sup>st</sup> moment of  $B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$  photon energy spectrum and 1<sup>st</sup> moment of hadronic mass<sup>2</sup> distribution ( $B \rightarrow X_c \ell \nu$ ). We use the HQET equations in MS scheme at order  $1/M_B^3$  and  $\alpha_s^2 \beta_0$ .
  - ❖ **MS Expressions:** *A. Falk, M. Luke, M. Savage, Z. Ligeti, A. Manohar, M. Wise, C. Bauer*
- ❖ The red and black curves are derived from the new CLEO results for  $B \rightarrow X \ell \nu$  lepton energy moments.
  - ❖ **MS Expressions:** *M. Gremm, A. Kapustin, Z. Ligeti and M. Wise, I. Stewart (moments) and I. Bigi, N. Uraltsev, A. Vainshtein (width)*
- ❖ Gray band represents total uncertainty for the 2<sup>nd</sup> moment of photon energy spectrum.

# Consistency Across Schemes- 1S Mass v. $\overline{\text{MS}}$



❖  $\Lambda$  and  $\lambda_1$  ellipse extracted from 1<sup>st</sup> moment of  $B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$  photon energy spectrum and 1<sup>st</sup> moment of hadronic mass<sup>2</sup> distribution ( $B \rightarrow X_c \ell \nu$ ). We use the HQET equations in 1S scheme at order  $1/M_B^3$  and  $\alpha_s^2 \beta_0$ .

**1S Expressions(recent):** *C. Bauer, M. Trott (hep-ph/0205039) C. Bauer, A. Manohar, Z.Ligeti and M. Luke private communication*

In 1S mass scheme, at order  $1/M_B^3$  and  $\alpha_s^2 \beta_0$

$$|V_{cb}| = (4.05 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.10) 10^{-2}$$

(recall  $\overline{\text{MS}}$ :  $|V_{cb}| = (4.04 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.05 \pm 0.08) 10^{-2}$ )

# Moments Summary

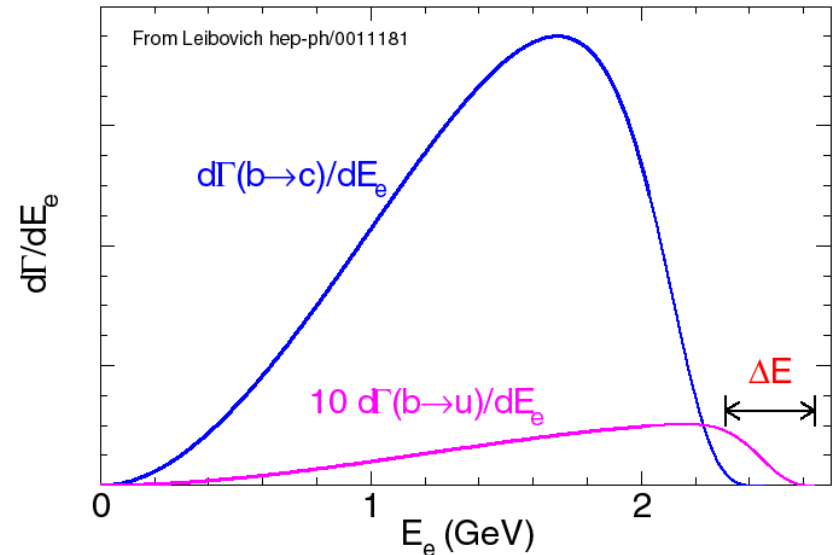
- CLEO has measured six moments, two each from 1) the photon energy distribution in  $B \rightarrow X_c \gamma$  events 2) the hadronic mass<sup>2</sup> distribution in  $B \rightarrow X_c \ell \nu$  events and 3) most recently the lepton energy spectrum in  $B \rightarrow X_c \ell \nu$  events.
- The allowed values for HQET parameters  $\bar{\Lambda}$  and  $\lambda_1$  are in agreement for all measurements.
- Additionally, CLEO has used the HQET expressions from the 1S mass renormalization scheme and has extracted a value of  $|V_{cb}|$  in excellent agreement with that derived from the  $\overline{MS}$  scheme.
- There remains some ambiguity on the treatment of uncertainties due to the higher order HQET terms.



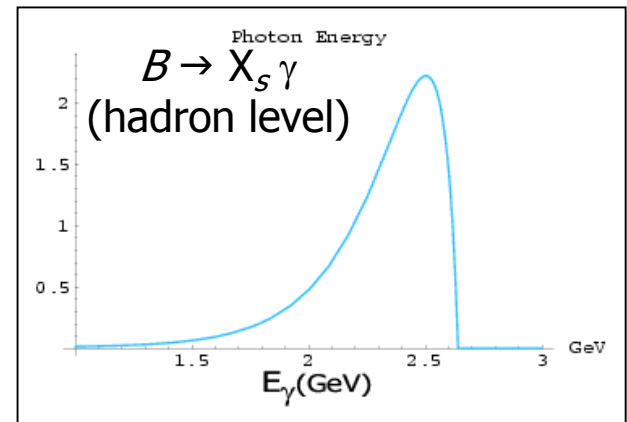
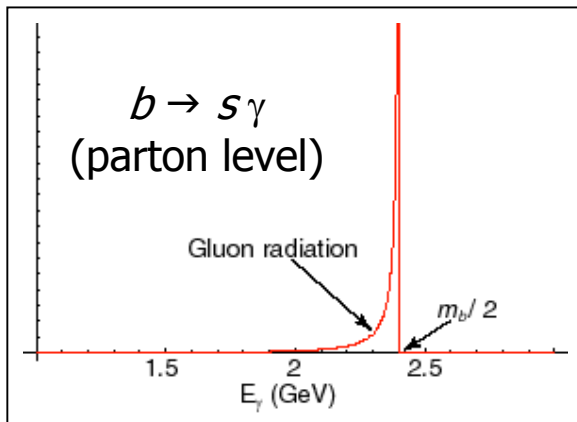
# $|V_{ub}|$ from Lepton Endpoint (using $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ )

- $|V_{ub}|$  from  $b \rightarrow u\ell\nu$ 
  - We measure the endpoint yield
  - Large extrapolation to obtain  $|V_{ub}|$
  - High  $E$  cut leads to theoretical difficulties (we probe the part of spectrum most influenced by fermi momentum)
- **GOAL:** Use  $b \rightarrow s\gamma$  to understand Fermi momentum and apply to  $b \rightarrow u\ell\nu$  for improved measurement of  $|V_{ub}|$

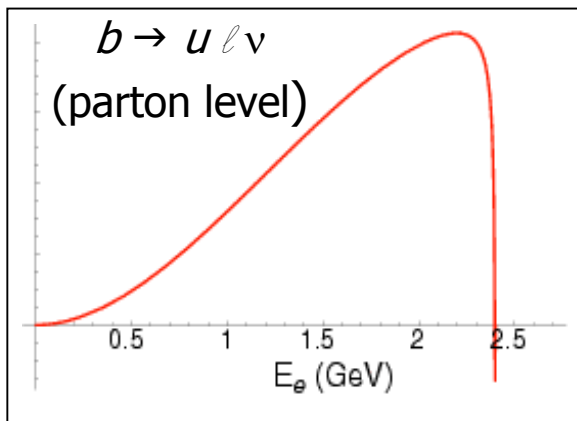
*Kagan-Neubert*  
*DeFazio-Neubert*



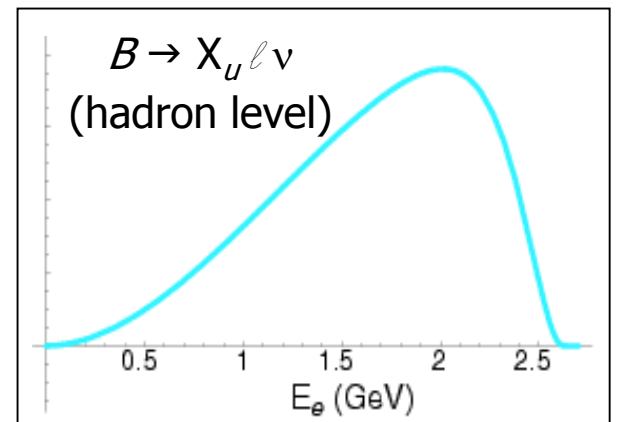
$B \rightarrow$  lightquark shape function, SAME (to lowest order in  $\Lambda_{\text{QCD}}/m_b$ )  
 for  $b \rightarrow s \gamma \Rightarrow B \rightarrow X_s \gamma$  and  $b \rightarrow u \ell \nu \Rightarrow B \rightarrow X_u \ell \nu$ .



**Convolute with light cone shape function.**



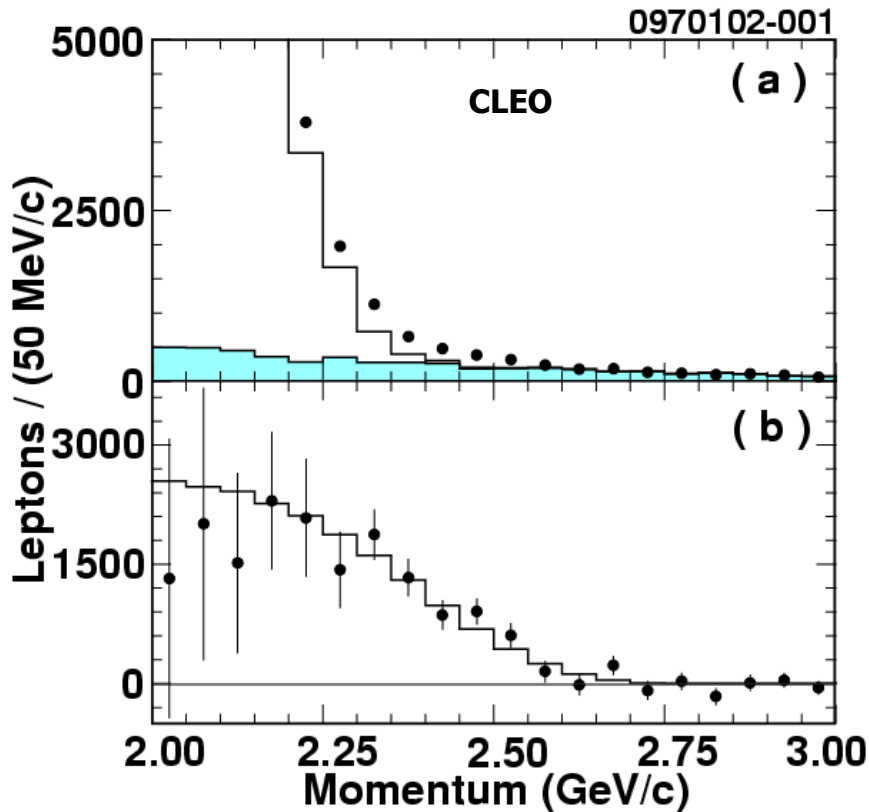
Fraction of  $b \rightarrow u \ell \nu$   
 spectrum above 2.2 is  
 $0.13 \pm 0.03$



# $|V_{ub}|$ from Lepton Endpoint (using $b \rightarrow s\gamma$ )

$$|V_{ub}| = (4.08 \pm 0.34 \pm 0.44 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.24)10^{-3}$$

The 1<sup>st</sup> two errors are from experiment and 2<sup>nd</sup> from theory



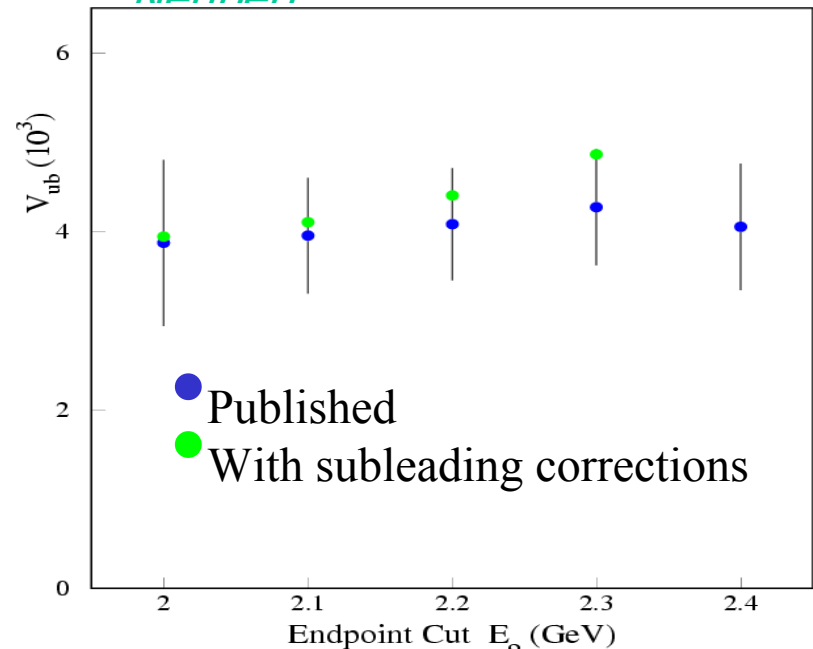
PRL 88 231803 '02

➤ Subleading corrections large

*C. Bauer, M. Luke, T. Mannel*  
*A. Leibovich, Z. Ligeti, M. Wise*

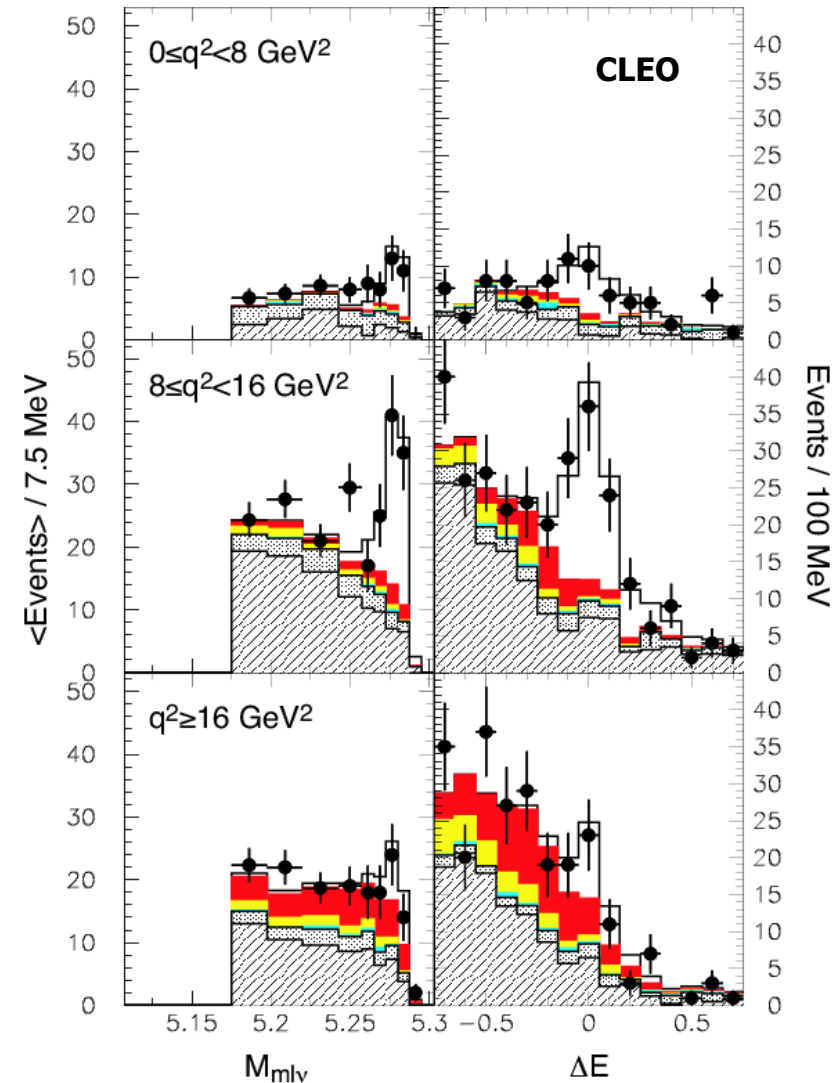
➤ Method for partial inclusion of subleading corrections:

*Neubert*



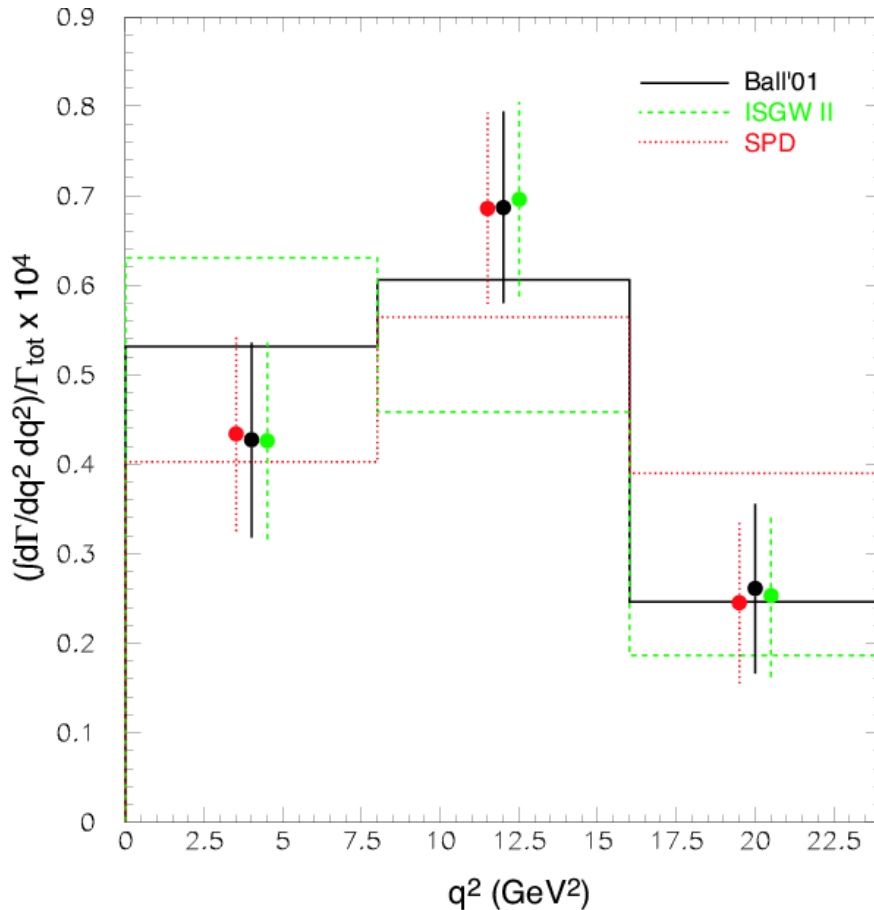
# $|V_{ub}|$ from $\mathbf{B}(B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu)$ with Reduced Model Dependence

- ❖ Use missing four-momentum in full B reconstruction.
- ❖ Sample of 9.7 M BB pairs.
- ❖ Lower lepton momentum cut than in previous CLEO analysis
- ❖  $B \rightarrow (\pi^+, \pi^0, \rho^+, \rho^0, \omega \eta) \ell \nu$
- ❖ Sample size allows parsing into 3 bins of  $q^2$  (reduces dependence on modeling of  $q^2$  shape)



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# Branching fractions in restricted $q^2$ bins



- Three  $b \rightarrow ulv$  models of  $q^2$  distribution.
- Averaging detection efficiency over smaller  $q^2$  range => smaller variation in fits to width.
- Shown are the best fits to  $d\Gamma/dq^2$  for *SPD*, *Ball'01* & *ISGW2*

# $|V_{ub}|$ from $\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu)$ with Reduced Model Dependence

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$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu) = (1.376 \pm 0.180^{+0.116}_{-0.135} \pm 0.008 \pm 0.102 \pm 0.021) 10^{-4}$$

*stat*   *syst*   *ff $\pi$ ,*   *ff $\rho$*    *model*

$$|V_{ub}| = (3.32 \pm 0.21^{+0.17}_{-0.19} \pm 0.55_{-0.39} \pm 0.12 \pm 0.07) 10^{-3}$$

Preliminary

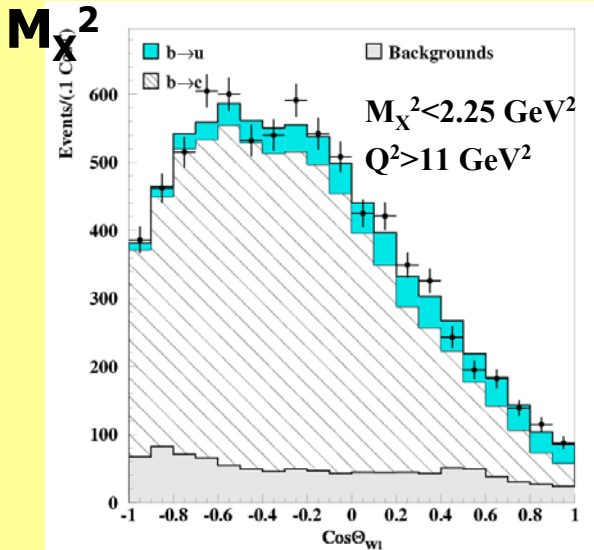
# $B \rightarrow X \ell \nu$ with Neutrino Reconstruction

- ❖ Neutrino four-momentum inferred from hermeticity of detector.
- ❖ Maximum likelihood fit over full three dimensional decay distribution
- ❖ Contributions from  $B \rightarrow X_c \ell \nu$  ( $D, D^*, D^{**}$  and NR) and  $B \rightarrow X_u \ell \nu$ .

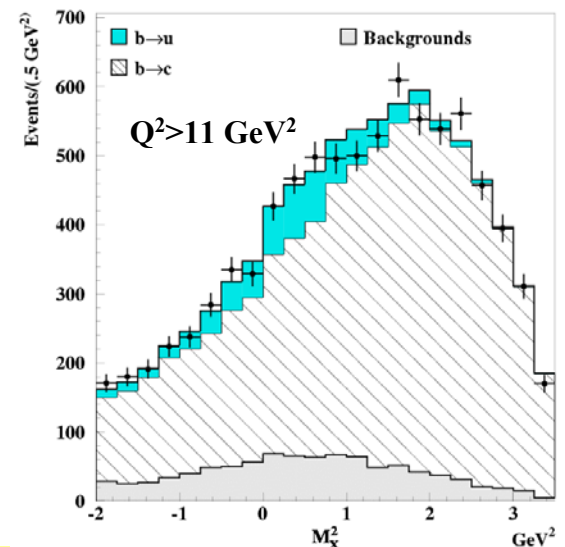
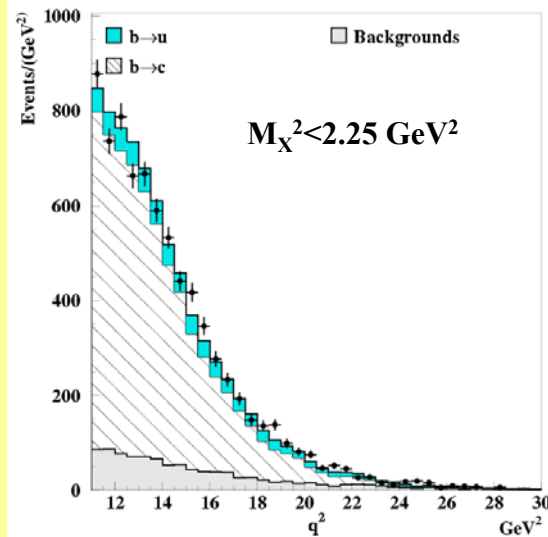
$|V_{ub}| = (4.05 \pm 0.18 \pm 0.58 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.21 \pm 0.56) 10^{-3}$   
 Preliminary      stat      syst      b->c model      b->u model      theory

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 ICHP02 ABS933

$\text{Cos}\theta_{w\ell}$



$q^2$



# Summary

Endpoint	$ V_{ub}  = (4.08 \pm 0.63)$	$10^{-3}$
$B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu$	$ V_{ub}  = (3.32 \pm 0.63/0.50)$	$10^{-3}$
3-D LL Fit	$ V_{ub}  = (4.05 \pm 0.89)$	$10^{-3}$

- CLEO has measured the yield of  $B \rightarrow X_u \ell \nu$  above the lepton energy endpoint of  $B \rightarrow X_c \ell \nu$ . The total rate is extrapolated by using our well measured photon energy spectrum in  $b \rightarrow s \gamma$ .  $|V_{ub}|$  is extracted from the total rate. Additional subleading corrections to the shape function are currently being investigated.
- CLEO presented an updated  $B \rightarrow \pi \ell \nu$  Branching ratio and a new (exclusive) extraction of  $|V_{ub}|$ .
- CLEO has also performed a log-likelihood fit to  $B \rightarrow X \ell \nu$  in three independent kinematic variables. A preliminary value of  $|V_{ub}|$  was presented. The weight in the fit of events near the endpoint is not fully understood – **do not average the inclusive results.**



# Backup I

