The Auger Observatory for High-Energy Cosmic Rays

G.Matthiae University of Roma II and INFN **For the Pierre Auger Collaboration**

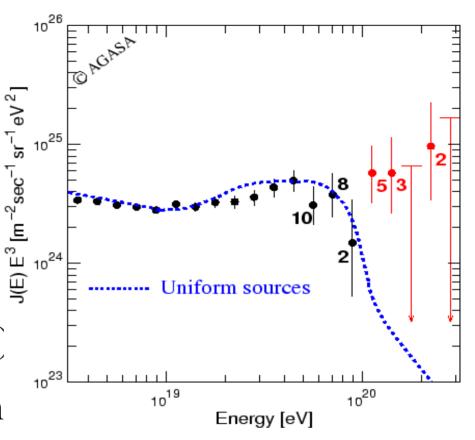


- The physics case
- Pierre Auger Observatory <u>hybrid system</u> Surface and Fluorescence Detectors
- The Engineering Array first results

The physics case

- Evidence for Ultra High Energy Cosmic Rays > GZK cutoff
- Quest for nearby sources (<50 Mpc)
- Production-acceleration mechanism
- Challenging rate:
- $\approx 1 / \text{km}^2 / \text{sr} / \text{century}$ above $10^{20} \text{ eV}!$

Auger will measure the properties of the highest energy cosmic rays with unprecedented precision



The Pierre Auger Observatory

✓ A world-wide Collaboration

Full sky coverage: two Observatories (North and South)
 (Malargue, Argentina, approved and financed, under construction)

 Hybrid detector concept: The same cosmic ray shower is measured by two independent detector systems
 Cross-calibration, improved resolution, control of systematic errors

✓ Large scale detector:

- ✓ Giant array of 1600 Cherenkov tanks, covering 3000 km^2 ,
- ✓ 24 Fluorescence Detector telescopes

1 Auger year = 30 AGASA, 10 Hires years

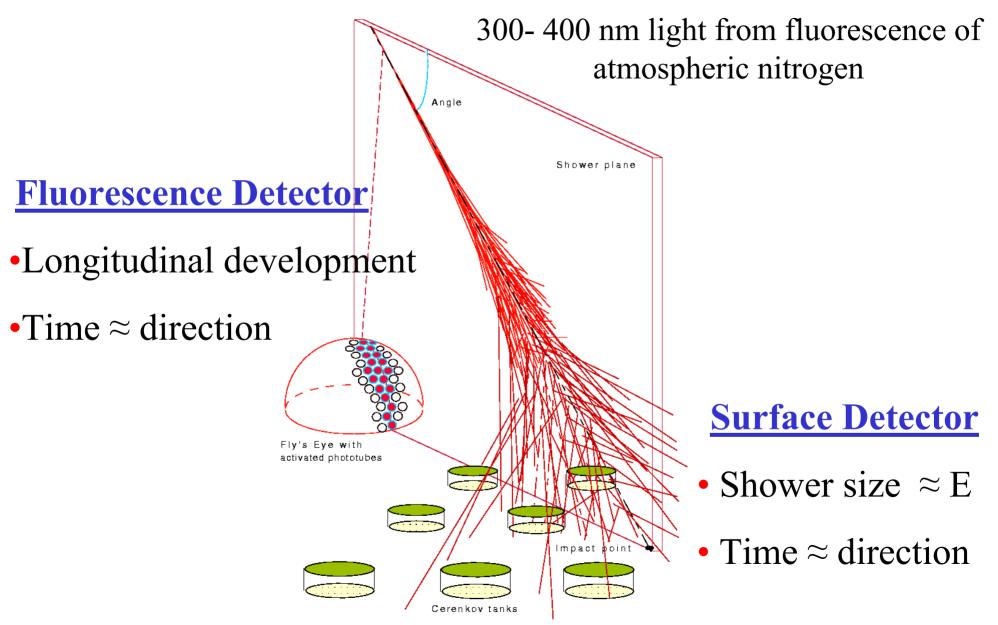
Malargue, Argentina



35° S latitude 69° W longitude ≈ 1.4 km altitude ≈ 875 g/cm²

- Low population density $(< 0.1 / \text{km}^2)$, "Pampa amarilla"
- Favourable atmospheric conditions (clouds, rain, light, aerosol)

The hybrid concept



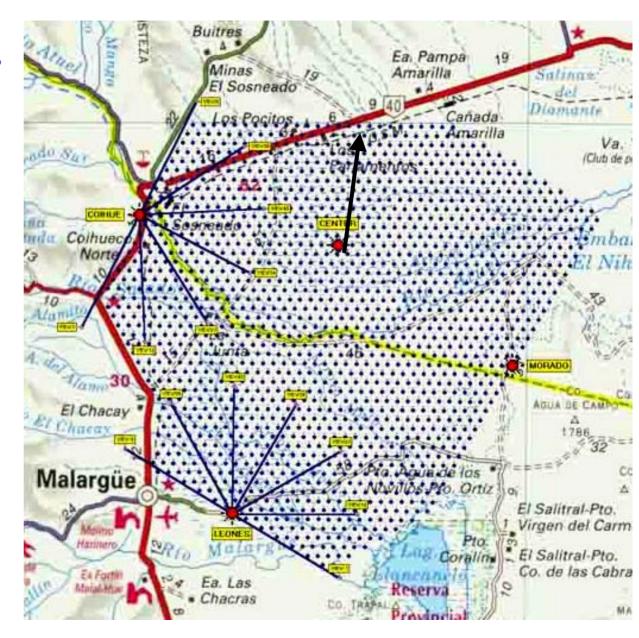
3000 km² covered
aperture 7400 km² sr

FD (4 peripheral eyes,
6 telescopes each)
11000 PMTs

1600 SD Cherenkov tanks (spacing 1.5 km)
4800 PMTs

Wireless RF Communication system

The Observatory



Performances

✓ Expected rates

FD duty cycle 12 - 15%

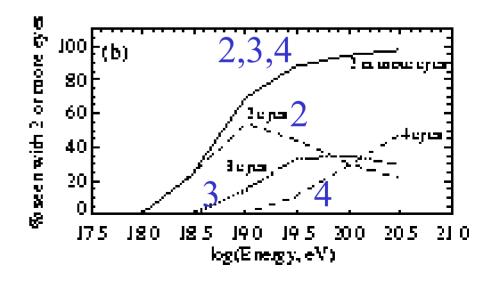
- ~ 5000 events/year
- ~ 500 events/year
- ~ 50 100 events/year I

 $E > 10^{19} eV$ $E > 5x10^{19} eV$ $E > 10^{20} eV$

✓ Shower reconstruction

- $\Delta E/E < 10 \%$
- Direction $< 1^{\circ}$
- Ground impact point < 50 m
- $X_{max} < 20 \text{ g/cm}^2$





Hybrid vs. Surface Detector

 $10^{19} \,\mathrm{eV}$ $10^{20} \,\mathrm{eV}$

	Surface	Hybrid	Surface	Hybrid
$\Delta \theta$	2.00	0.40	1.00	0.40
Δ core	80 m	30 m	40 m	30 m
$\Delta E/E$	18 %	4.2 %	7.0%	2.5 %
ΔX_{max}		17 g/cm ²		15 g/cm ²

Observatory Infrastructure



Office and CDAS building

Assembly building



The Surface Detector

Water Cherenkov tank

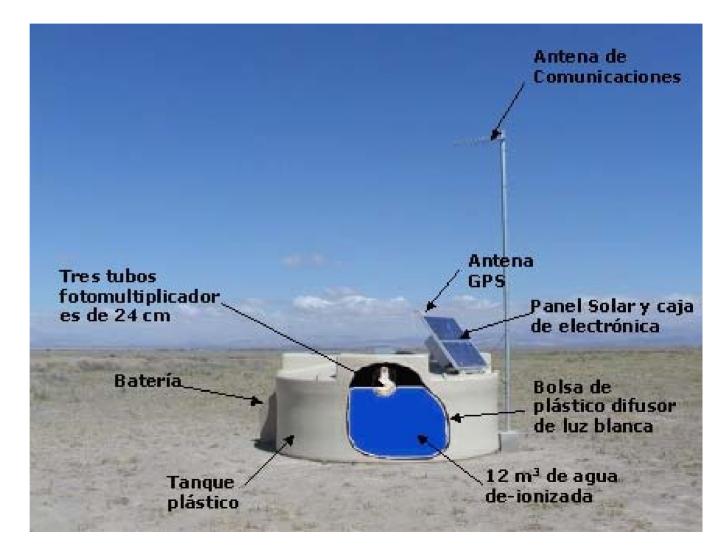
Polyethylene tank

10 m² x 1.2 m of purified water, diffusing walls

3 PMTs Photonis 9"

Autonomous unit: solar panel+battery, GPS timing, communication antenna

modest power consumption (10 W)







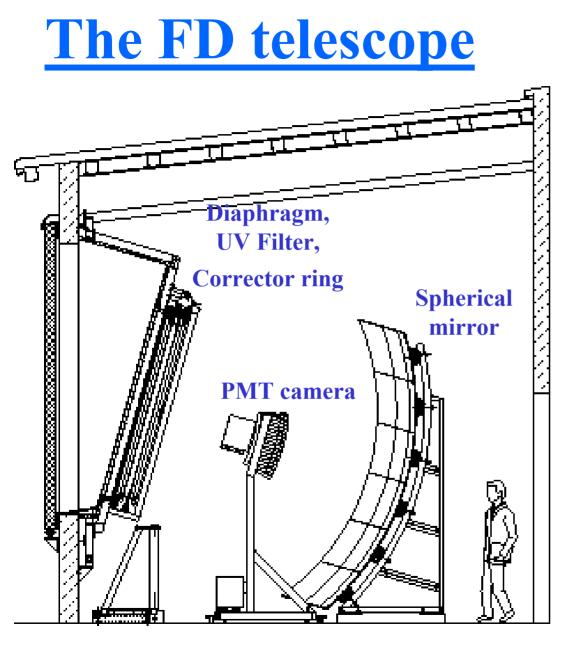


Los Leones FD building

- 6 telescopes
- Communication tower







Schmidt optics:

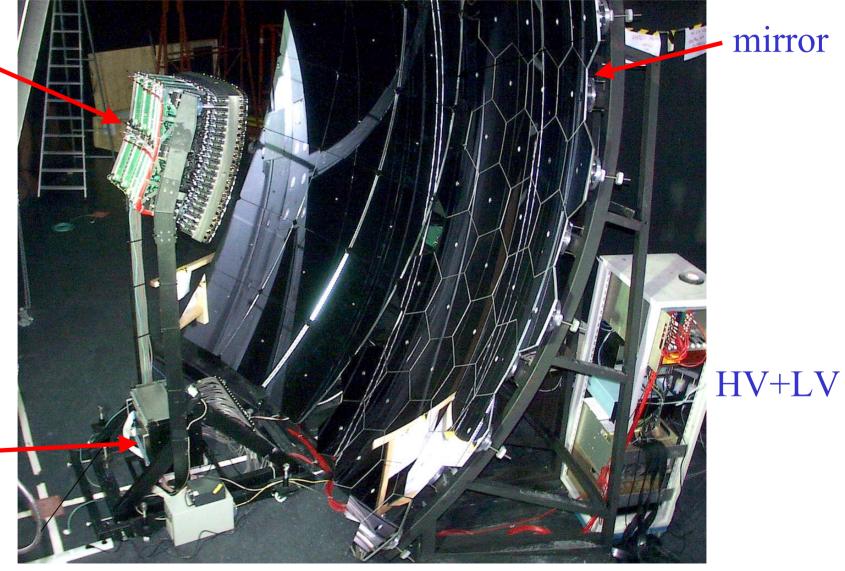
(eliminates coma)
Spherical mirror
R_{curv} = 3.4 m
2.2 m diameter diaphragm,
corrector ring, **30° x 30° aperture**spot size from spherical aberration: 15 mm

Focal surface:

20 x 22 hexagonal PMT (Photonis XP3062) **Pixel angular size 1.5º** (45 mm)

The FD telescope at Los Leones

PMT camera

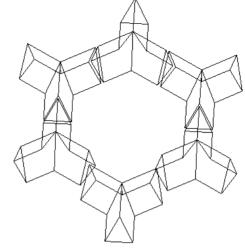


Front End electronics



440 PMTs on a spherical surface

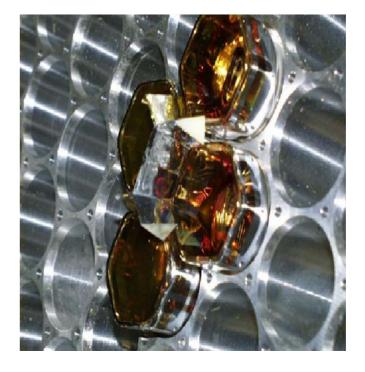




Light collectors to recover border inefficiencies

"mercedes star" with aluminized mylar reflecting walls

90 cm

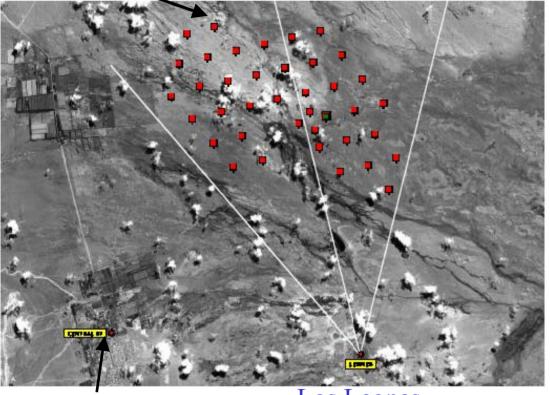


The Engineering Array

30°, FD 2 telescopes

40 SD tanks

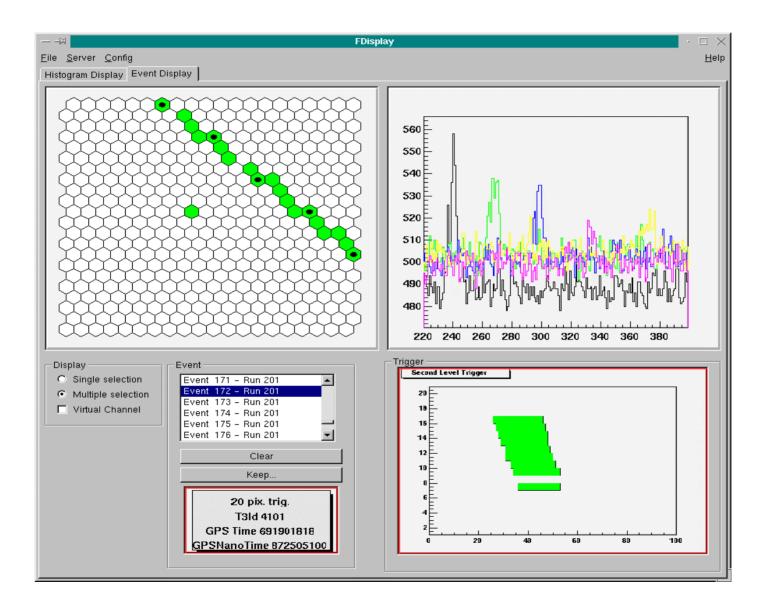
Aims



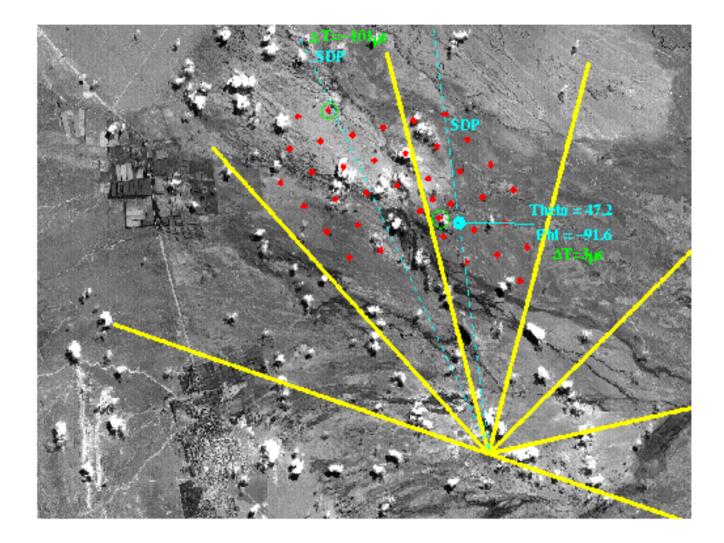
Central Campus, Malargue Los Leones FDeye • Installation and commissioning of tanks and telescopes,

- Communications
- Hybrid trigger and timing, CDAS
- Internet connection with data mirroring in US and Europe, data analysis
- First showers observed May 2001
- December 2001–March 2002 stable data taking $\approx \frac{80 \text{ hybrid events}}{1000 \text{ hybrid events}}$

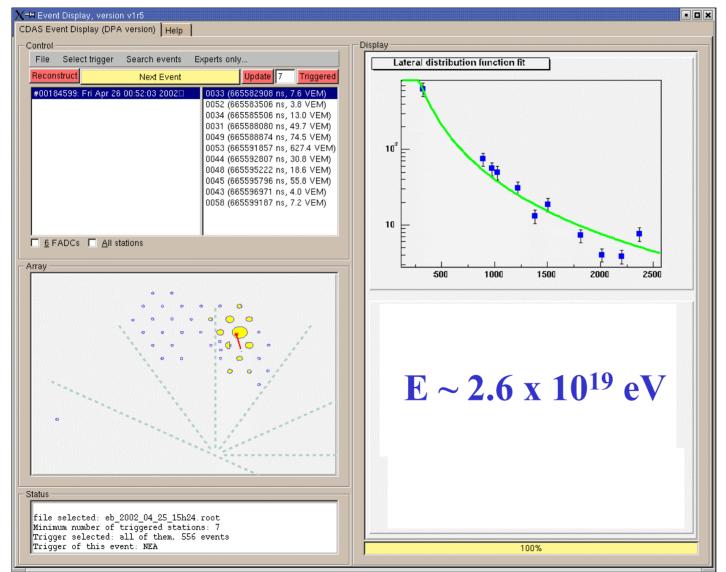
First hybrid event FD on line display



FD – **SD** matching



11-fold event

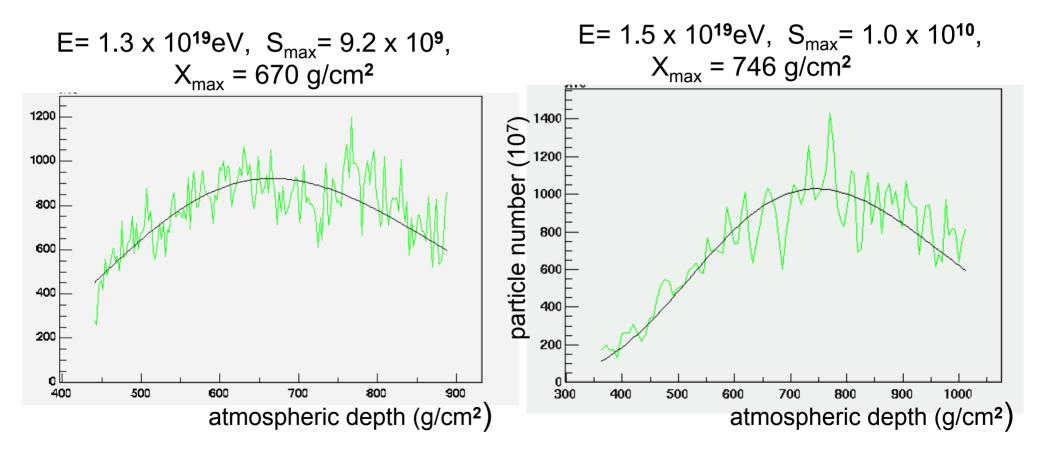


11 tanks triggered April 2002

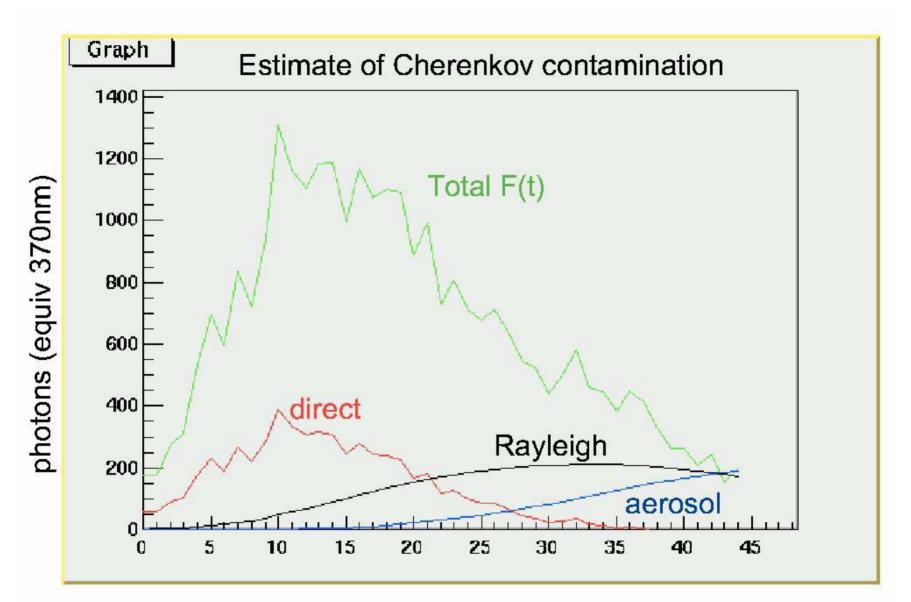
Preliminary energy estimate!

Shower longitudinal development

atmospheric corrections, FD pixel calibration, fluorescence yield, Gaisser-Hillas fit...

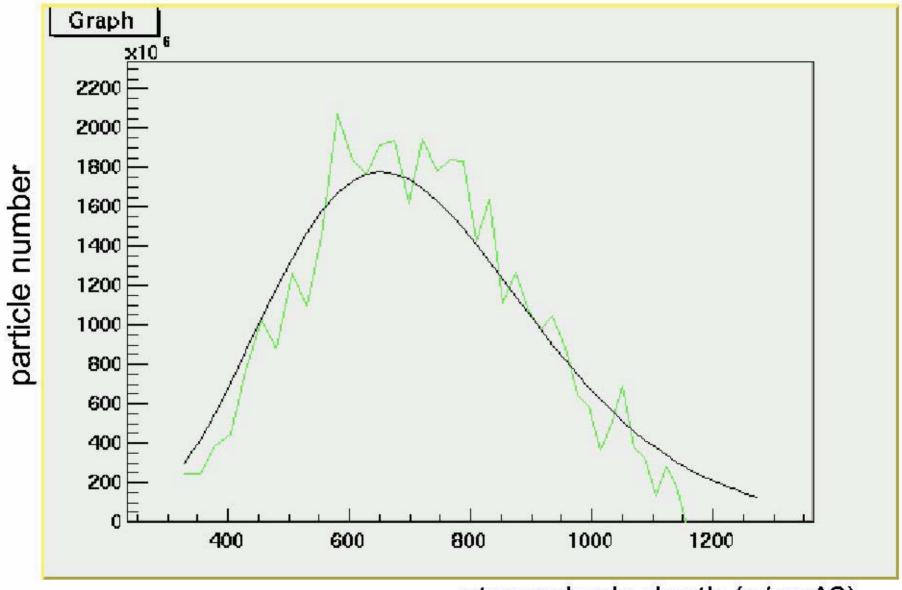


Preliminary energy estimates!



time (100ns bins)

E=2.5x10¹⁸eV, S_{max}=1.8x10⁹, X_{max} = 650g/cm²



Preliminary energy estimate

atmospheric depth (g/cm^2)

Outlook

• A large part of the Auger Observatory infrastructure near Malargue, Argentina already built.

- The Engineering Array goals were successfully accomplished. We can operate the hybrid system, hybrid trigger, wireless communications
- Mass production of the components has started.
- In 2003 installation and commissioning of 12 FD telescopes and 500 additional tanks).
- Observatory to be completed by 2005.