

# CP violation in $B$ mesons

## - New results from Belle -

ICHEP2002, Amsterdam  
July 29, 2002

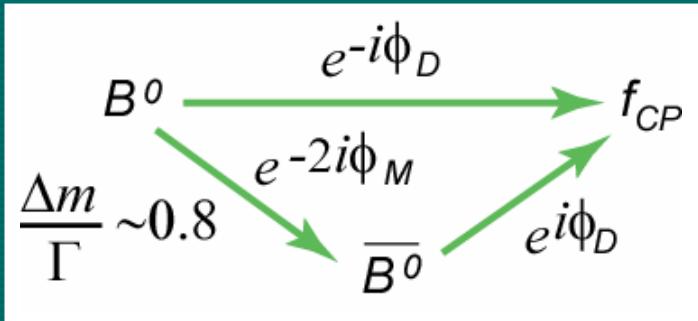
Masa Yamauchi  
KEK



# Outline

- Introduction
- Experimental apparatus and data sample
- New results on  $\sin 2\phi_1$
- New results on CPV in:
  - $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$  ( $41.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
  - $B^0 \rightarrow \eta' K_S, \phi K_S$  and  $K^+ K^- K_S$
  - $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \pi^0$
- New result on  $b \rightarrow s l^+ l^-$  decay
- Summary

# CP violation in $B^0 \bar{B}^0$ system



$$A_{CP}(t) \equiv \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow f_{CP}; t) - \Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow f_{CP}; t)}{\Gamma(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow f_{CP}; t) + \Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow f_{CP}; t)}$$

$$= A_f \cos(\Delta m t) + S_f \sin(\Delta m t)$$

$$A_f = \frac{|\lambda_f|^2 - 1}{|\lambda_f|^2 + 1}$$

$$S_f = \frac{2 \operatorname{Im}(\lambda_f)}{|\lambda_f|^2 + 1}$$

$$\lambda_f \equiv e^{-2i\phi_M} \frac{A(\bar{B} \rightarrow f)}{A(B \rightarrow f)}$$

Standard model predictions

example	$b \rightarrow c\bar{c}s$ $J/\psi Ks$	$b \rightarrow c\bar{c}d$ $J/\psi \pi^0$	$b \rightarrow s\bar{s}s$ $\phi Ks$	$b \rightarrow u\bar{u}d$ $\pi^+ \pi^-$
$A_f$	0	0	small	$\neq 0$
$S_f$	$\sin 2\phi_1$	$\sin 2\phi_1$	$\sin 2\phi_1$	" $\sin 2\phi_2$ "

Note:  $A_f \neq 0 \Leftrightarrow \Gamma(B \rightarrow f) \neq \Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{f}) \Leftrightarrow$  direct CP violation.

# The $\phi$ 's and CKM matrix

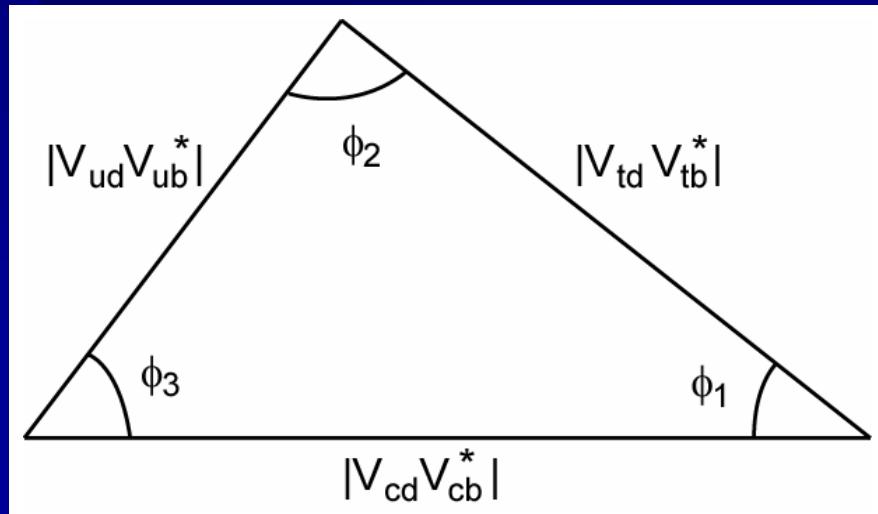
CKM quark mixing matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} V_{ud} & V_{us} & V_{ub} \\ V_{cd} & V_{cs} & V_{cb} \\ V_{td} & V_{ts} & V_{tb} \end{pmatrix}$$

Unitarity

$$V_{ud}V_{ub}^* + V_{cd}V_{cb}^* + V_{td}V_{tb}^* = 0$$

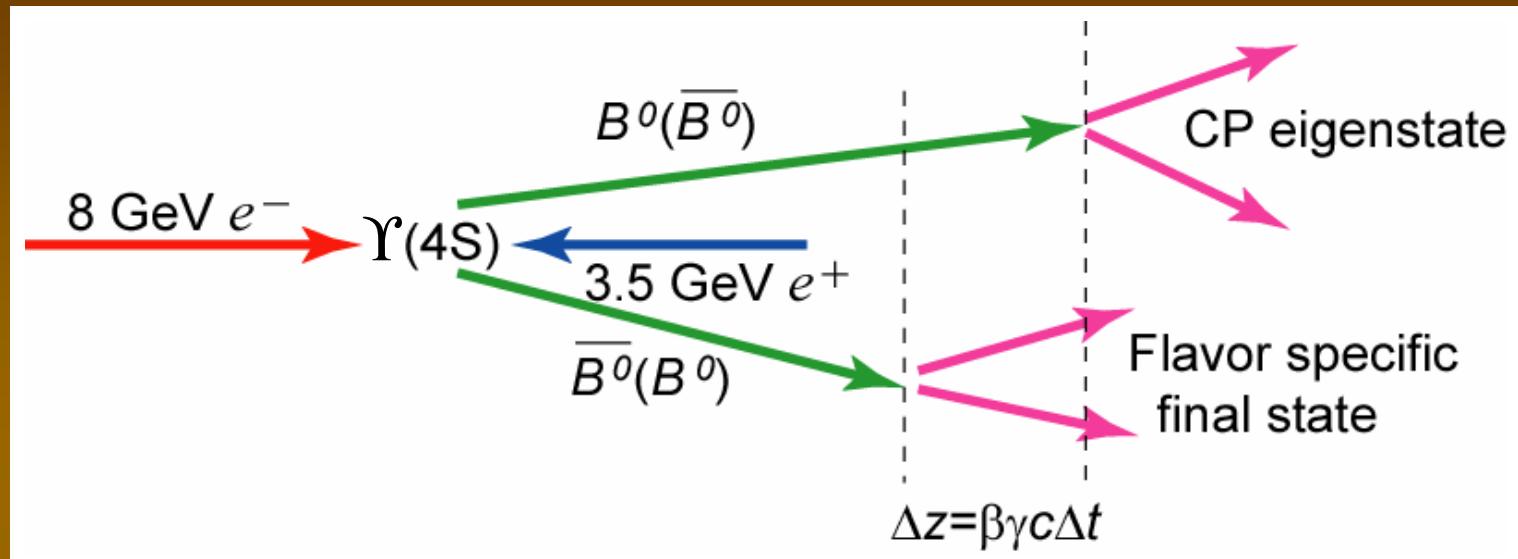
Unitarity triangle



$$\phi_1 \equiv \pi - \arg\left(\frac{-V_{tb}^*V_{td}}{-V_{cb}^*V_{cd}}\right)$$

$$\phi_2 \equiv \arg\left(\frac{V_{tb}^*V_{td}}{-V_{ub}^*V_{ud}}\right)$$

# Principle of the measurement



Large data sample

Reconstruct  
 $B$  decays into  
CP eigenstates

$\Gamma(B \rightarrow f_{CP}; t)$  can be measured.

Tag flavor of  
the other  $B$

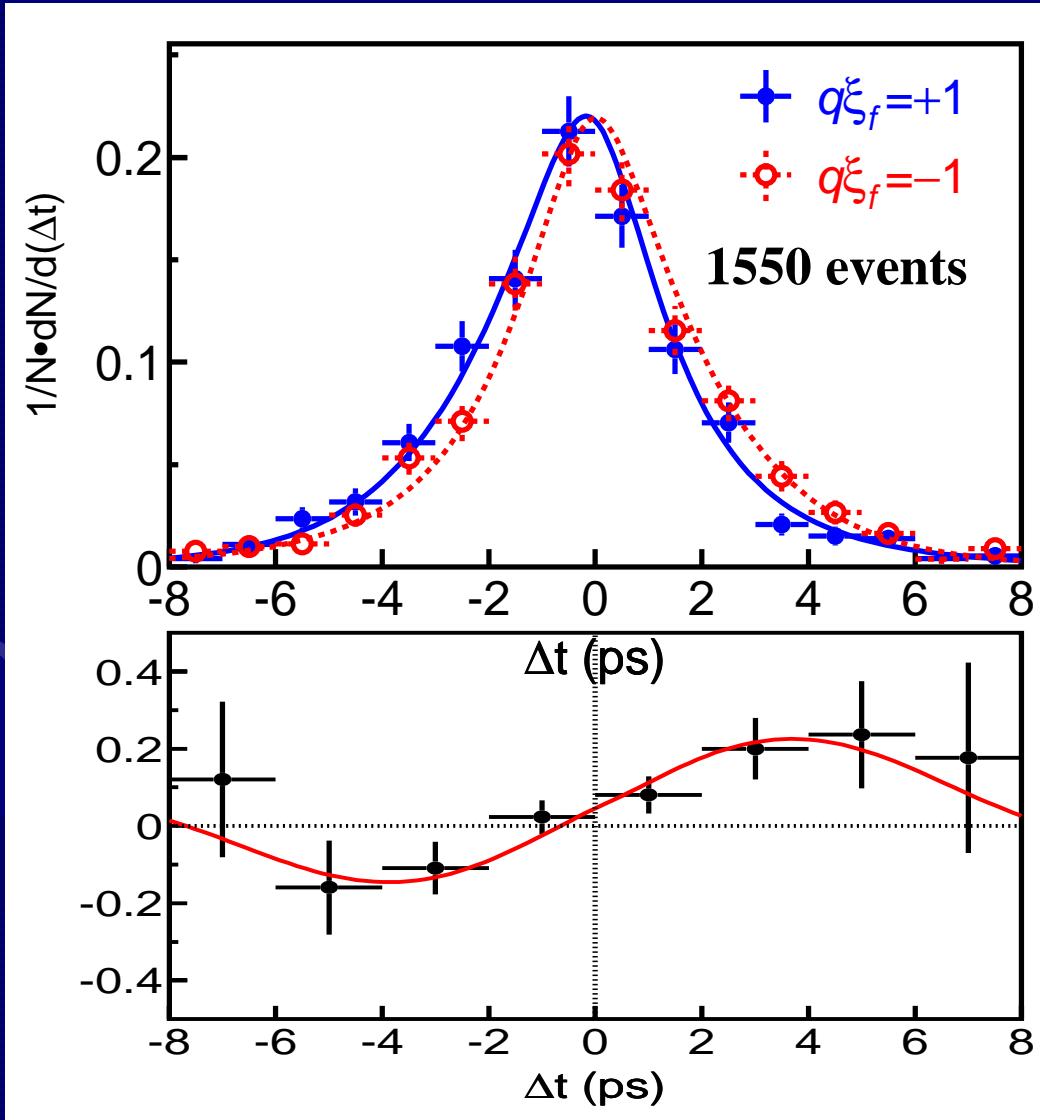
Measure distance  
between the two  
vertices

Fit  $\Delta t$  distr. with  
expected shape

$A_f$  and  $S_f$

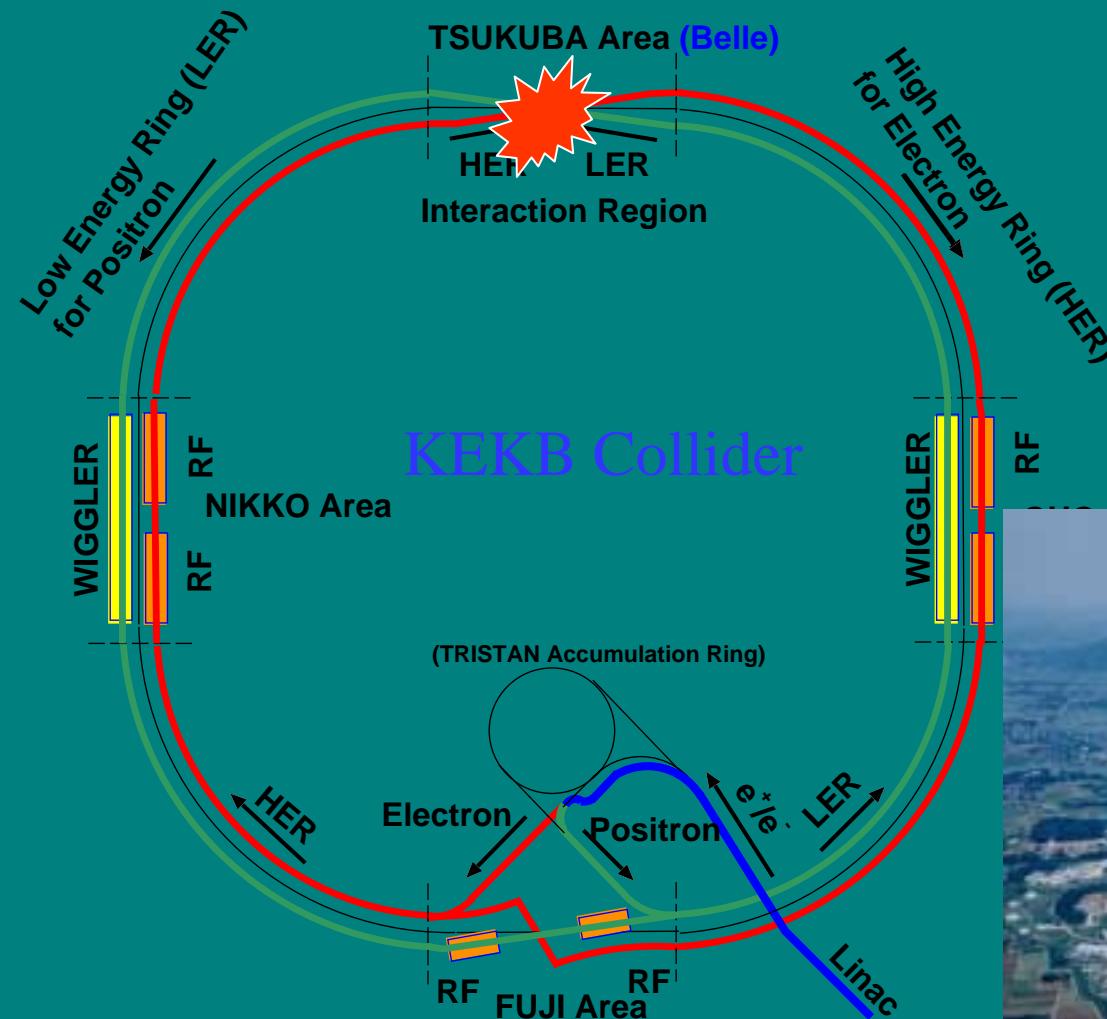
# Previous result of $\sin 2\phi_1$

(Belle, Feb. 2002, hep-ex/0205020)



- ▶  $41.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- ▶ 6  $b \rightarrow c\bar{c}s$  decay modes  
( $B \rightarrow J/\psi K_S, J/\psi K_L$  etc.)
- ▶  $S_{ccs} = \sin 2\phi_1$   
 $= \underline{0.82 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.05}$
- ▶  $|\lambda_{ccs}| = 1.01^{+0.08}_{-0.07}$  (stat.)  
i.e.,  $A_{ccs}$  is consistent with 0.

# KEKB Collider



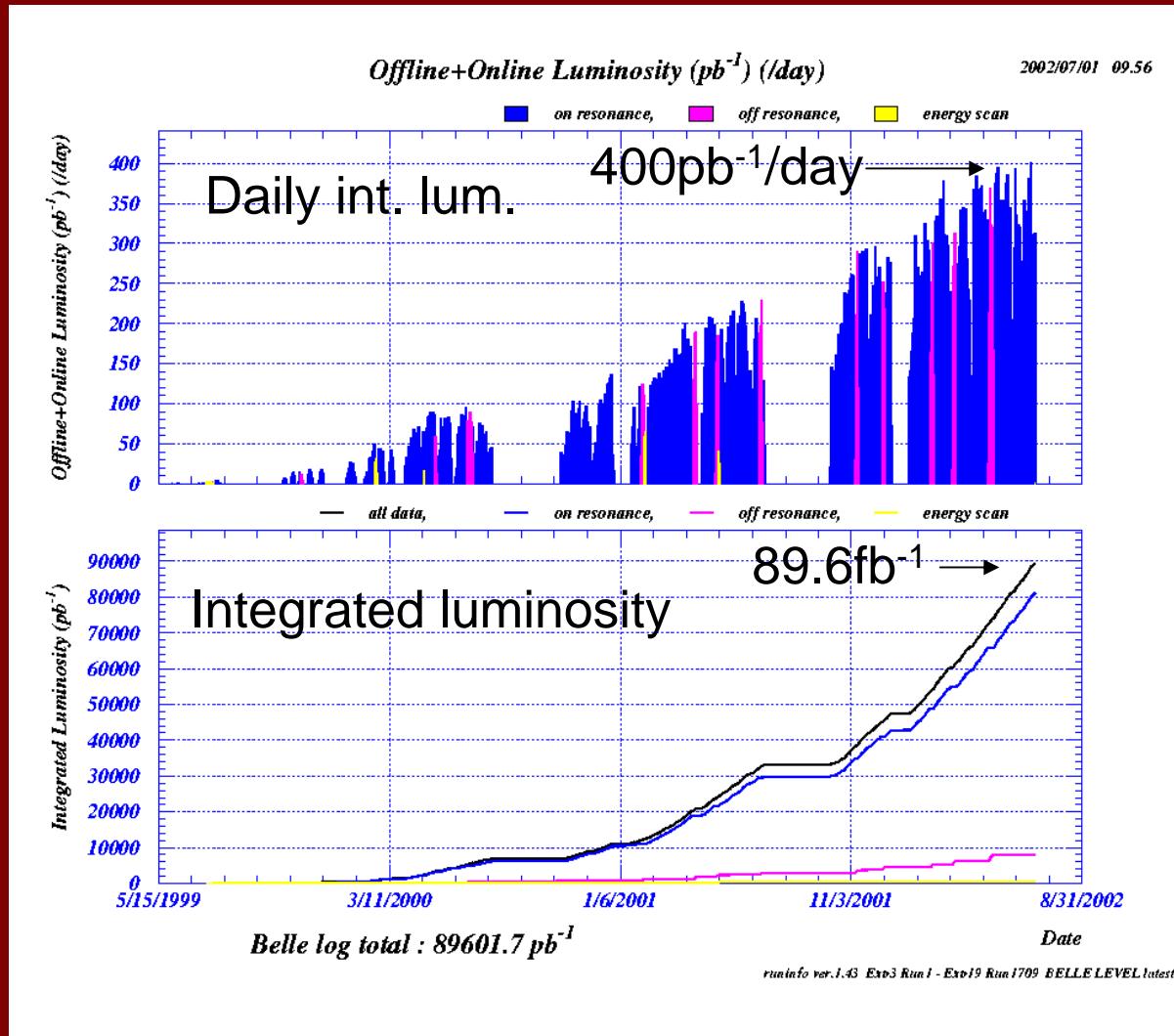
$8 \text{ GeV } e^- + 3.5 \text{ GeV } e^+$   
 $W_{CM} = m(\Upsilon(4s))$

3 km circumference

$\pm 11 \text{ mrad}$  crossing angle



# Luminosity



$$L_{\text{peak}} = 7.4 \times 10^{33} \text{ (/cm}^2/\text{s}^2\text{)}$$

Int. lum. =  $89.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$   
( ~90% on  $\Upsilon(4s)$   
+ ~10% off peak)

85 million  $B\bar{B}$  events  
recorded by Belle  
before the summer 02.



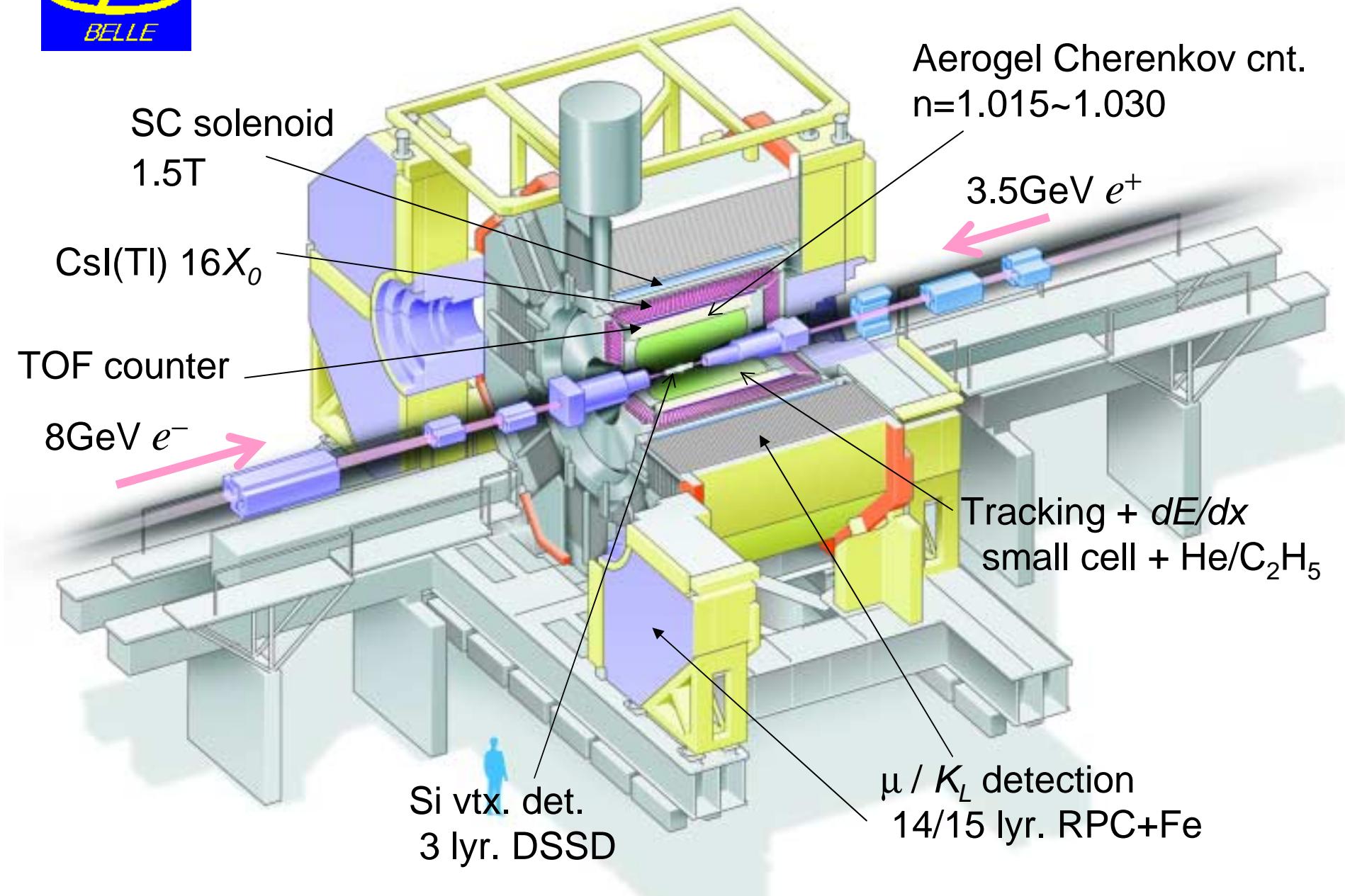
# Belle Collaboration

Aomori U.  
BINP  
Chiba U.  
Chuo U.  
U. of Cincinnati  
Frankfurt U.  
Gyeongsang Nat'l U.  
U. of Hawaii  
Hiroshima Tech.  
IHEP, Beijing  
ITEP  
Kanagawa U.  
KEK  
Korea U.  
Krakow Inst. of Nucl. Phys.  
Kyoto U.  
Kyungpook National U.  
U. of Lausanne

Jozef Stefan Inst.  
U. of Maribor  
U. of Melbourne  
Nagoya U.  
Nara Women's U.  
National Central U.  
Nat'l Kaoshiung Normal U.  
Nat'l Lien-Ho Inst. of Tech.  
Nat'l Taiwan U.  
Nihon Dental College  
Niigata U.  
Osaka U.  
Osaka City U.  
Panjab U.  
Peking U.  
Princeton U.  
Riken  
Saga U.  
USTC  
Seoul National U.  
Sungkyunkwan U.  
U. of Sydney  
Tata Institute  
Toho U.  
Tohoku U.  
Tohoku Gakuin U.  
U. of Tokyo  
Tokyo Inst. of Tech.  
Tokyo Metropolitan U.  
Tokyo U. of A and T.  
Toyama Nat'l College  
U. of Tsukuba  
Utkal U.  
IHEP, Vienna  
VPI  
Yokkaichi U.  
Yonsei U.



# Belle Detector



# Detector performance

## Vertex measurement

Impact parameter resolution  
=  $55\mu\text{m}$  for  $1\text{GeV}/c$  normal trk.  
 $\rightarrow 100\mu\text{m}$  vertex resolution in  $z$

## Tracking system

$$(\sigma_{P_t}/p_t)^2 = (0.19p_t)^2 + (0.34)^2 \ (\%)^2$$

## EM calorimetry

$\sigma_E/E \sim 1.8\% @ E\gamma = 1 \text{ GeV}$   
 $e^\pm$  efficiency  $> 90\%$   
(  $\sim 0.3\%$  fake at  $p > 1 \text{ GeV}/c$  )

## $K/\pi$ separation

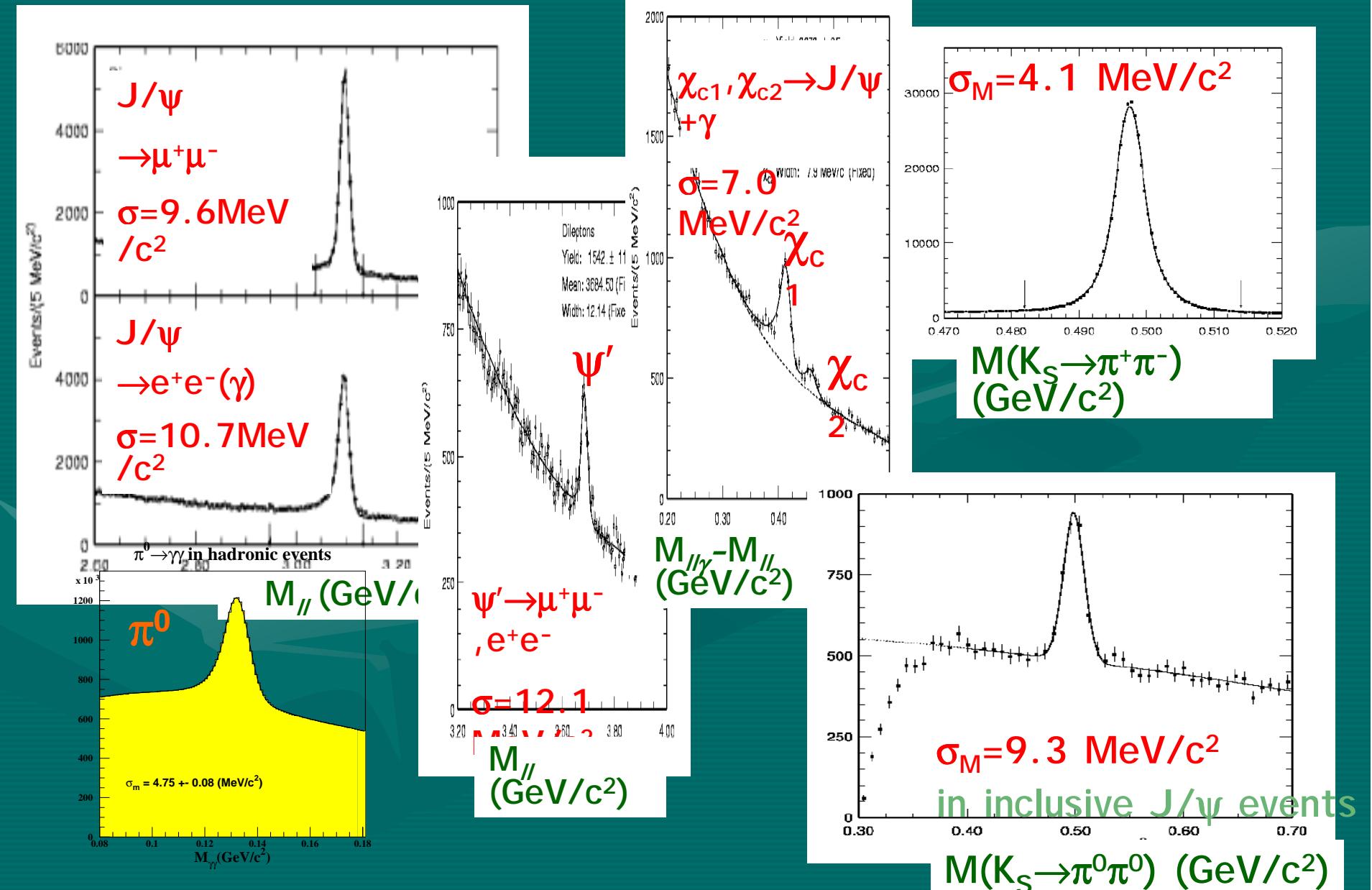
$dE/dx$  ( $\sigma = 6.9\%$ )  
TOF ( $\sigma = 95 \text{ ps}$ )  
Aerogel Cerenkov counter

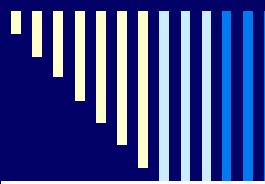
$\Rightarrow$  Efficiency  $\sim 90\%$ ,  
Fake rate  $\sim 6\%$  up to  $3.5\text{GeV}/c$

## $K_L$ and $\mu^\pm$ detection

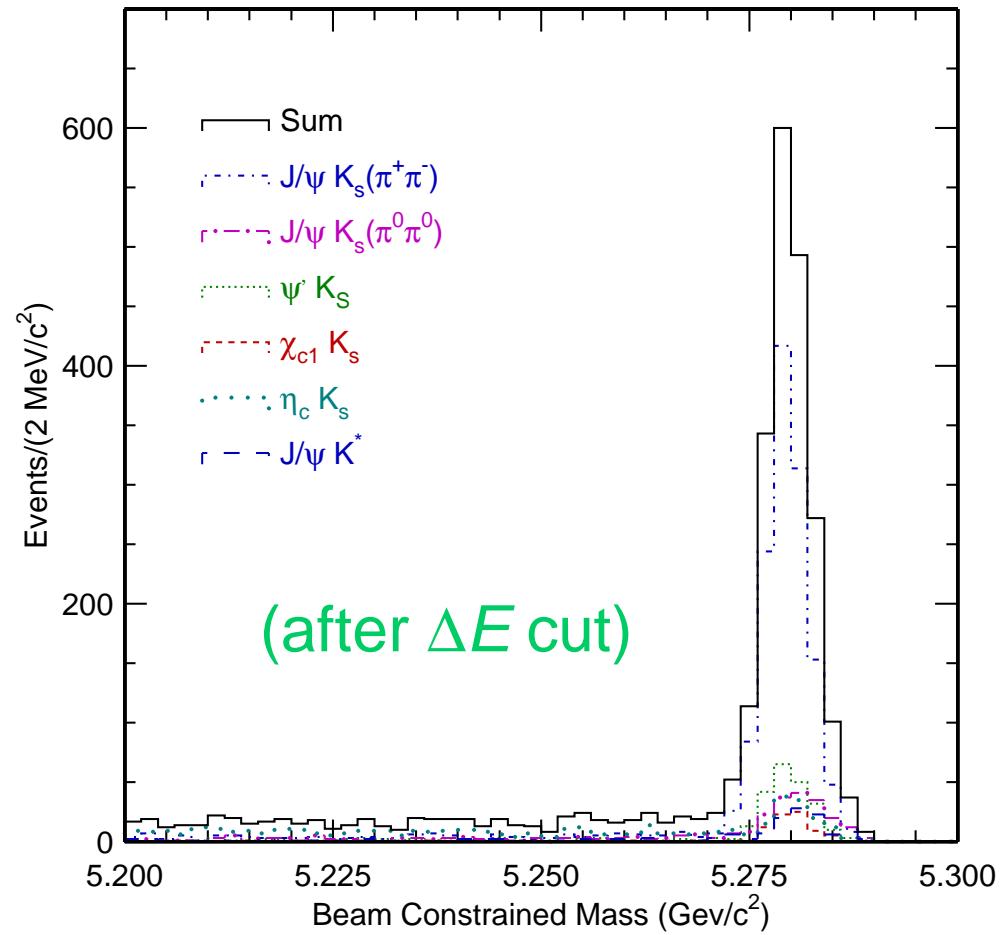
$\mu^\pm$  efficiency  $> 90\%$   
(  $< 2\%$  fake at  $p > 1 \text{ GeV}/c$  )

# Sub decay modes





# CP eigenstates ( $b \rightarrow c\bar{c}s$ ) $\int L dt = 78 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

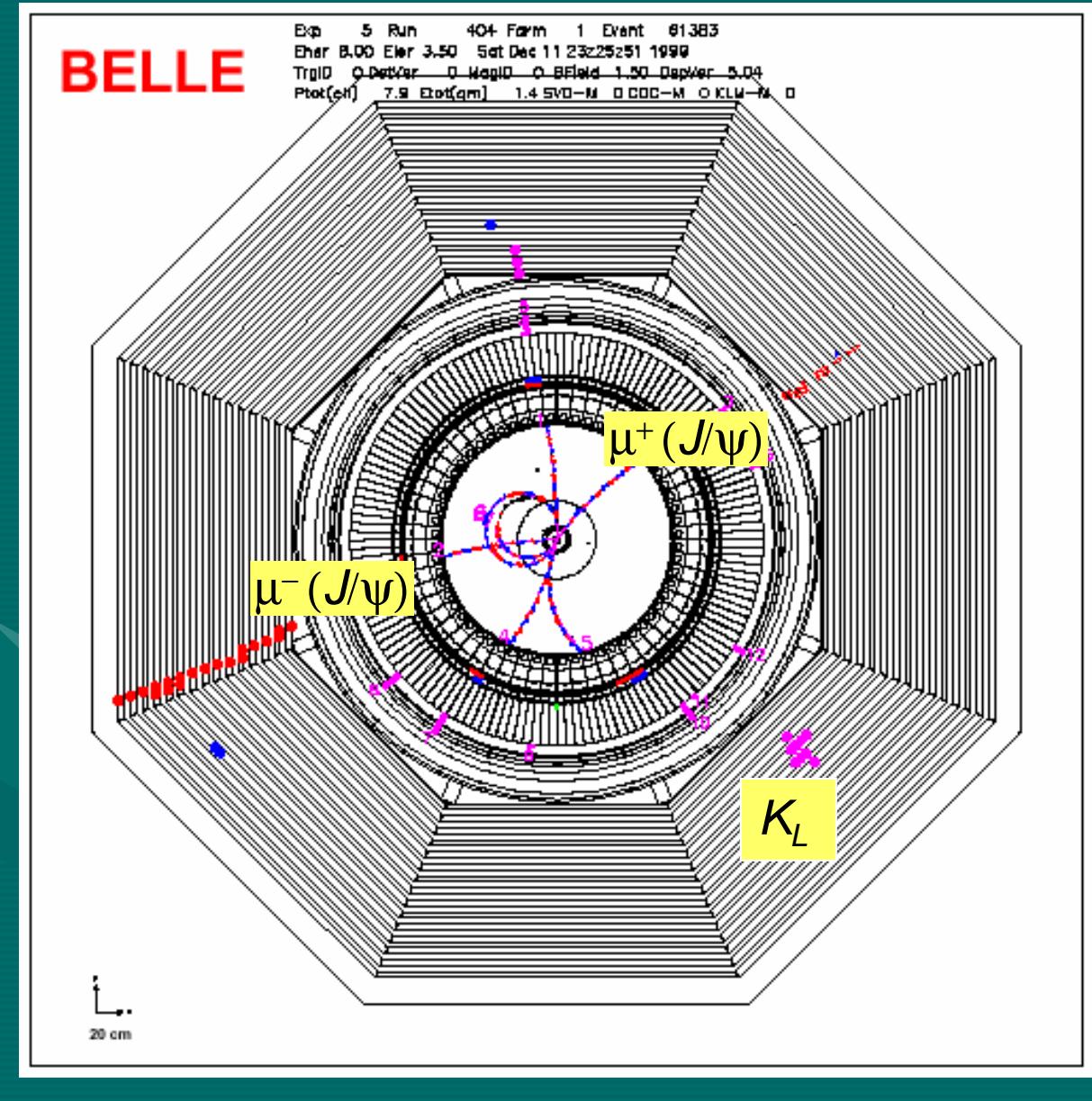


$B \rightarrow$	CP	# evts.	S/(S+N)
$J/\psi K_S (K_S \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)$	odd	1285	0.98
$J/\psi K_S (K_S \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0)$	odd	188	0.82
$\psi(2S)K_S (\psi(2S) \rightarrow l^+l^-)$	odd	91	0.96
$\psi(2S)K_S (\psi(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-J/\psi)$	odd	112	0.91
$\chi_{c1} K_S (\chi_{c1} \rightarrow \gamma J/\psi)$	odd	77	0.96
$\eta_c K_S (\eta_c \rightarrow K_S K^+\pi^-)$	odd	72	0.65
$\eta_c K_S (\eta_c \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^0)$	odd	49	0.73
$\eta_c K_S (\eta_c \rightarrow p\bar{p})$	odd	21	0.94
$J/\psi K^{*0}(K^{*0} \rightarrow K_S \pi^0)$	81% even 19% odd	101	0.92
total		1996	0.94
$J/\psi K_L$	even	1330	0.63
total		3326	

2958 events are used in the fit.

BELLE-CONF-0201 (ABS688)

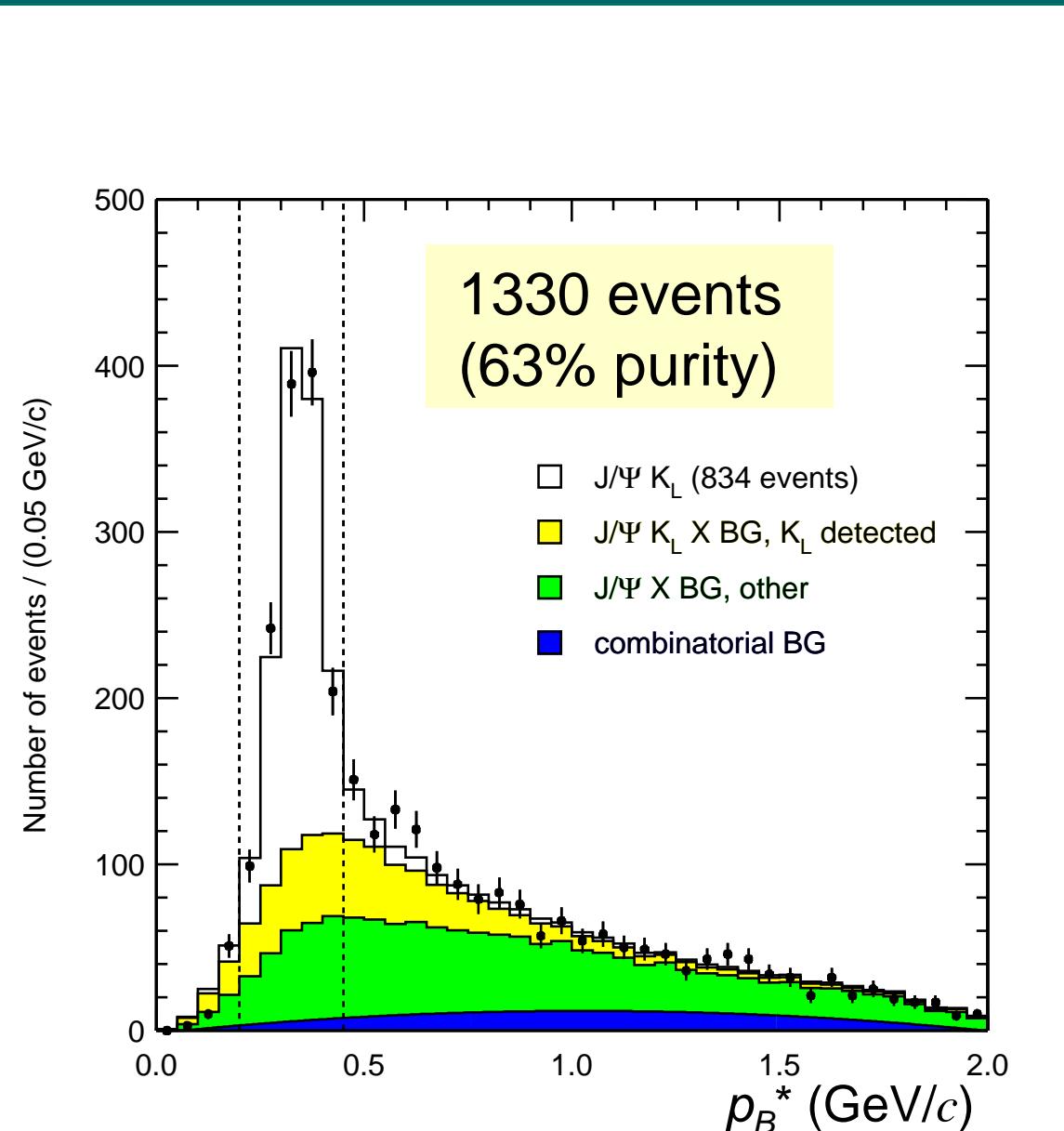
# $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_L$ reconstruction



- ① Reconstruct  $J/\psi \rightarrow l^+l^-$ .
- ② Find a  $K_L$  like cluster.
- ③ Assume  $B \rightarrow J/\psi K_L$  and calculate  $K_L$  energy.
- ④ See distribution of :

$$p_B^* \equiv | \vec{p}(J/\psi) + \vec{p}(K_L) |$$

# $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_L$ reconstruction



$$\int L dt = 78 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

- ▶  $p_B^* \sim 0.35 \text{ GeV}/c$  for true  $J/\psi K_L$  events.
- ▶ Background shape is estimated by MC, and its size is determined by fit.

# Flavor tagging - principle

Identify  $B^0/\bar{B}^0$  by the charges of the inclusive decay products.

► Inclusive leptons:

- high  $p l^-$
- intermed.  $p l^+$

$$b \rightarrow c \lvert l^- \rangle \nu \quad \lvert s \lvert l^+ \rangle \nu$$

► Inclusive hadrons:

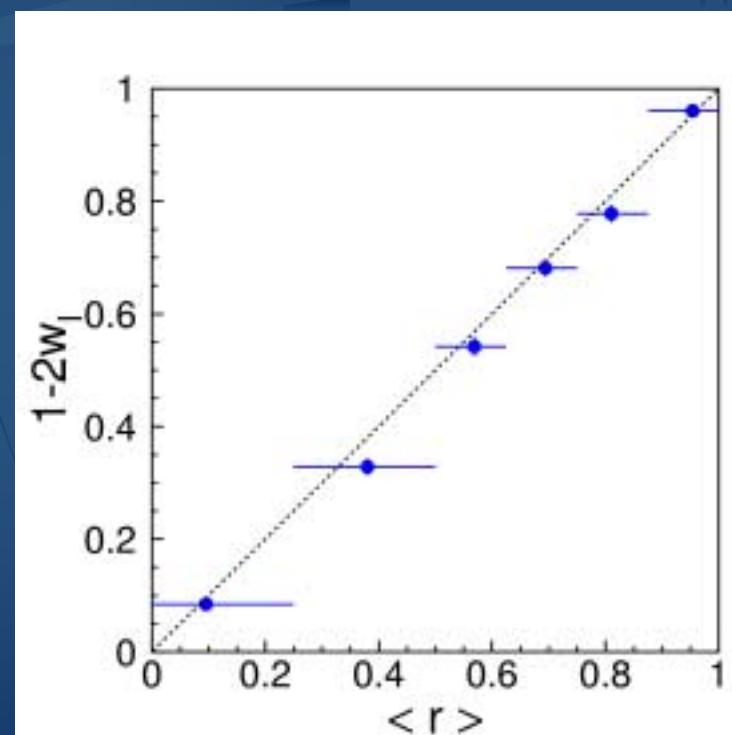
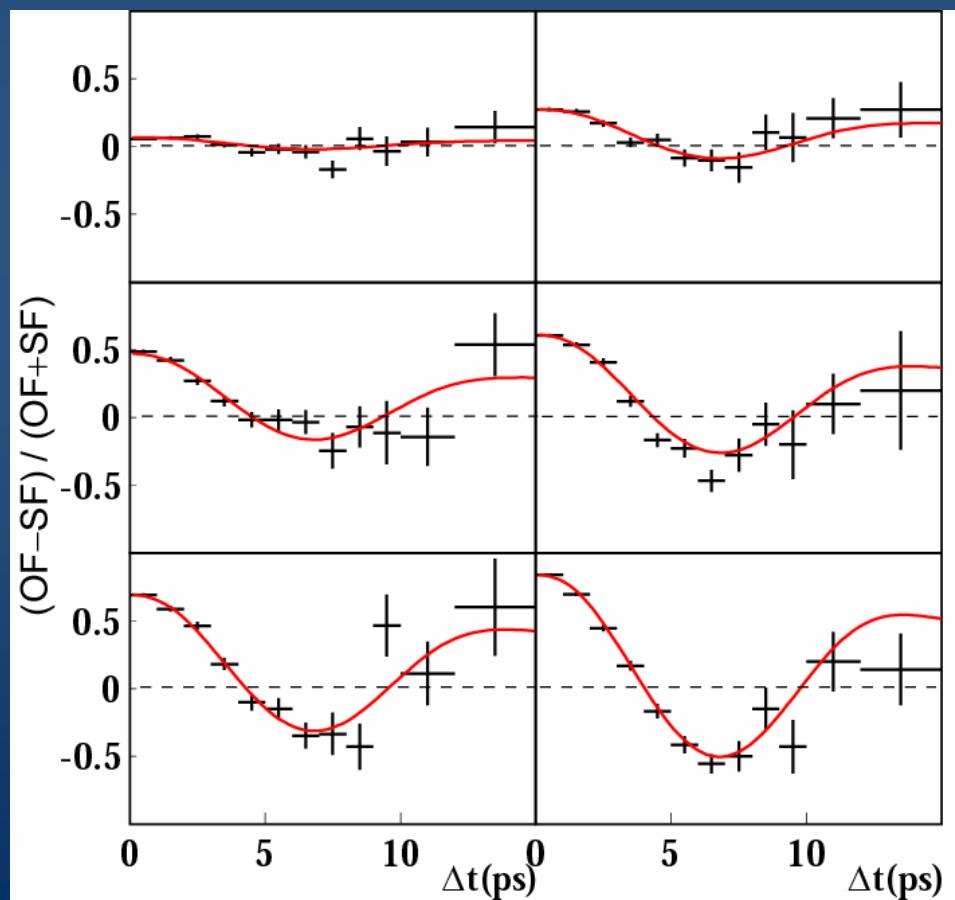
- high  $p \pi^+$
- intermed.  $p K^+$
- low  $p \pi^-$

$$B^0 \rightarrow D^{(*)-} \lvert \pi^+ \rangle, D^{(*)-} \rho^+, \text{etc.}$$
$$\lvert K^+ X \rangle, \lvert \pi^+ \pi^0 \rangle$$
$$\lvert \bar{D}^0 \lvert \pi^- \rangle \rvert$$

# Flavor tagging – dilution factor

Classify the events into six classes and measure  
 $D = (1-2w)$  for each. ( $w$ : wrong tag prob.)

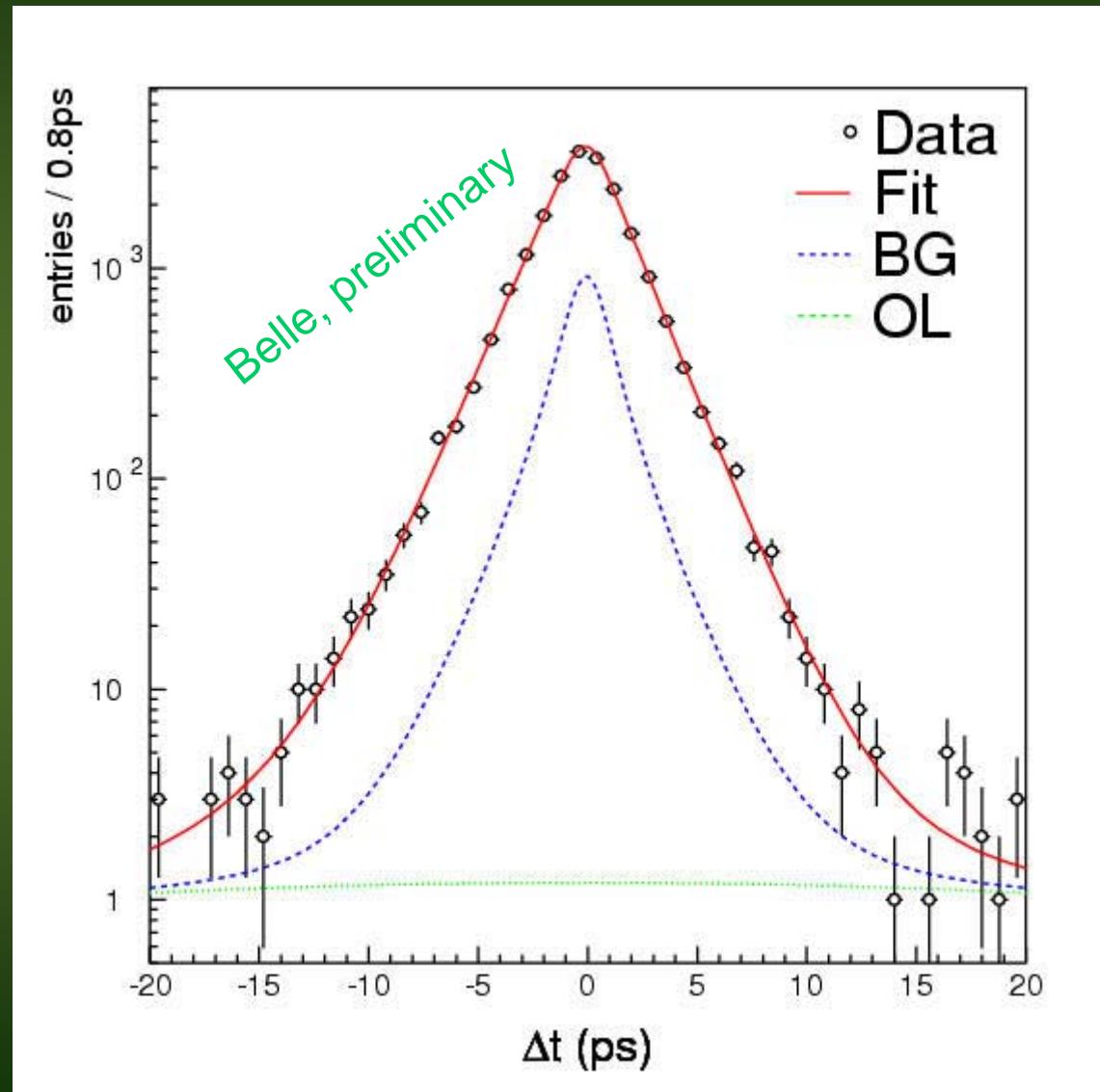
$B^0\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow D^*l\nu$  : reconstruct  
↳ tag



Efficiency > 99.5%  
 $\epsilon_{\text{effective}} = 28.8 \pm 0.5\%$

BELLE-CONF-0201 (ABS688)

# Vertexing – lifetime measurement



$$\int L dt = 78 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

$B^0 \rightarrow D^+ \pi^-$ ,  $D^{*+} \pi^-$ ,  $D^{*+} \rho^-$ ,  
 $J/\psi K_S$  and  $J/\psi K^{*0}$

$B^0$  lifetime

$1.551 \pm 0.018(\text{stat}) \text{ ps}$

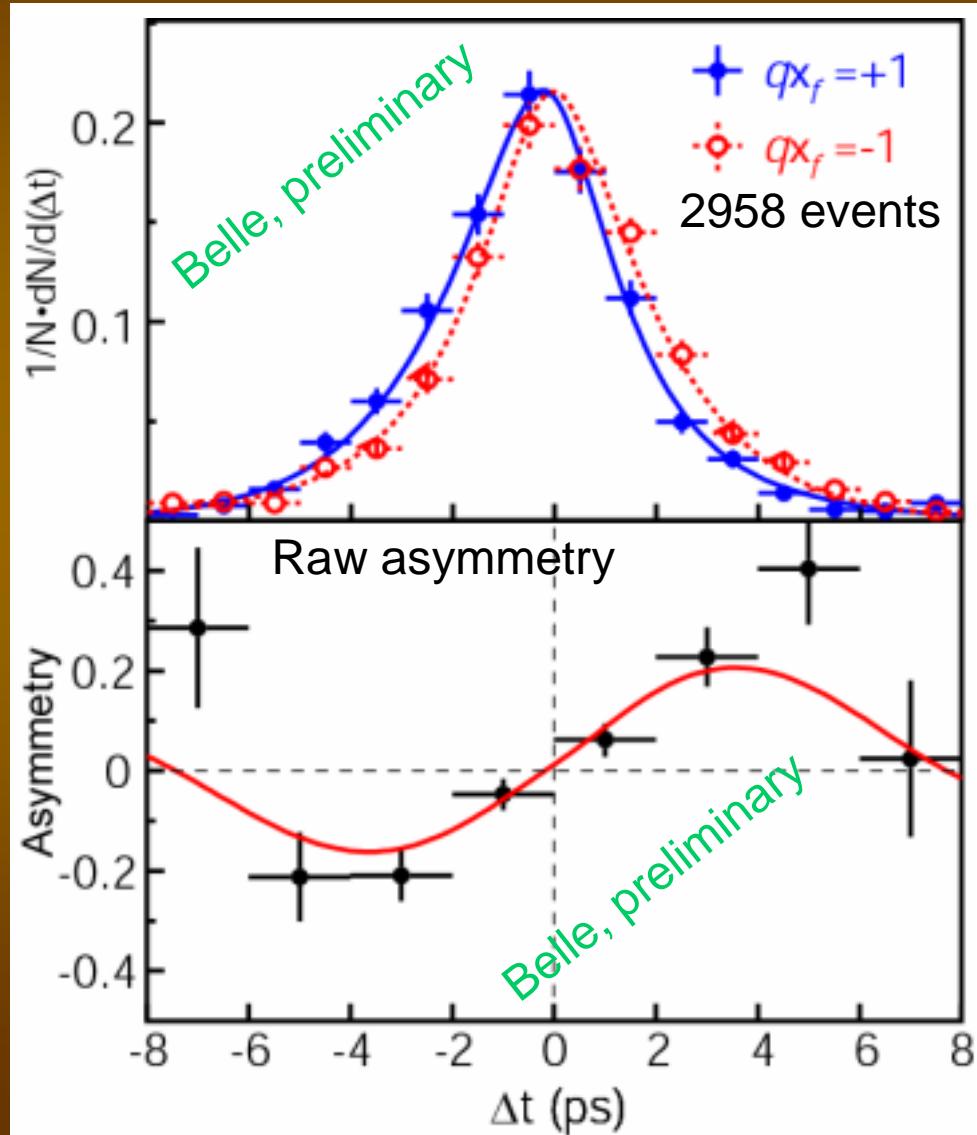
PGD02:

$1.542 \pm 0.016 \text{ ps}$

Time resolution (rms)  
1.43 ps



# New result of $\sin 2\phi_1$



- ▶  $78 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  (85M  $B\bar{B}$ )
- ▶ 6  $b \rightarrow c\bar{c}s$  decay modes ( $B \rightarrow J/\psi K_S, J/\psi K_L$  etc.)

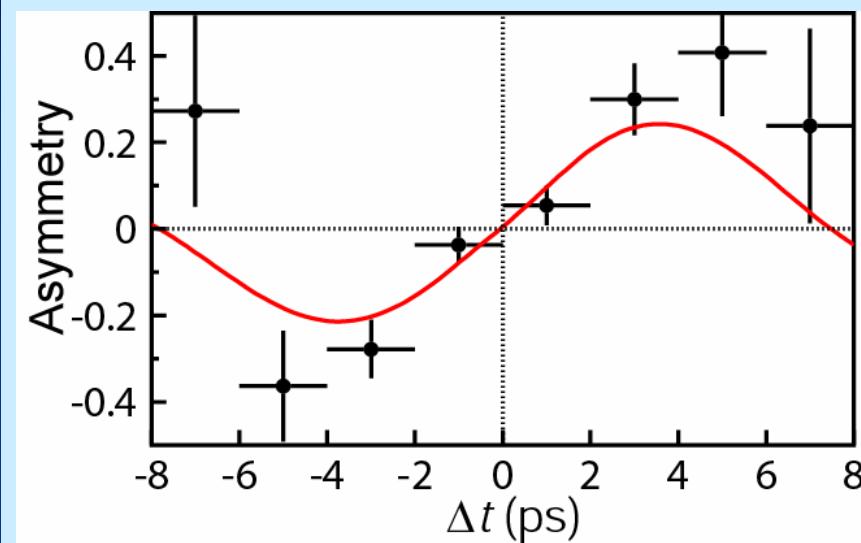
$$S_{ccs} = \sin 2\phi_1$$

$$= 0.719 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.035$$

- ▶  $|\lambda_{ccs}| = 0.950 \pm 0.049 \pm 0.026$   
*i.e.,  $A_{ccs}$  is consistent with 0.*

# Comparison between CP-odd and -even

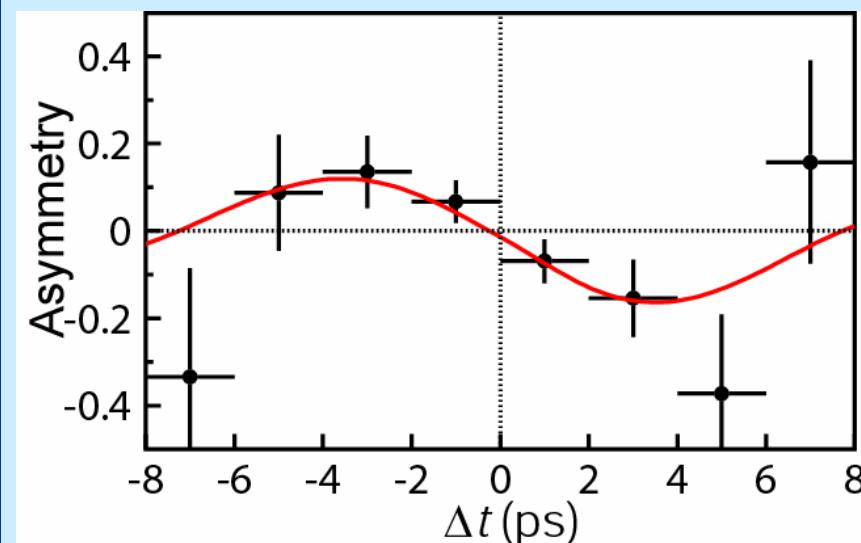
Raw asymmetry



$\int L dt = 78 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

CP = -1 sample

$$\sin 2\phi_1 \\ = 0.716 \pm 0.083$$



CP = +1 sample

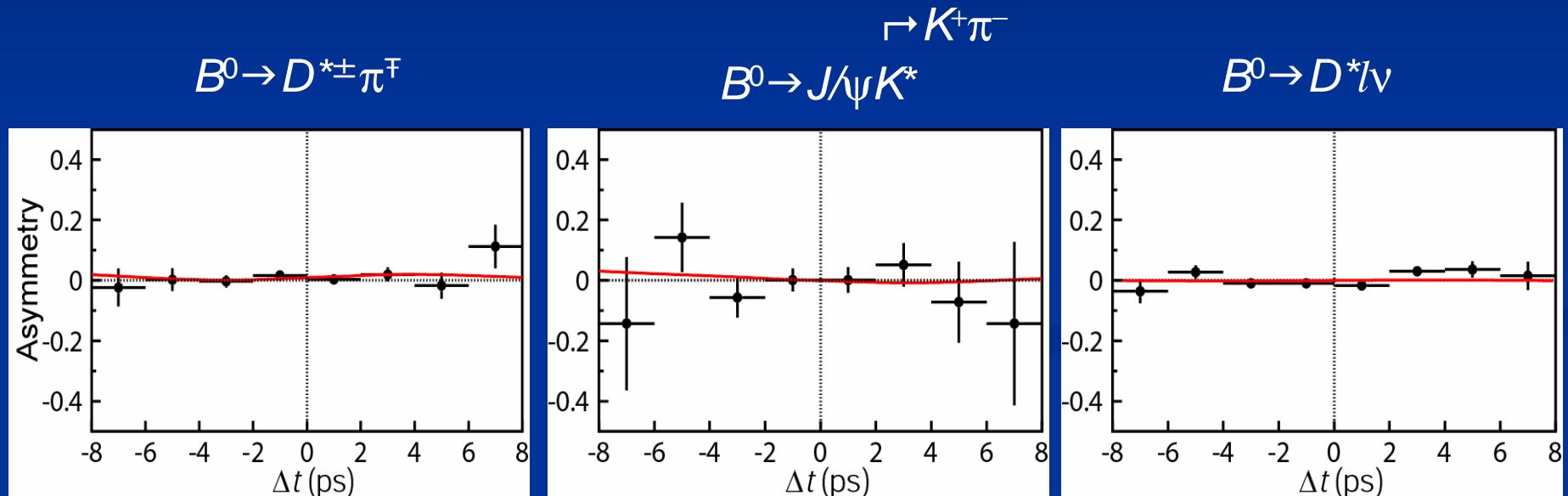


$$\sin 2\phi_1 \\ = 0.78 \pm 0.17$$

# Control sample test

$\int L dt = 78 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

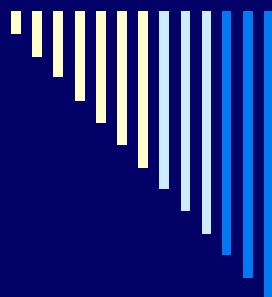
Apply the same analysis to non-CP eigenstate sample  
to see if “ $\sin 2\phi_1$ ”=0.



$$\begin{aligned}\text{“}\sin 2\phi_1\text{”=} \\ 0.035 \pm 0.032\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{“}\sin 2\phi_1\text{”=} \\ -0.021 \pm 0.093\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{“}\sin 2\phi_1\text{”=} \\ 0.004 \pm 0.017\end{aligned}$$



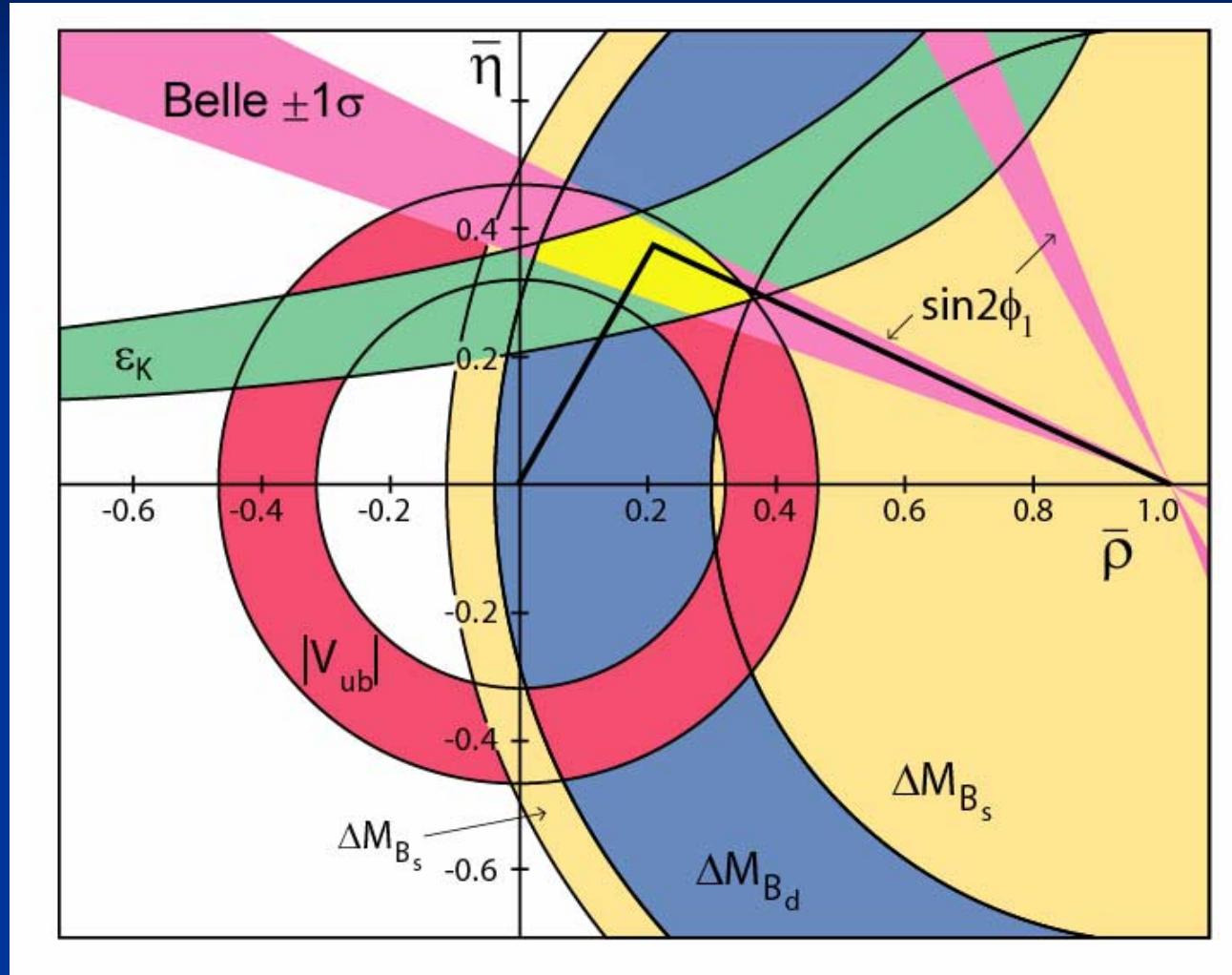
## Changes from the previous results

- ▶ More data !! ( $41.8 \text{ fb}^{-1} \rightarrow 78 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )  
All data have been reprocessed with consistent analysis code.
- ▶ Better understanding of the detector.
  - ➔ Better tracking quality.
  - ➔ Better SVD alignment.

$\sin 2\phi_1$  with the first  $41.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  data sample:  $0.78 \pm 0.10$

$\longleftrightarrow 0.82 \pm 0.12$  (Feb. 02)

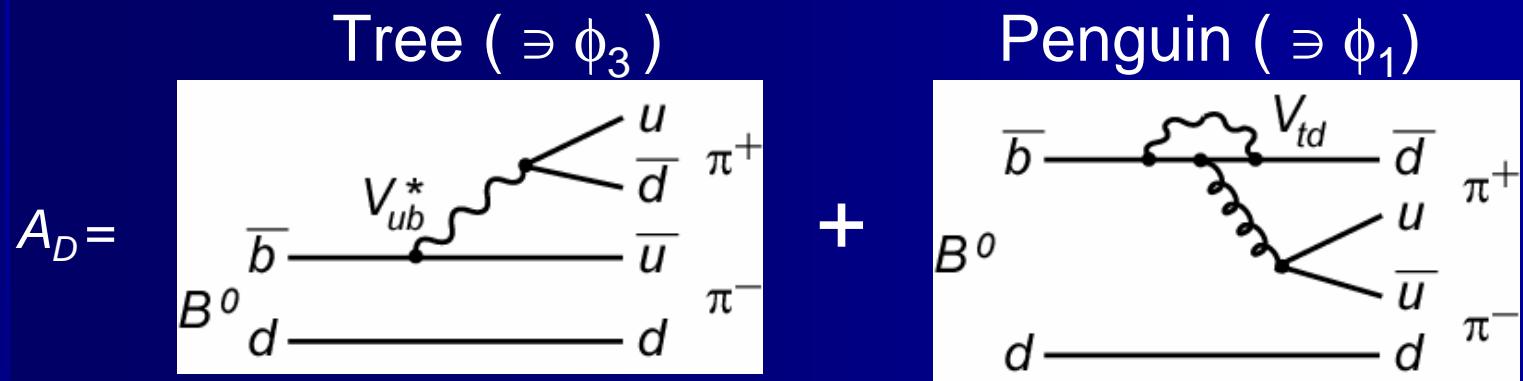
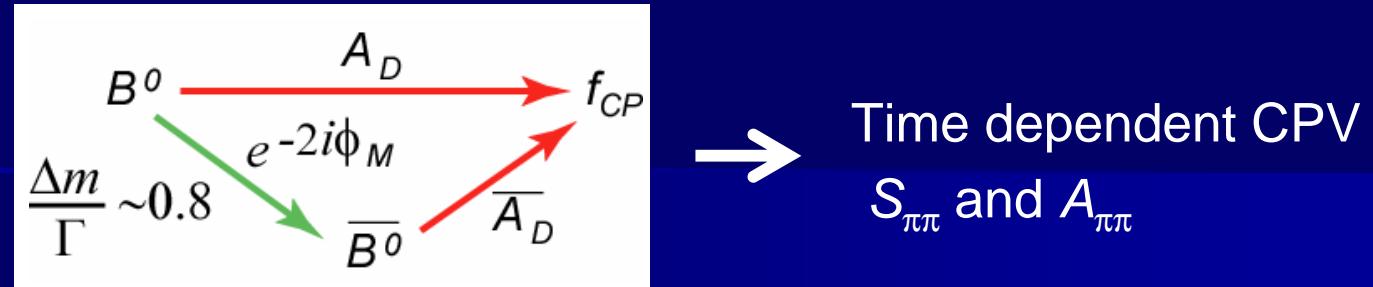
## $\rho$ - $\eta$ plane



$\sin 2\phi_1$   
 $=0.719 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.035$   
Belle July, 2002

PDG2002  
(<http://pdg.lbl.gov/2002/kmmixrpp>)  
+ New Belle result

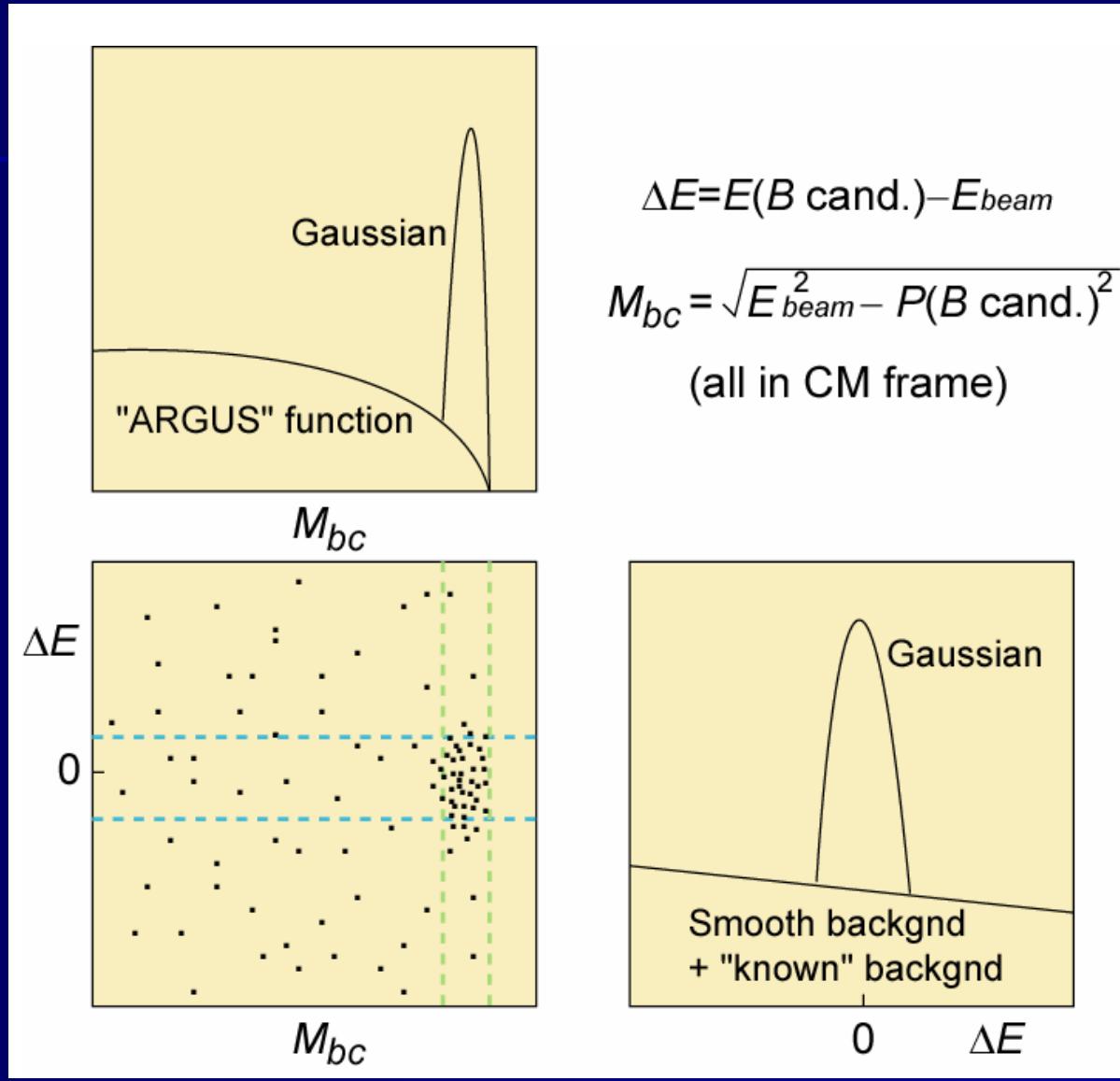
# CPV in $b \rightarrow u\bar{u}d$



$\rightarrow$

$S_{\pi\pi} \neq \sin 2\phi_2$   
 $A_{\pi\pi} \neq 0$   
i.e.  $|\lambda_{\pi\pi}| \neq 1$   
i.e.  $\Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) \neq \Gamma(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$

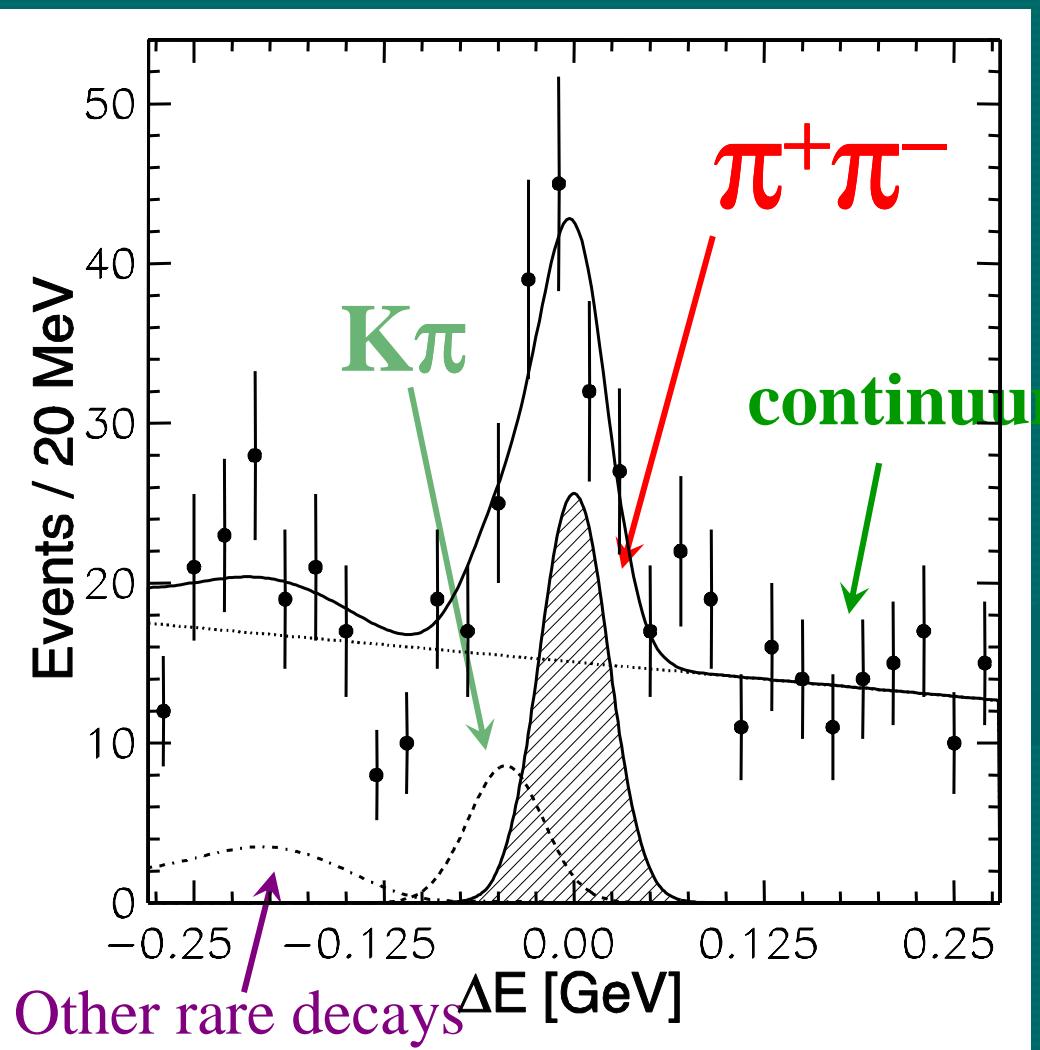
# B reconstruction method



# $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ reconstruction

$\Delta E$  distr. after  $M_{bc}$  cut

$$\int L dt = 41.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$



Signal region:

$$5.271 < M_{bc} < 5.287 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

$$|\Delta E| < 0.067 \text{ GeV}$$

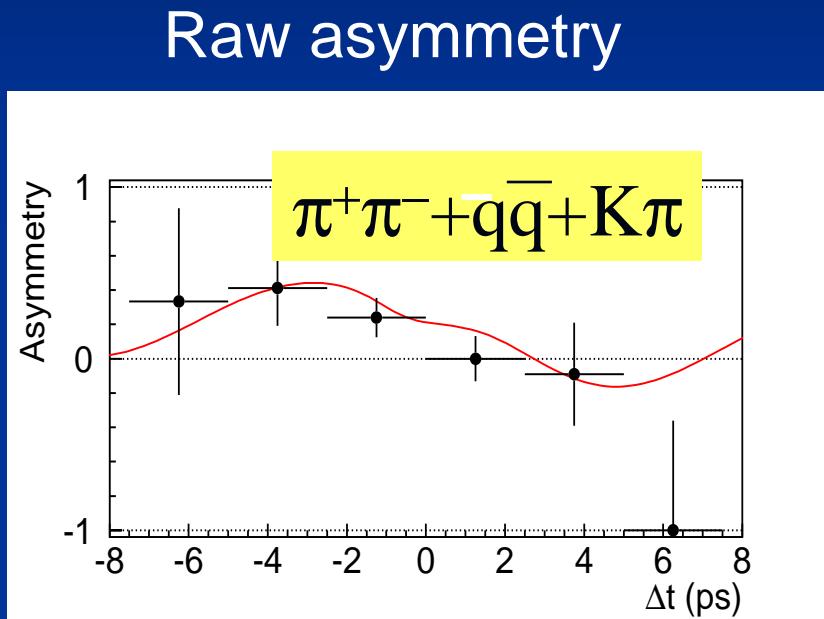
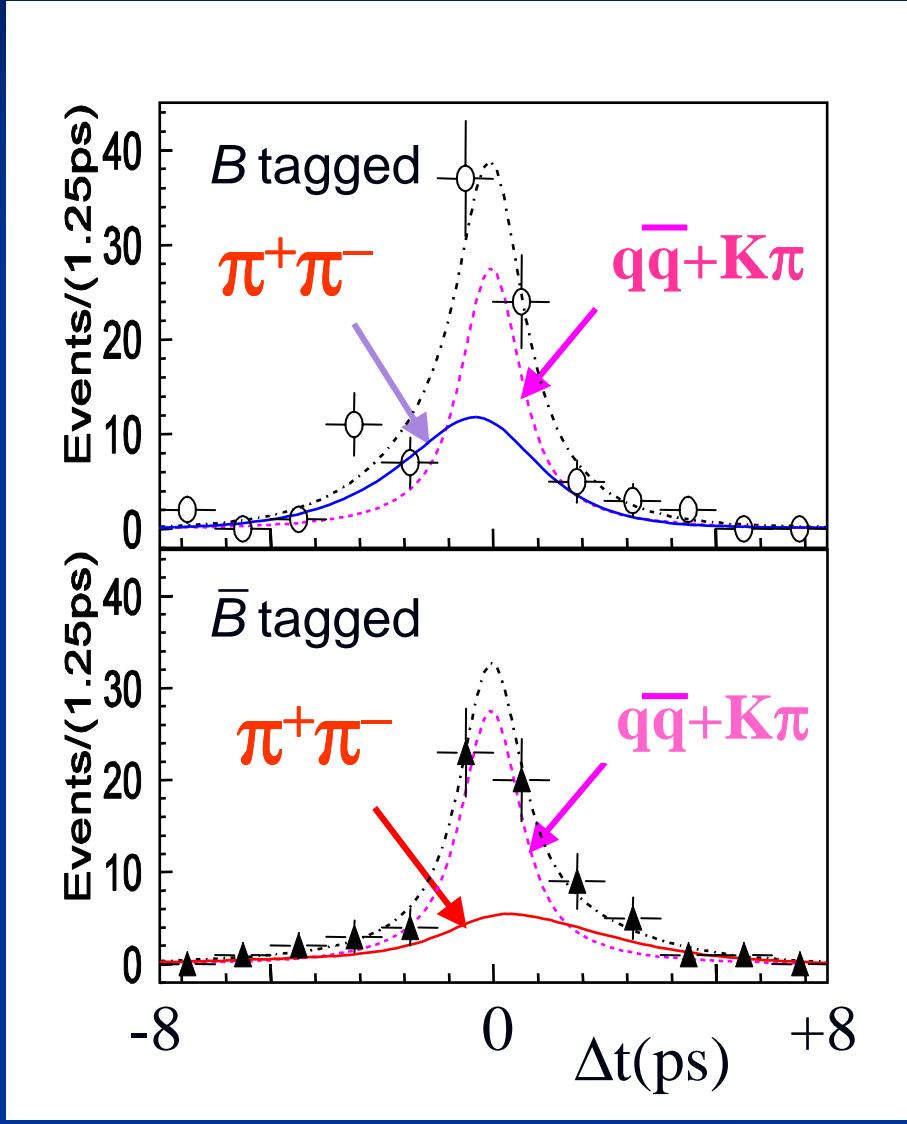
$$N(\pi^+ \pi^-) = 73.5 \pm 13.8 \text{ events}$$

$$N(K^+ \pi^-) = 28.4 \pm 12.5 \text{ events}$$

Talk given by K.Suzuki at CP-4  
and BELLE-CONF-0219 (ABS707)  
for detail of the event selection.

# $\Delta t$ distribution in $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$

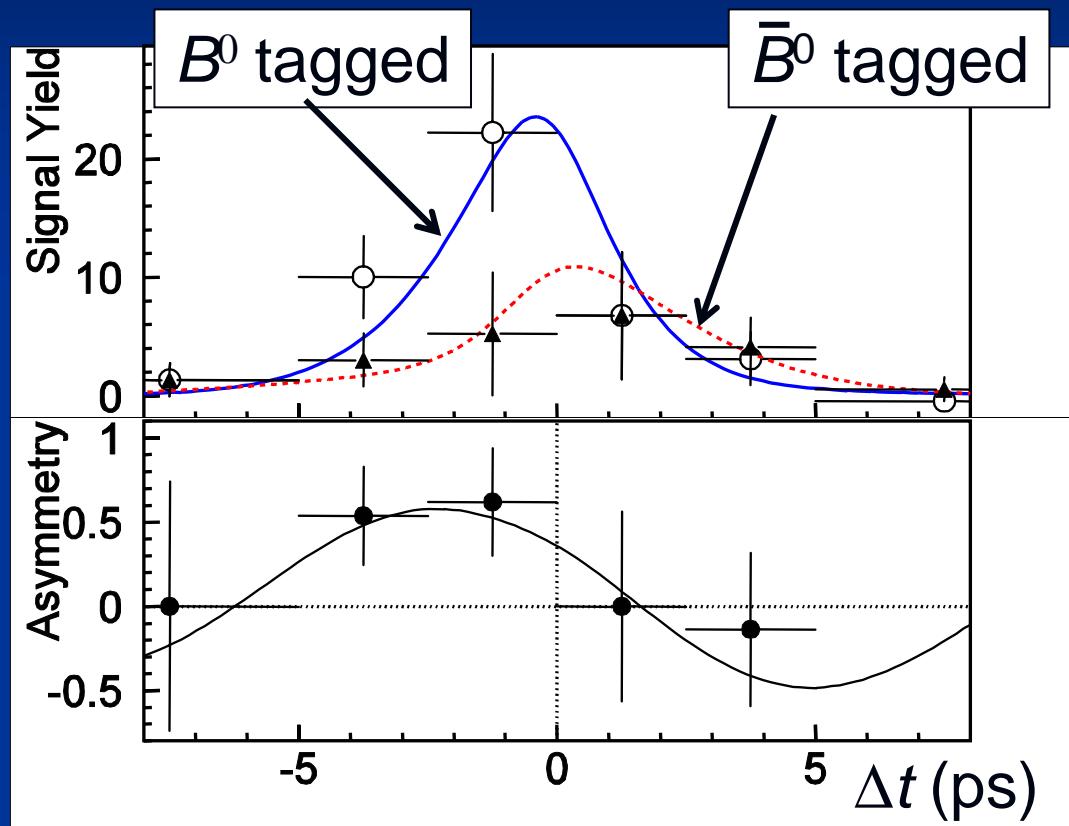
$\int L dt = 41.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



# $S_{\pi\pi}$ and $A_{\pi\pi}$

$\int L dt = 41.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

hep-ex/0204002



$$S_{\pi\pi} = -1.21^{+0.38 +0.16}_{-0.27 -0.13}$$

$$A_{\pi\pi} = +0.94^{+0.25}_{-0.31} \pm 0.09$$

$A_{\pi\pi} \neq 0$  indicates Direct CPV

i.e.,  $\Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) \neq \Gamma(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$

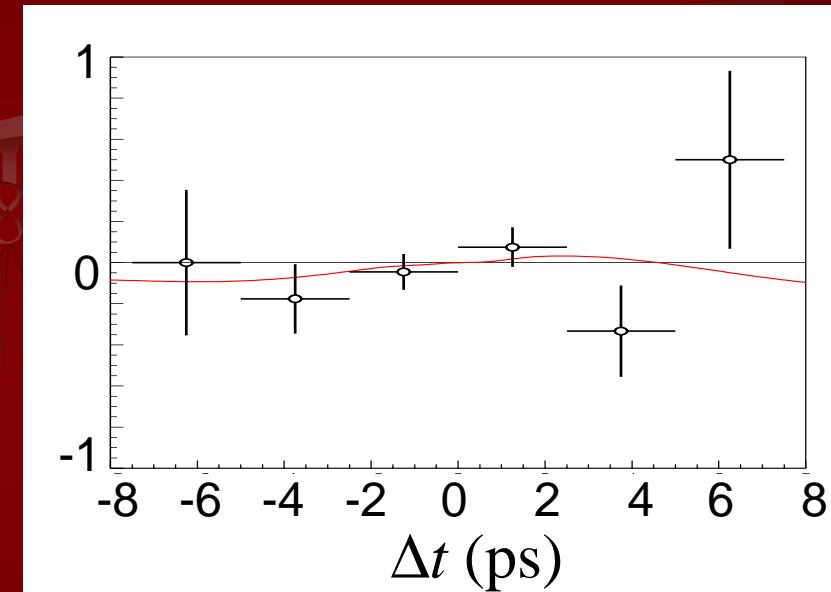
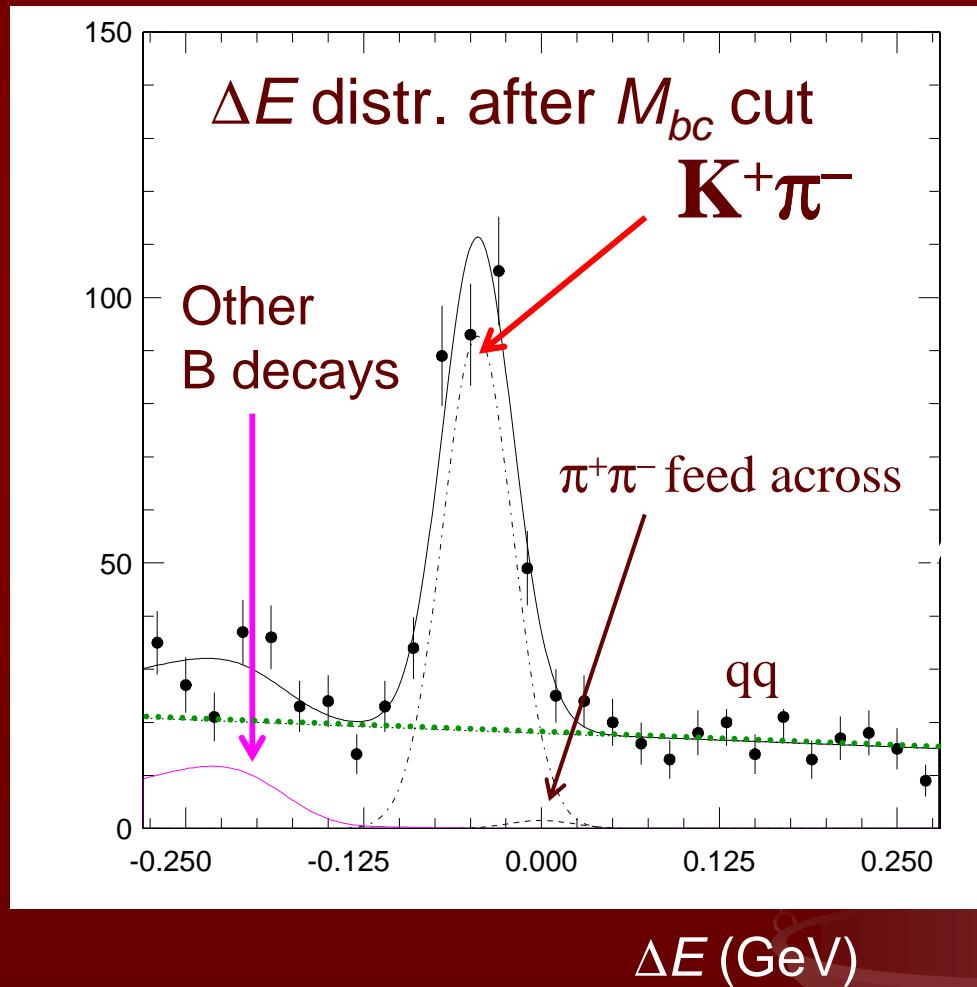
$A_{\pi\pi} > 0$  with 99.6%CL.  
 $S_{\pi\pi} < 0$  with 99.6%CL.

# Test with $B^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$

$\int L dt = 41.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Observed asymmetry

$N(K^+\pi^-) = 289.5 \pm 21.5$  events

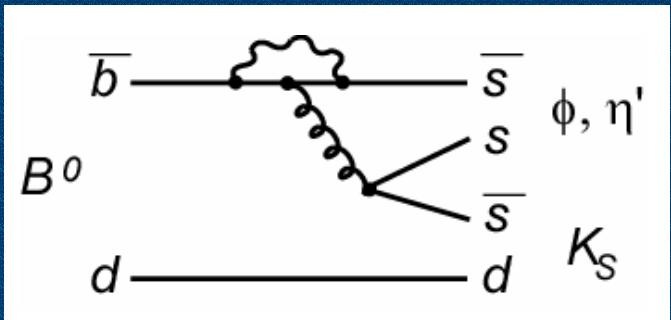


Consistent with null asymmetry

" $S_{K\pi}$ " =  $0.15 \pm 0.24$

" $A_{K\pi}$ " =  $0.07 \pm 0.17$

## CPV in $b \rightarrow s\bar{s}$

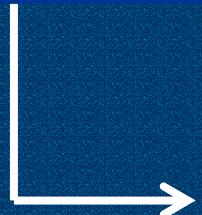


In the Standard Model,

$$S_{sss} = \sin 2\phi_1 \quad (b \rightarrow \bar{c}\bar{c}s)$$

$$A_{sss} = \sim 0$$

$B(B^0 \rightarrow \eta' K^0) = 5.8 \times 10^{-5}$  : anomalously large



New physics contribution ??  
Measure its phase.



Talks given by T.Aushev  
at CP-3 and by K.F.Chen  
at HQ-4.

# $B^0 \rightarrow \eta' K_S, \phi K_S$ and $K^+ K^- K_S$

$\int L dt = 78 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$\hookrightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$

$B^0 \rightarrow \eta' K_S$

$\hookleftarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \eta, \rho \gamma$   
 $\hookleftarrow \gamma \gamma$

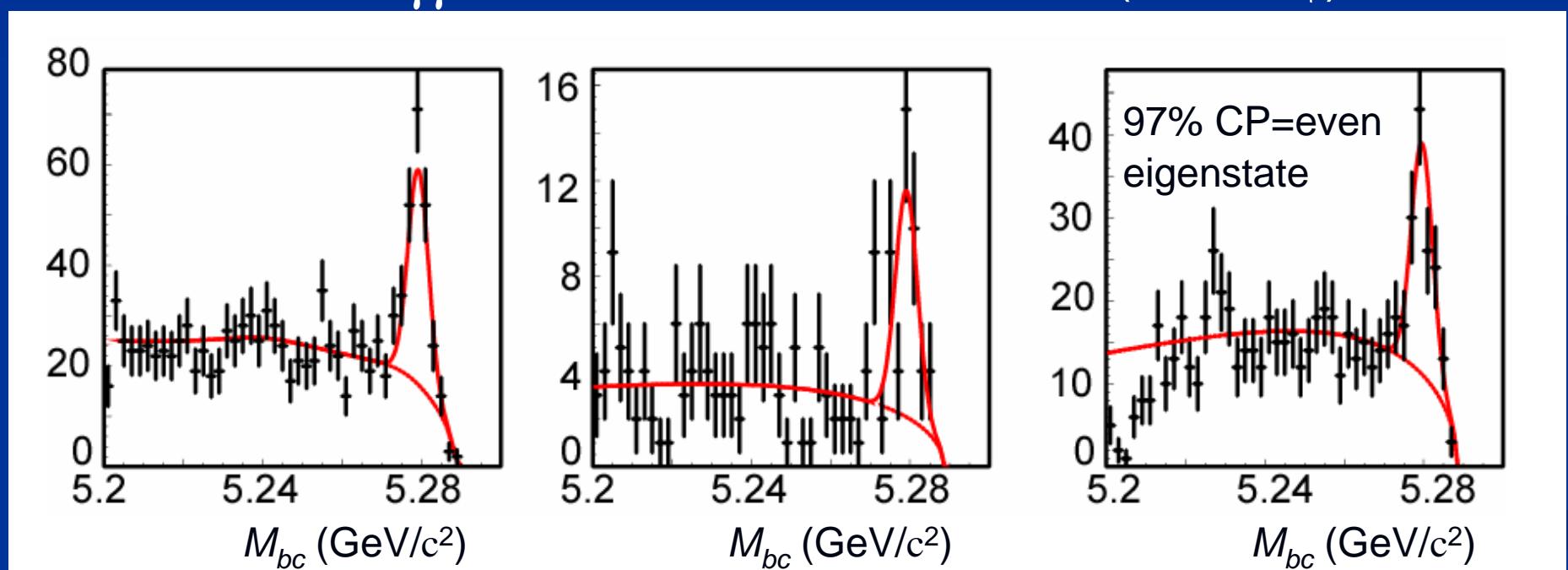
$\hookrightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$

$B^0 \rightarrow \phi K_S$

$\hookleftarrow K^+ K^-$

$\hookrightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$

$B^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^- K_S$   
( $K^+ K^- \neq \phi$ )



$N(\eta' K_S) = 147.9 \pm 14.6$

$N(\phi K_S) = 35.4 \pm 2.9$

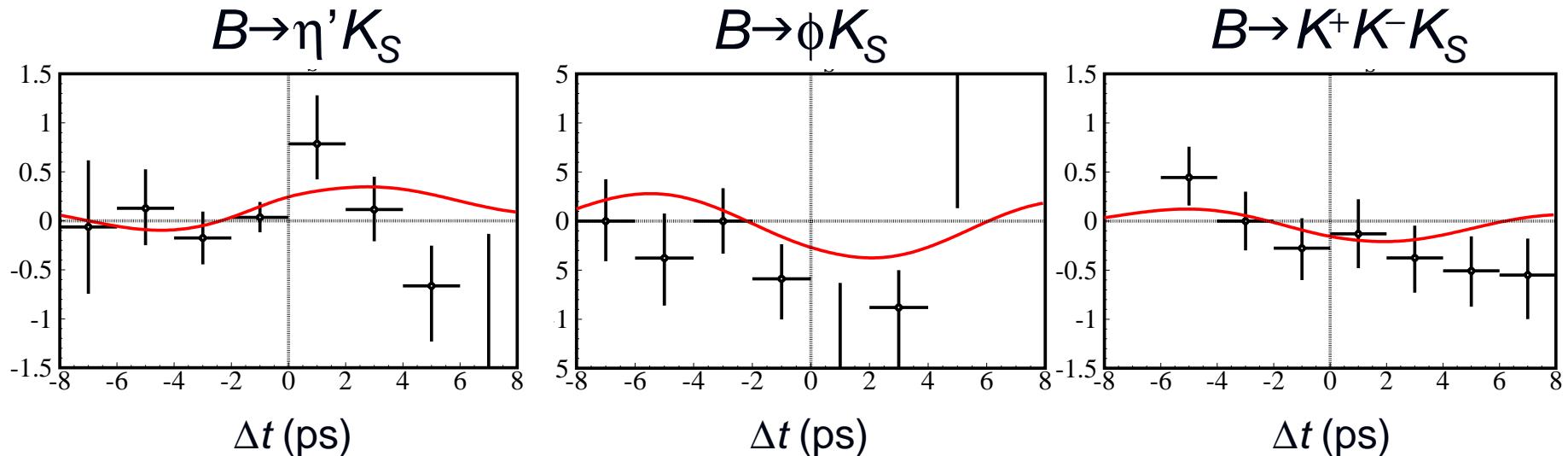
$N(K^+ K^- K_S) = 94.3 \pm 7.3$

Talk given by P.Chang at HQ-3  
BELLE-CONF-0225 (ABS713)

# CPV in $b \rightarrow s\bar{s}s$

$\int L dt = 78 \text{ fb}^{-1}$   
Preliminary

Raw asymmetries



$$-S_{\eta'K} = +0.76 \pm 0.36^{+0.05}_{-0.06}$$

$$A_{\eta'K} = +0.26 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.03$$

$$S_{\phi K} = -0.73 \pm 0.64 \pm 0.18$$

$$A_{\phi K} = -0.56 \pm 0.41 \pm 0.12$$

$$-S_{KKK} = +0.52 \pm 0.46 \pm 0.11$$

$$A_{KKK} = -0.42 \pm 0.36 \pm 0.09$$

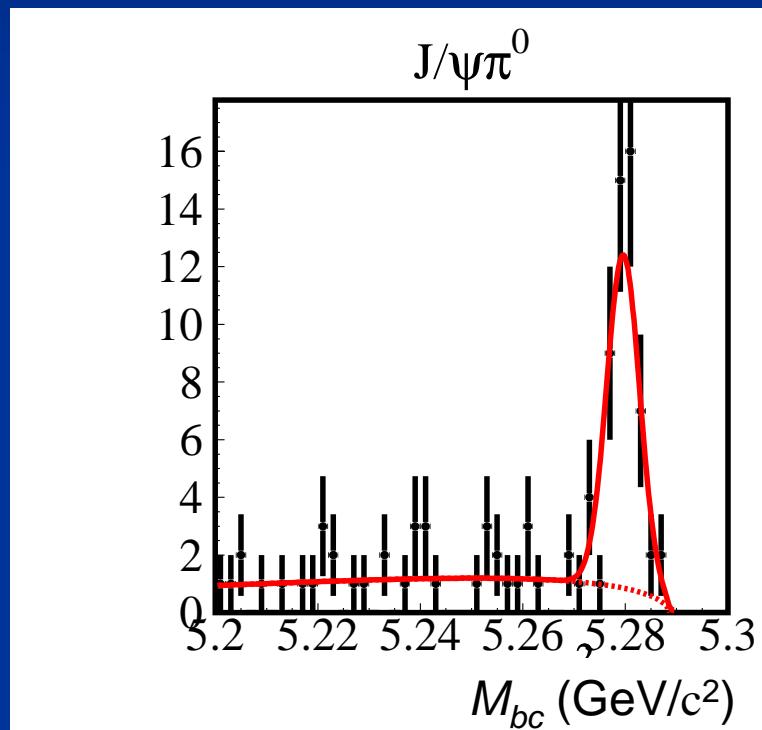
$(-)S \leftrightarrow \sin 2\phi_1$  in  $b \rightarrow c\bar{c}s$   
 $(=0.719 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.035)$

Uncertainty in CP ± fractions  
 $w = (3^{+16}_{-3})\%$

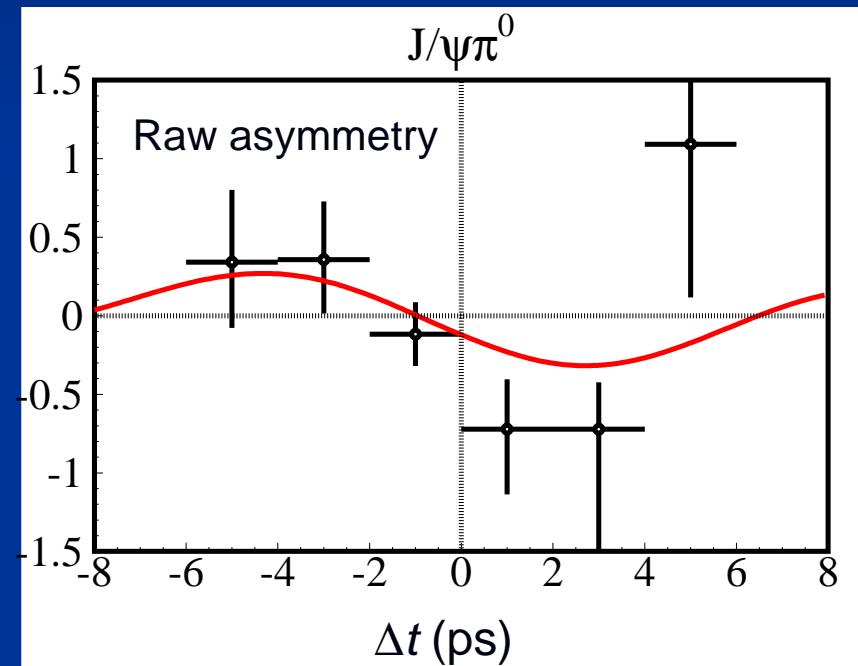
# CPV in $B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^0$

$\int L dt = 78 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$J/\psi\pi^0$  is a CP-even eigenstate including  $b \rightarrow c\bar{c}d$  transition.



$$N(J/\psi\pi^0) = 49.1 \pm 1.3$$

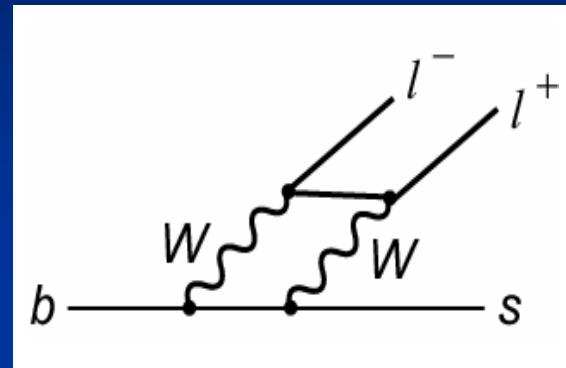
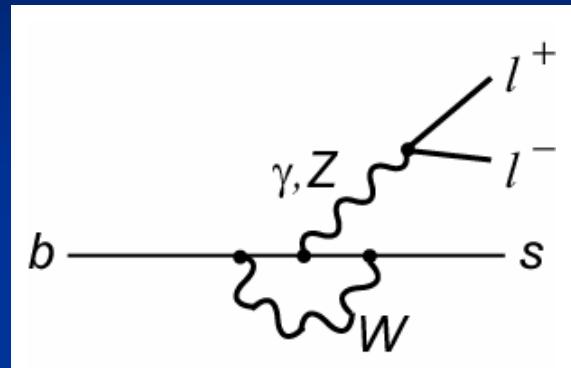


$$-S_{J/\psi\pi} = +0.93 \pm 0.49 \pm 0.08$$

$$A_{J/\psi\pi} = -0.25 \pm 0.39 \pm 0.06$$

Preliminary

# Measurement of $B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$



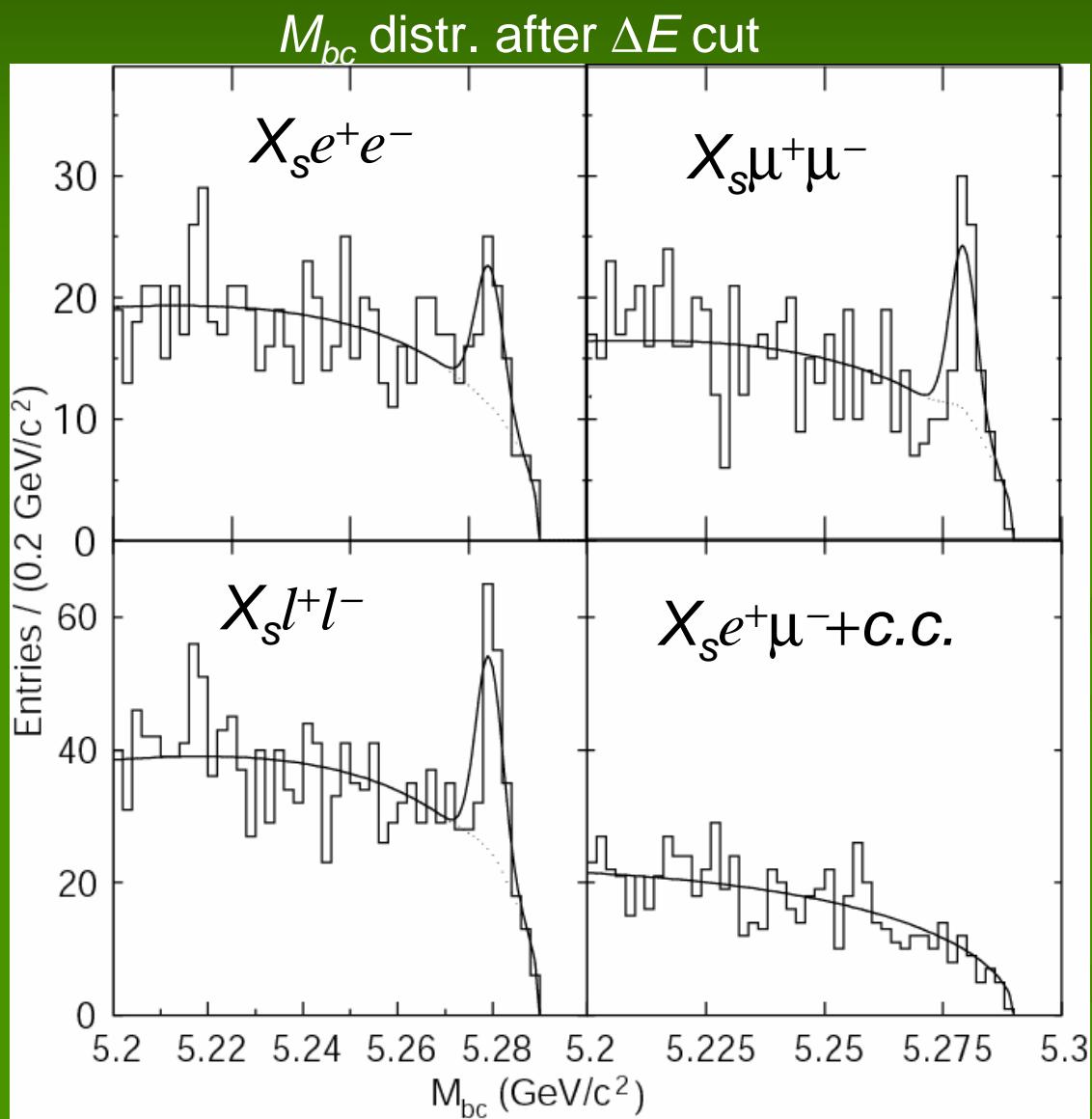
- ▶ FCNC process  $b \rightarrow sll$  was first measured in  $B \rightarrow K ll$  by Belle. (PRL 88, 021801 (2002))
- ▶ Inclusive  $b \rightarrow sll$  meas. will be a model independent probe for new physics.

Inclusive measurement by “pseudo-reconstruction” of  $B \rightarrow X_s ll$ .

$X_s : K^\pm$  or  $K_S$  with 0~4  $\pi$ 's (0 or 1  $\pi^0$ )

covers ~78% of  $b \rightarrow sll$ .

# $B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-$ reconstruction



$$\int L dt = 60 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

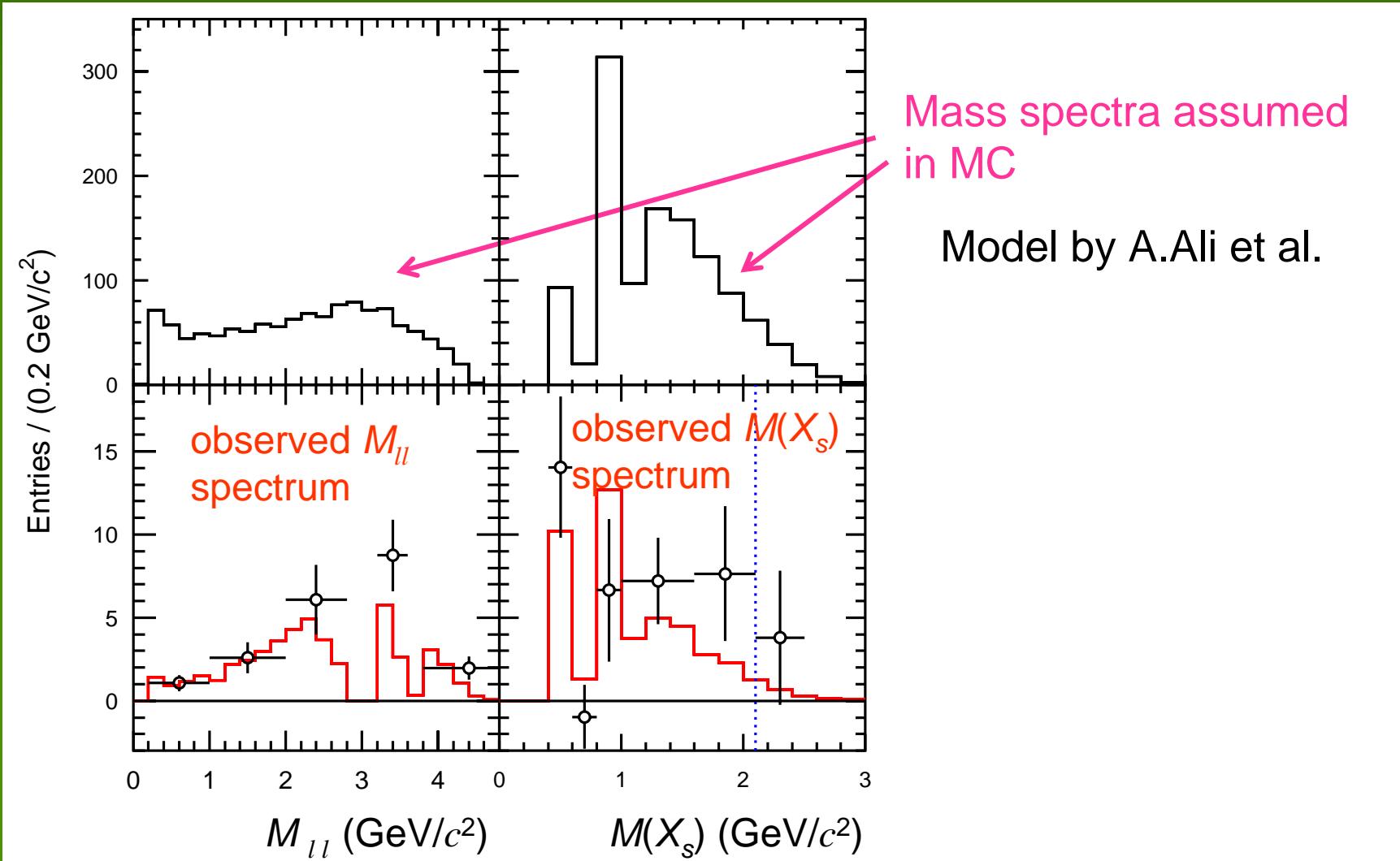
$B \rightarrow J/\psi(\rightarrow l^+ l^-) X_s$ ,  $\psi'(\rightarrow l^+ l^-) X_s$  are removed by  $m_{ll}$  veto.

Contamination of  $B \rightarrow X_s \pi^+ \pi^-$  (4.5 and 0.2 events in  $X_s \mu \mu$  and  $X_s ee$ , respectively) are subtracted.

Preliminary

$$\begin{aligned} B(B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-) \\ = (6.1 \pm 1.4^{+1.3}_{-1.1}) \times 10^{-6} \\ \text{for } M_{ll} > 0.2 \text{ GeV}/c^2 \end{aligned}$$

# $M_{ll}$ and $M(X_s)$ distributions



# Summary

- Belle has accumulated  $89.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  data ( $78 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  on  $\Upsilon(4S)$ ,  $85 \text{ M } B\bar{B}$  pairs) at KEKB asymmetric  $B$  factory.
- The CPV parameters are measured by the time dependent analyses of them:

$$S_{ccs} = \sin 2\phi_1 = 0.719 \pm 0.074 \pm 0.025, |\lambda_{ccs}| = 0.950 \pm 0.046 \pm 0.026$$

$$S_{\pi\pi} = -1.21^{+0.38}_{-0.27} {}^{+0.16}_{-0.13}, A_{\pi\pi} = 0.94^{+0.25}_{-0.31} \pm 0.09 \quad (41.8 \text{ fb}^{-1}).$$

- Time dependent CPV in  $b \rightarrow s\bar{s}s$  and  $b \rightarrow c\bar{c}d$  are measured.
- Inclusive  $b \rightarrow sl^+l^-$  is measured by pseudo-reconstruction:

$$\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow X_s l^+ l^-) = (6.1 \pm 1.4^{+1.3}_{-1.1}) \times 10^{-6}$$