

# Colour Reconnection Effects in WW Production at LEP

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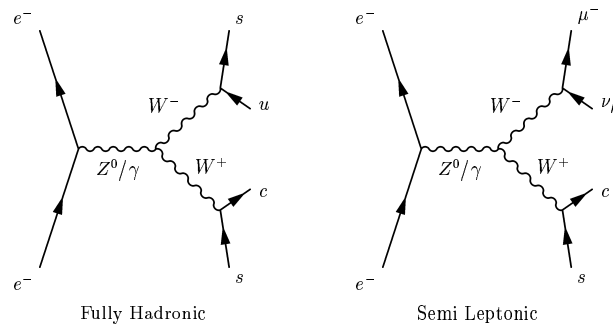
Abstracts: 226, 341, 343, 385, 390 and 460

## WW at LEP II

Produced in  $e^+e^-$  collisions  $\sqrt{s} > 161$  GeV

ALEPH, DELPHI, L3 and OPAL (ADLO) each collected  $\sim 10,000$  WW pairs

from 161 GeV to 209 GeV



$$\Gamma(WW \rightarrow q\bar{q}q\bar{q}) \sim 46\%$$

$$\Gamma(WW \rightarrow q\bar{\ell}\nu q) \sim 44\%$$

$$\Gamma(WW \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu) \sim 10\%$$

W lifetime  $\sim 0.1$  fm/c

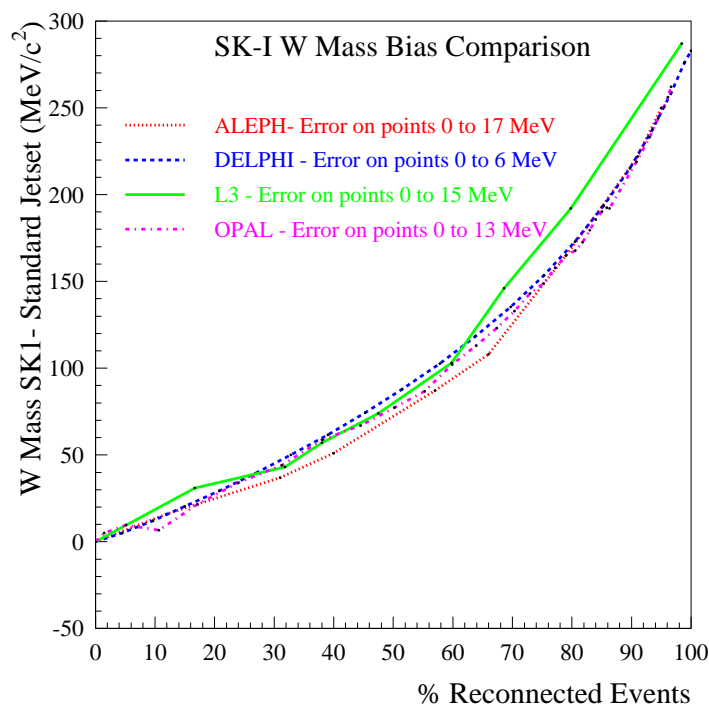
QCD hadronisation scale  $\sim 1$  fm

$\Rightarrow$  may not hadronise independently

$\Rightarrow$  colour reconnection (rearrangement)

## Colour Reconnection

- Might affect multiplicity and particle kinematics.
- Might affect the  $W$  mass reconstruction.



Can occur in the:

- Perturbative phase: small effects

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- Non-perturbative phase:
  - Various models exist...

## Models for Colour Reconnection

- JETSET CR SK I, II and II'

Cannot be tuned at the  $Z^0$

- SKI  $\rightarrow$  flux tubes,  $P_{reco} = 1 - e^{-\kappa I V_{overlap}}$
- SKII and SKII'  $\rightarrow$  vortex lines  
reconnection if strings cross
- CR minimises string length (reduces multiplicity)

- JETSET CR GAL

- $P_{reco} = R_0(1 - e^{-b\Delta A})$

$\Delta A$  - area difference between the two configurations (in energy-momentum coordinates),  $R_0 \sim 1/N_C^2 \sim 0.1$

- Reduction in multiplicity

- ARIADNE CR

- Gluons  $E < 2$  GeV reconnect the W's (AR2)
- Reduction in multiplicity

- HERWIG CR

- CR occurs if cluster *size* can be reduced
- Cluster *mass* determines multiplicity - increase

## WW Multiplicity - ALEPH update

Measure the charged particle multiplicities in fully hadronic ( $4q$ ) and semi-leptonic ( $2q$ ) events in data and compare  $4q - 2(2q)$

Experiment	$\sqrt{s}$ GeV	$4q - 2(2q)$
<b>ALEPH*</b>	189-207	$0.31 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.10$
<b>DELPHI</b>	183-189	$-0.26 \pm 0.60 \pm 0.38$
<b>L3</b>	183-189	$-0.29 \pm 0.26 \pm 0.30$
<b>OPAL</b>	183-202	$0.07 \pm 0.39 \pm 0.37$

\*Not corrected for event selection and  $P_T$  cut of 200 MeV

Account for selection biases by taking the double difference

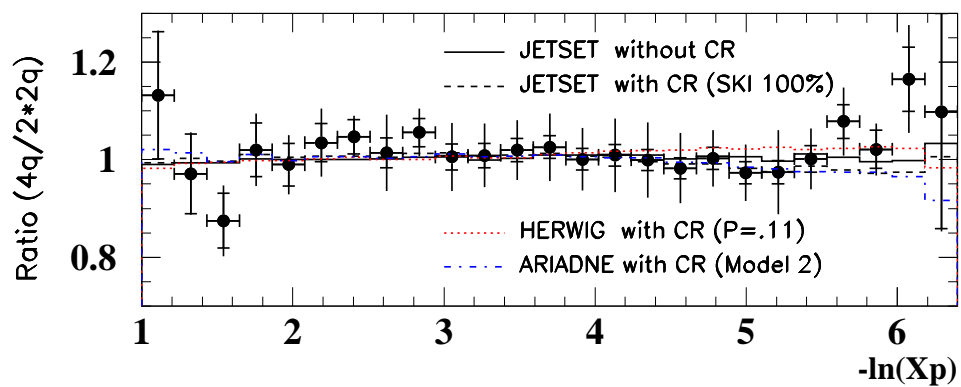
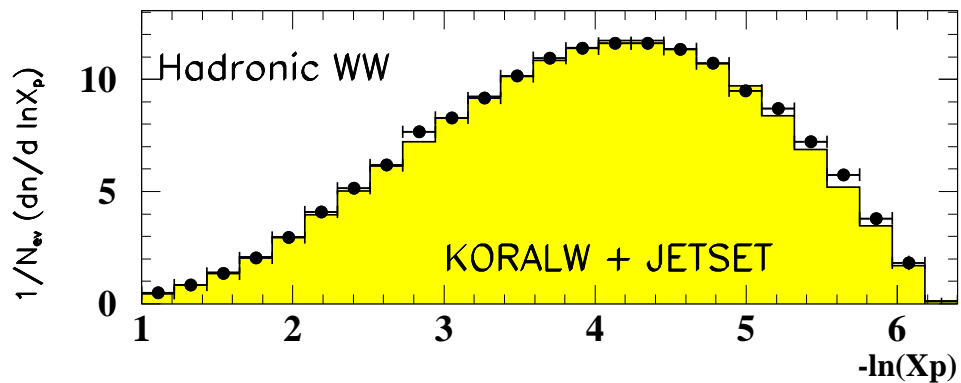
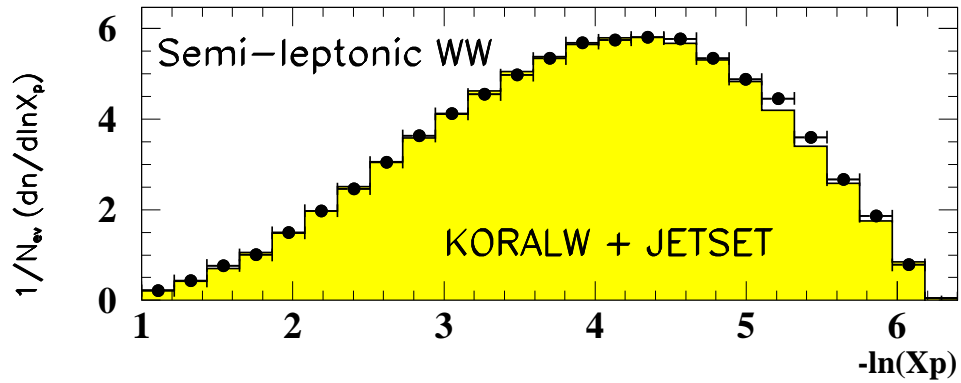
$$\Delta_{cr} = [4q - 2(2q)]_{data} - [4q - 2(2q)]_{mc}$$

ALEPH Preliminary

Monte Carlo	$[4q-2(2q)]_{mc}$	$\Delta_{cr}$	significance
JETSET	$0.17 \pm 0.03$	$0.14 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.1$	$0.6\sigma$
HERWIG	$0.17 \pm 0.03$	$0.14 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.1$	$0.6\sigma$
ARIADNE	$0.21 \pm 0.03$	$0.10 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.1$	$0.4\sigma$
JETSET+SKI	$-0.04 \pm 0.03$	$0.35 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.1$	$1.4\sigma$
JETSET+SKII	$0.11 \pm 0.03$	$0.20 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.1$	$0.8\sigma$
JETSET+SKII'	$0.07 \pm 0.03$	$0.24 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.1$	$1.0\sigma$
HERWIG+CR	$0.46 \pm 0.03$	$-0.15 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.1$	$-0.6\sigma$
ARIADNE+AR2	$-0.05 \pm 0.03$	$0.36 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.1$	$1.4\sigma$
JETSET+GAL	$0.19 \pm 0.03$	$0.12 \pm 0.23 \pm 0.1$	$0.5\sigma$

# Fragmentation Functions

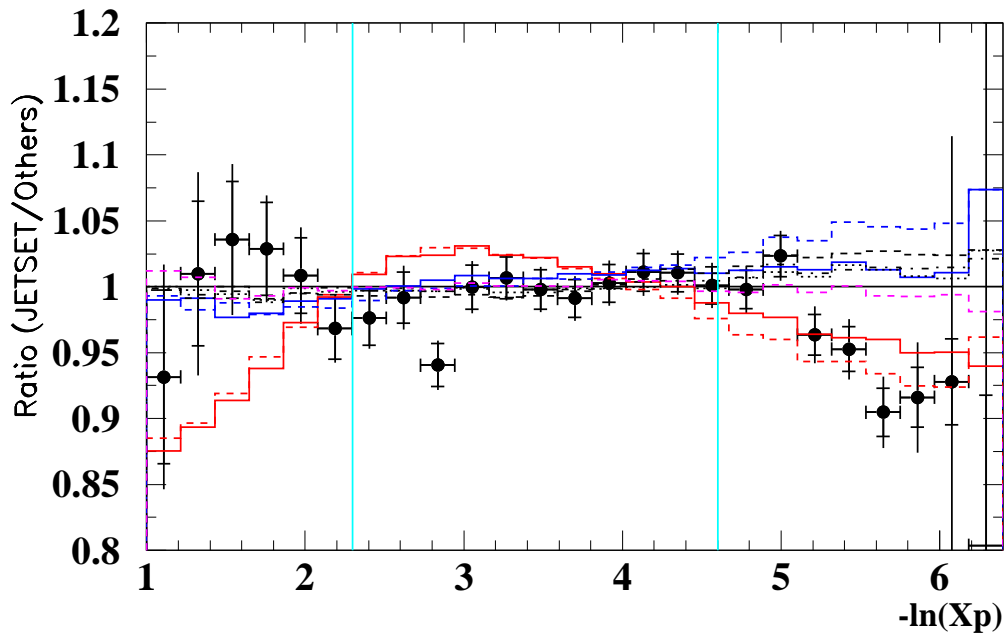
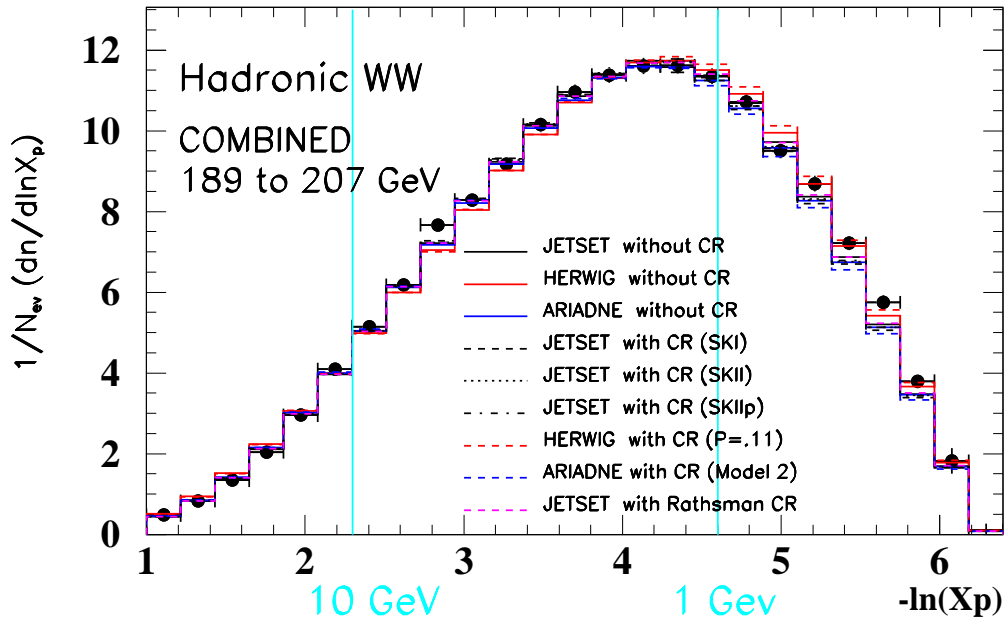
Combined 189-207 GeV



$$X_p = \frac{2p}{\sqrt{s}} = \frac{p}{E_{beam}}$$

# Fragmentation Functions

ALEPH Preliminary

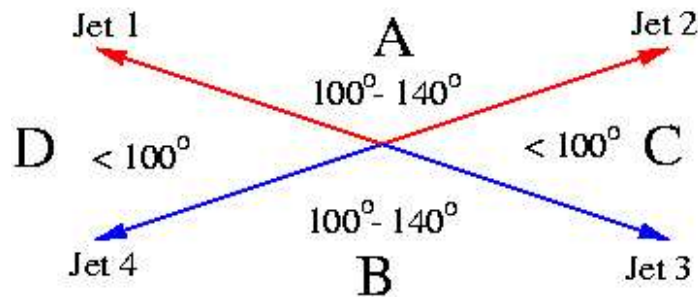




## The particle flow method

Compare the particle flow in the regions between jets from the same  $W$  (A & B) and between jets from different  $W$ 's (C & D)

- Topological selection



used by L3, DELPHI, ALEPH (as a cross-check)

event selection efficiency 14%

correct pairing 90%

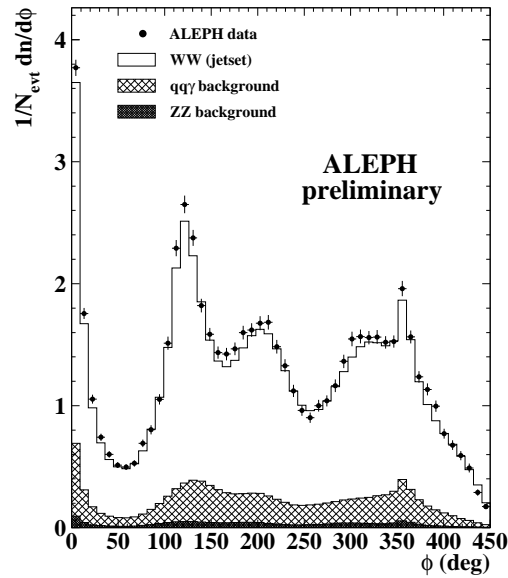
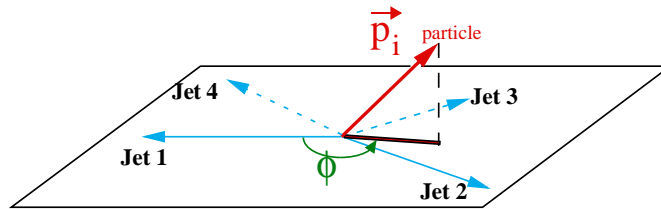
- $W$  mass analysis selection:

used by ALEPH, OPAL

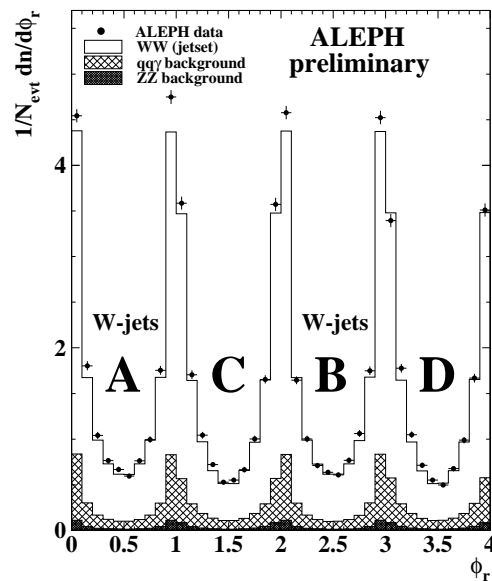
event selection efficiency 85% (A) 40% (O);

correct pairing 75% (A) 90% (O);

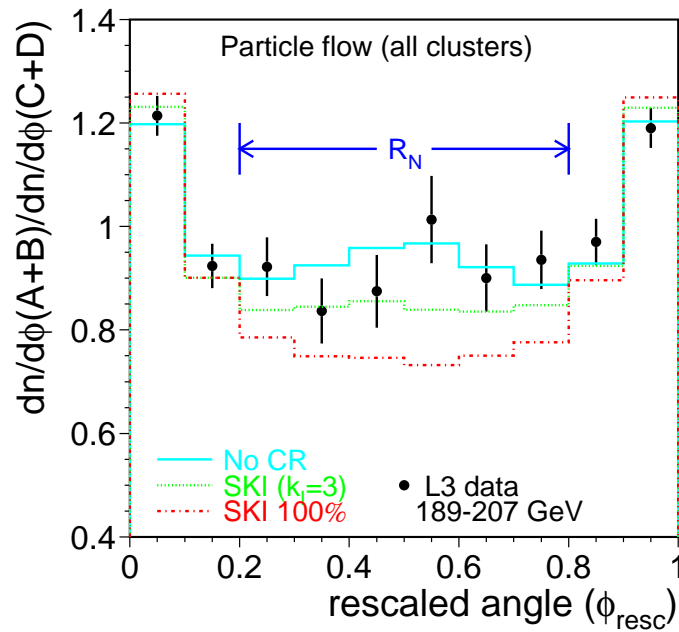
Project each particle onto a plane:  $\phi < \phi_{j j+1}$



Rescale the distribution  $\phi^r = \phi / \phi_{j j+1}$ :

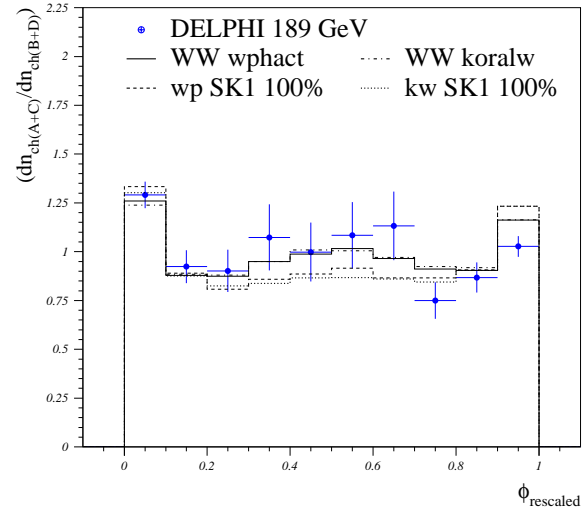
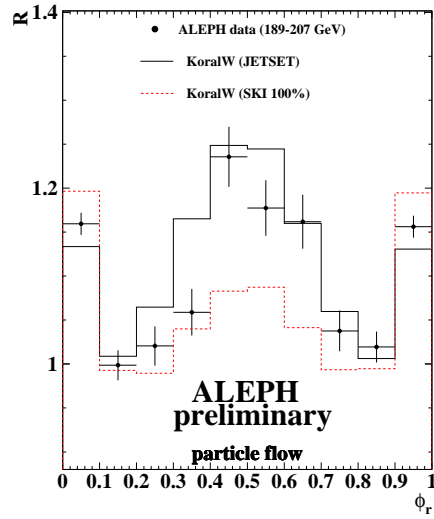


Take the ratio  $R = \frac{A+B}{C+D}$

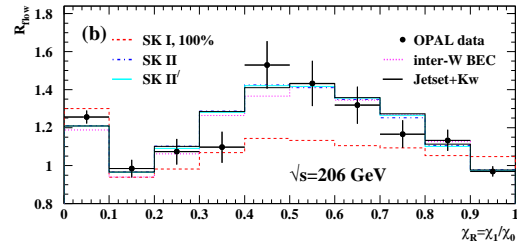
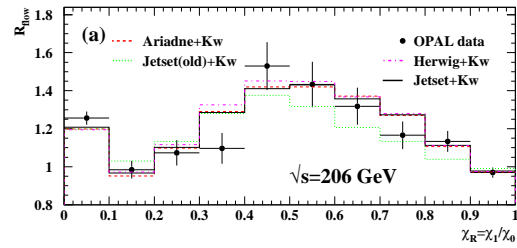


Integrate the most sensitive region, then take the ratio to form

$$R_n(0.2 - 0.8) = \frac{\int_{0.2}^{0.8} \left( \frac{dn_A}{d\phi^r} + \frac{dn_B}{d\phi^r} \right) d\phi^r}{\int_{0.2}^{0.8} \left( \frac{dn_C}{d\phi^r} + \frac{dn_D}{d\phi^r} \right) d\phi^r}$$



OPAL Preliminary



$$\text{Statistical sensitivity} = \frac{|R_n(\text{model noCR}) - R_n(\text{model CR})|}{(\sigma_{R_n})_{stat}}$$

$(\sigma_{R_n})_{stat}$ : statistical error on the full data sample (189 - 208 GeV)

Experiment	JETSET (SKI 100%)	HERWIG (11%)	ARIADNE (50%)
ALEPH	5.9	1.0	0.9
DELPHI	3.2	0.1	0.1
L3	5.0	0.0	0.2
OPAL	6.3	1.2	0.4

## Systematic Uncertainties

- Inter-W Bose-Einstein correlations
- Background shape and cross-section

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0/\gamma \rightarrow q\bar{q}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z^0Z^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}q\bar{q}$$

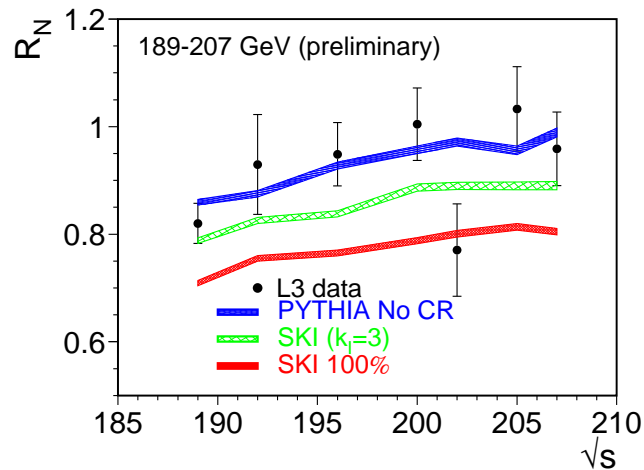
- Detector effects (different for each experiment)
- Finite MC statistics
- Fragmentation

→ assign an error assuming the two processes factorise

→ compare data to overall “fragmentation + CR” in a model

For LEP combination: systematic uncertainties separated into correlated and uncorrelated between the experiments

Determine energy dependence from unreconnected JETSET MC samples and rescale to a single centre-of-mass energy



Statistically weighted average is formed

$$R_n(\text{data}) \pm \sigma(\text{stat}) \pm \sigma(\text{syst}) \pm \sigma(\text{extrapol.})$$

at 189 GeV

Experiment	$R_n$ (data)
ALEPH	$1.095 \pm 0.014 \pm 0.006 \pm 0.006$
DELPHI	$0.900 \pm 0.031 \pm 0.015 \pm 0.012$
L3	$0.844 \pm 0.022 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.002$
OPAL	$1.257 \pm 0.025 \pm 0.020 \pm 0.003$

Now compare Data with Monte Carlo:

### Data - Model

Experiment	JETSET	SKI(100%)	HWG	HWG CR	ARIADNE	AR2
ALEPH	$-2.44\sigma$	$2.87\sigma$	$-4.33\sigma$	$-3.17\sigma$	$-3.54\sigma$	$-2.26\sigma$
DELPHI	$-1.20\sigma$	$1.47\sigma$	$-1.83\sigma$	$-1.77\sigma$	$-1.44\sigma$	$-1.50\sigma$
L3	$-0.59\sigma$	$3.13\sigma$	$-1.24\sigma$	$-1.20\sigma$	$-1.01\sigma$	$-0.85\sigma$
OPAL	$-1.21\sigma$	$3.65\sigma$	$-1.95\sigma$	$-1.39\sigma$	$-1.52\sigma$	$-0.99\sigma$

$\sigma$  - total error, includes  $\sigma(stat)$ ,  $\sigma(syst)$ ,  $\sigma(extrapol.)$  and error from limited MC statistics



Compare data with other models:

Experiment	Data - SKII	Data - SKII'	Data - GAL*
ALEPH (Mass)	$-2.01\sigma$	$-2.32\sigma$	$-1.65\sigma$
L3	$-0.16\sigma$	-	-
OPAL	$-1.05\sigma$	$-1.18\sigma$	-

\* reconnection parameter  $R_0 = 0.004$ , from a global fit to the  $Z^0$  data

## LEP Combination procedure

- Use common files, generated with KORALW at 188.6 GeV and hadronised with JETSET, HERWIG, ARIADNE
- Form the ratio  $r = \frac{R_n^{data}}{R_n^{m,noCR}}$  for each experiment and for each model  $m$
- For each model combine the  $r$  values of the four experiments for that model with weights

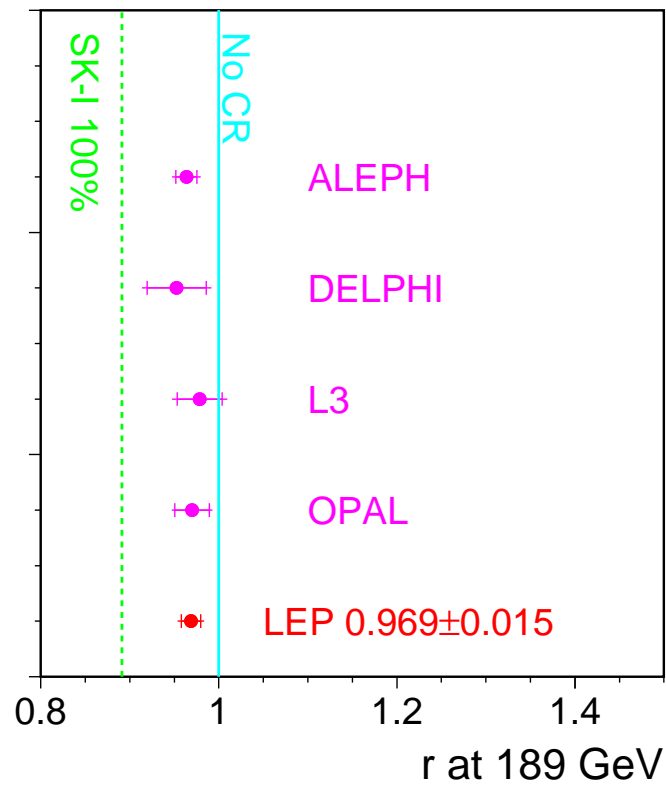
$$w^m = \frac{(R_n^{m,CR} - R_n^{m,noCR})^2}{\sigma^2(stat.) + \sigma^2(syst.)}$$

## Combined results

- SKI 100% (JETSET)

$$r^{ADLO} = 0.969 \pm 0.011(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.009(\text{syst.correl.}) \pm 0.006(\text{syst.uncorrel.})$$

$$r^{ADLO}(\text{SKI}) = 0.891$$



Model	Data - MC CR	Data - MC noCR
JETSET SKI	$+5.2\sigma$	$-2.0\sigma$

- AR2 (ARIADNE)

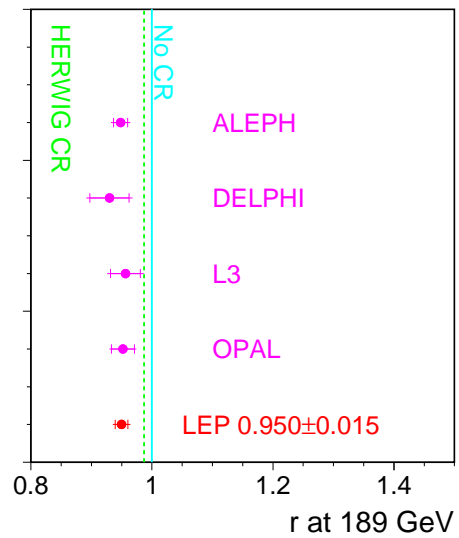
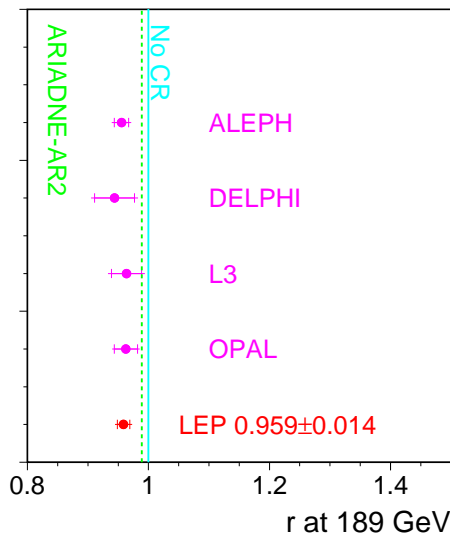
$$r^{ADLO} = 0.959 \pm 0.010(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.009(\text{syst.correl.}) \pm 0.005(\text{syst.uncorrel.})$$

$$r^{ADLO}(\text{AR2}) = 0.989$$

- HERWIG CR (HERWIG)

$$r^{ADLO} = 0.950 \pm 0.011(\text{stat.}) \pm 0.009(\text{syst.correl.}) \pm 0.005(\text{syst.uncorrel.})$$

$$r^{ADLO}(\text{HERWIG CR}) = 0.987$$



Model	Data - MC CR	Data - MC noCR
ARIADNE	$-2.1\sigma$	$-2.9\sigma$
HERWIG	$-2.6\sigma$	$-3.3\sigma$